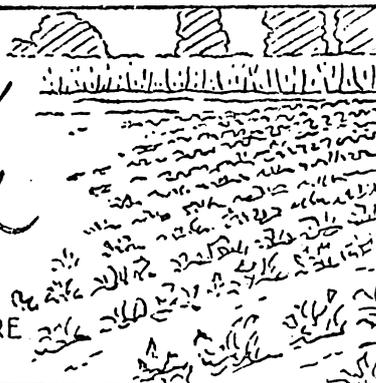


TC-52: 601

# Commercial Truck Crops

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE



Washington, D. C.

BAC

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## COMMERCIAL TRUCK CROPS FOR FRESH MARKET ACREAGE AND INDICATED PRODUCTION JUNE 1, 1952

Total production of all spring commercial truck crops for fresh market harvest is estimated at 2,169,300 tons, one percent less than last year, but 16 percent more than the 1941-50 average, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics reported today. This aggregate spring tonnage is slightly larger than indicated by May 1 conditions, the result largely of an improvement in the Florida watermelon crop during May. Prospects did not change appreciably for most other spring crops.

Harvest of the late spring lettuce crop in Washington State is well under way. While the South Jersey lettuce crop suffered a set back from too much rain and cool weather, marketing is now fairly heavy. Prospects are more favorable in the Central and North Jersey areas. Volume movement of late spring tomatoes from the east Texas area is not expected until the week of June 9. Heavy marketings of Georgia tomatoes are expected to continue until mid-June. Harvest of late spring onions was in progress in Northern Texas areas in latter May, but rains temporarily halted operations with some damage to the crop, particularly in the Ferris area.

The acreage of summer truck crops for fresh market harvest is expected to be up slightly from last year. The total acreage reported to date, covering crops that constituted 71 percent of last year's summer acreage, is one percent higher than last year but 5 percent less than the 1941-50 average. June 1 prospects for crops that accounted for nearly half of the total summer production last year, indicate a total production 2 percent less than last year but 5 percent more than the 10-year average.

The condition of the early summer watermelon crop on June 1 was favorable in all areas of Texas. In the Orange County area of New York, considerable acreage of summer lettuce was damaged by flooding on June 1. The California mid-summer cantaloup crop is about two weeks later than usual.

Total acreage reported to date for 1952 is 1 percent above 1951 but is 6 percent under the 10-year average. Aggregate production reported to date is 3 percent less than for comparable crops last year. Acreage reported to date covers crops that accounted for 78 percent of last year's total acreage while production reports cover crops that accounted for 60 percent of last year's total production.

ASPARAGUS: Production of the commercial crop in all spring areas, including both fresh market and processing supplies, is now placed at 11,029,000 crates, a slight decrease from the 11,042,000 crates cut in 1951. June 1 reports from the late-spring areas indicate that yields per acre in most of these States are not turning out as well as expected on May 1 and the present prospects of 4,454,000 crates are about 6 percent below the forecast of a month ago. However, this late-spring production is still expected to be about 1 percent above last spring's late crop of 4,419,000 crates and 13 percent above the 1941-50 average of 3,954,000 crates.

Rainfall was heavy and temperatures below normal during May in the late spring areas. Growth was slow and cutting lagged behind the usual schedule. With the exception of Pennsylvania and Iowa yields are now expected to run from 5 to 15 crates lower than indicated by May 1 conditions.

LIMA BEANS: The spring crop is now expected to total 212,000 bushels, 20 percent more than was indicated on May 1, but 20 percent below the 1951 crop and less than one half the 10-year average. All of the increase from the May 1 indicated production is in Florida where weather conditions during May were very favorable, especially in the North Florida area. Harvesting in the important Hawthorne section reached its peak the last week of May and should be completed by mid-June. In Georgia some light picking is expected around June 15 in the southern part of the State. Light harvest is under way in South Carolina with peak movement expected around mid-month.

SNAP BEANS: Production indicated for all spring areas, including that which has been harvested, is below both last year and average--4,556,000 bushels for 1952 compared with 5,644,000 bushels in 1951 and the 1941-50 average of 4,834,000 bushels. Practically all of the early spring crop and part of the mid-spring crop have been harvested while the late-spring areas are just coming into production.

The mid-spring production is not holding up to May 1 indications as a result of dry weather in May reducing yields in Louisiana and Alabama. The Mississippi crop also suffered from dry weather but rains were frequent during the last ten days of May and shipments should continue through June. In California, harvest of the early acreage in Cochella Valley is about completed but in the South Coastal areas picking is just reaching volume stage. Supplies are plentiful and production should increase steadily during June and reach a peak in July. The Georgia crop is about over. Shipments continue from South Carolina but the peak has been passed. The June 1 estimate of 2,109,000 bushels for the six States is 5 percent above the 2,016,000 bushels harvested in 1951 but 1 percent below the 1941-50 average of 2,132,000 bushels.

In the three late spring States prospects have improved during the past month and production is now placed at 717,000 bushels--15 percent above last spring's late crop of 621,000 bushels and 1 percent above the 1941-50 average of 709,000 bushels. In North Carolina, harvest began the week of May 19 and should reach volume proportions during the first week in June. In some areas the crop was hurt by dry weather but losses to June 1 were not heavy. In southwest Arkansas rains were favorable for growth which had been retarded by dry cool weather earlier. Harvest is expected to begin June 1 in the southwest and the last part of June in northwest Arkansas. In Virginia, harvest began about June 1. In the six early summer areas production is expected to be 8 percent below 1951 and 15 percent below average--1,707,000 bushels for 1952 compared with 1,851,000 bushels in 1951 and the 1941-50 average of 2,003,000 bushels. The 15,350 acres reported for harvest are only slightly below the 15,450

SNAP BEANS (Continued) acres harvested in 1951 but are 15 percent below the 1941-50 average of 18,040 acres. Yields are expected to fall below those of a year ago in all areas except Long Island. Cold wet weather, which prevailed in all six States, retarded germination and growth of plants. In Maryland and Delaware blooming of earliest plantings on the Eastern Shore began about May 23 and became general at the end of the month. In New Jersey growers have been constantly re-planting since early May because of poor stands, and some acreage is being replanted to other crops. On Long Island stands are uneven and development has been slow to date. Picking should start about July 1. Early marketings in Pennsylvania will be comparatively light. The Illinois crop is making slow progress.

BEETS: Prospective production of the summer crop of beets grown in New Jersey and Pennsylvania at 643,000 bushels is 6 percent below last year's crop and 17 percent below average. The decrease from last year's production is the result mainly of lower prospective yields since the acreage at 2,050 acres is only 2 percent below a year ago. This year's crop is from one to two weeks later than usual and harvesting is not expected to begin until mid-June or later.

CABBAGE: The prospect for cabbage production in the late spring areas is 7 percent below that indicated on May 1, mainly the result of lower prospective yields in Maryland and Tennessee. In Maryland, rain, winds and cloudy weather reduced yield prospects while in Tennessee, dry weather was responsible for the lower yields. Harvest is nearing completion in North Carolina and shipments are heavy from Virginia where a fair acreage in the Norfolk section will not be cut until late June or early July. In the midwest, cutting was starting in Ohio and Kentucky the last of May, but dry May weather in Missouri has held the crop back. In the early summer sections production is forecast at 85,500 tons, 9 percent below last year's above average crop, but slightly above average. Acreage for harvest is indicated to be 11,760 acres, 7 percent below both last year and the 1941-50 average. In New Jersey, the crop is spotted and wet weather has held down yield prospects there, especially on the lower ground. In Georgia, growing conditions have been excellent since cabbage was set to fields, but the crop will be about two weeks later than normal because of the delay in getting plants set. Moisture at setting time was excessive. Cabbage which may be utilized for kraut is included in the above estimates.

CANTALOUPS: Prospective total production of the spring and early and mid-summer crops of cantaloups is indicated to be 11,751,000 crates (jumbo), about 2 percent less than last year but 19 percent over the 10-year (1941-50) average production of 9,871,000 crates.

The spring crop is now estimated at 3,825,000 crates, 2 percent higher than forecast on May 1. Harvesting became active in Arizona and California the last week in May. Harvesting in Florida is in progress in the Ocala-Newberry area and is expected to peak in the first half of June.

The early summer crop areas are expected to produce 5 percent less cantaloups than a year ago. Production, indicated at 1,793,000 crates, compares with 1,895,000 a year ago and 1,883,000 the ten-year average. Acreage is down about 10 percent from a year ago with all the decrease occurring in Arizona. Light harvesting is expected to begin about June 15 in Georgia and South Carolina.

Mid-summer areas have planted 6 percent more acres than a year ago, but with prospective yields running below last year, the indicated production of 6,133,000 crates is 3 percent below last year, although 11 percent above the 10-year average production of 5,509,000 crates. The California crop, the most important and usually the first to be harvested, is about two weeks later than usual. In Texas some production

CANTALOUPS: (Continued) was coming from "capped" acreage in the Lower Valley in early May and supplies from the Laredo section started in light volume the latter half of May. Supplies from the earliest of the non-irrigated sections are expected to be later than usual.

CARROTS: Acreage grown for summer harvest is estimated at 5,800 acres, 5 percent more than in 1951 but 9 percent less than the 10-year average. In New Jersey, where it was cold and wet throughout May, the crop still looked good on June 1, although it had made slow progress. In New York some acreage was lost in the Orange County area by flooding on June 1. However, there is a possibility of an increase in late plantings of carrots to replace onions in that area. Cool wet weather has retarded growth of the Ohio crop and some damage occurred from a late freeze in the northeastern part of that State. A small increase is reported in the Colorado acreage, principally in the northern part of the State.

CAULIFLOWER: No change in production of the early spring crop--2,744,000 crates--is indicated at this time. The bulk of the crop has been moved in California and only limited supplies remain in the San Francisco Bay, Santa Maria, and Los Angeles areas. In Washington the late spring crop is also estimated the same as a month ago at 260,000 crates. Harvesting began on a small scale the week of May 19, but is not expected to get under way generally until June 10-15.

CELERY: Production of spring celery is now estimated at 5,680,000 crates, a slight increase over the May 1 forecast. This increase is the result of slightly better yield prospects in Florida where growing conditions were generally favorable throughout May. Shipments from that State will decline until about mid-June when the deal will be over. In California, the harvest pattern has been rather erratic, the result of interruption of planting schedules during January, February and March. Production will probably be heavier in July this year than in past seasons because of delayed plantings in southern Los Angeles County.

The first forecast of production in the summer celery areas is 2,879,000 crates, about 8 percent below 1951 production of 3,122,000 crates, but about 16 percent above the average production for 1941-50 of 2,491,000 crates.

CUCUMBERS: Production in the late spring States is estimated from June 1 conditions at 2,153,000 bushels, 2 percent less than was indicated on May 1 but 5 percent more than last year and 14 percent above average. Improved prospects in Alabama and Georgia were more than offset by a decline in North Carolina where dry weather on June 1 caught the crop in the blooming and setting stage. Harvesting of the Louisiana, Alabama, and Georgia crops was active during late May. Shipments from South Carolina are expected to continue through June with a few late plantings in production into early July. In Arkansas harvest is expected to start about mid-June in southern counties and the first week of July in northern counties. Harvesting of the California crop has become active in San Diego County and has started in Tulare County. Production will increase in that State during June as other areas come into production.

The early summer crop is expected to total 1,025,000 bushels, 15 percent less than last year and 19 percent below average. The acreage is reported down from last year in all States except Virginia. Planting on the Eastern shore of Maryland was completed by May 15. In New Jersey considerable replanting was necessary, some stands are spotted, and growth has been slow. The Illinois crop has been retarded by lack of warm weather and sunshine.

EGGPLANT: Production of spring eggplant in Florida is now expected to total 425,000 bushels, slightly above average but about 9 percent below 1951. Harvesting is about over in South Florida. The Plant City area is now in active harvest, and the small North Florida acreage is expected to be harvested beginning about June 10.

GARLIC: Prospective production for the two spring States--Louisiana and Texas-- shows no change from a month ago. There are 12,000 sacks (100 lb.) indicated for 1952 compared with 16,000 sacks harvested in 1951 and the 1941-50 average of 20,000 sacks.

HONEY BALL MELONS: Another light crop of 24,000 crates (jumbo-70 lbs.) is expected in the Imperial Valley of California this spring compared with 27,000 crates harvested in 1951. This crop has been decreasing in recent years and this year's indicated production is only about one-sixth of the 1941-50 average of 155,000 crates. Harvest is not expected to begin before the second week in June. Very few straight cars will be shipped. Most of these melons will be used in mixed-car loadings.

LETTUCE: Production of lettuce from the late spring areas is now estimated at 1,322,000 crates, a decrease of 120,000 crates from the forecast made May 1. At this level production this year will be only about 1 percent greater than in 1951 but 19 percent greater than the 1941-50 average of 1,110,000 crates. The decline during the past month was the result of lower prospective yields in New Jersey where the south Jersey crop suffered from excessive rain. The Central and Northern Jersey sections were not quite as hard hit. In Washington harvesting is actively under way and production is expected to continue in good volume for the next two weeks.

The first forecast of production for the 1952 summer lettuce crop indicates a crop of 8,548,000 crates, 6 percent above the 1951 production of 8,054,000 crates and 24 percent above the 1941-50 average of 6,867,000 crates. Acreage planted is well above both last year and average with an increase of 5,000 acres over last year indicated for California. Yields are not expected to average as good as last year but promise to be better than average. In New York considerable acreage was lost in Orange County and some in the Albany area was damaged by flooding on June 1. Heavy losses are expected in quality on the acreage damaged but left for harvest during late June and early July.

MINT FOR OIL: The acreage of peppermint is estimated at 42,000 acres which is 3 percent less than the revised estimate of 43,300 acres for 1951 but only 1 percent below the 10-year average of 42,540 acres. Reductions in Indiana and Michigan more than offset increases in Oregon and Washington.

The spearmint acreage is estimated at 16,000 acres, 30 percent above the 12,300 acres for 1951 and 34 percent more than the 10-year average of 11,900 acres. Both Indiana and Michigan report sharp increases over last year in the acreage of this crop.

Early season prospects on both crops are reported generally favorable in all States.

ONIONS: The late spring crop is not holding up to the May 1 indications as prospects in Louisiana and Texas were lowered by heavy rains in May. Production is now placed at 4,059,000 sacks (50 lb.)--12 percent below the 1951 production of 4,603,000 sacks but 20 percent above the 1941-50 average of 3,385,000 sacks. In California, the Kern County crop is lighter than was expected but the Stockton crop has made good progress. The Arizona deal is expected to be completed about the end of the first week in June while in 1951 it continued until mid-June. Heavy rains in mid-May reduced Louisiana's crop and caused some damage in Texas. All north Texas areas were harvesting the latter part of May but field work was stopped by the heavy rains. The delay caused some damage in the Ferris section, (earliest area) but most of the other areas are expected to resume harvest without any loss of onions. Many fields are showing some seed stems but these onions are being left in the fields. Most marketings have been of good quality. The small irrigated acreage in the Panhandle is in very good condition with production expected about mid-July. In Georgia the crop was harvested prior to June 1.

Production in the six early summer areas is expected to be 5 percent smaller than in 1951 and 20 percent below average--1,593,000 sacks compared with 1,674,000 sacks in 1951 and the 1941-50 average of 2,000,000 sacks. Conditions in Washington have been favorable. In Iowa conditions have been about average. Harvest is expected to begin in Oklahoma during the second week in June and in Virginia about June 15. In New Jersey there has been too much rain and cold weather for proper growth and development of the crop. In South Jersey some fields show tip-burn and stands are spotted. The North Jersey crop which is planted later has not been as badly affected. The crop is late in all areas and harvesting in South Jersey will not begin before the latter part of June or first of July.

GREEN PEAS: The late spring crop is estimated from June 1 conditions at 196,000 bushels, 12 percent less than on May 1. The prospective 1952 production is approximately one-half that for 1951 and less than one-third of the 10-year average. The reduction from May 1 occurred in New Jersey, where excessive rains and insects damaged the crop and in Idaho where some hail damage is reported. Harvest of the Idaho crop was expected to get under way the week of June 9. In Washington deliveries to the Seattle market are expected around June 16.

The summer acreage is estimated at 4,100 acres, 18 percent less than last year. Prospective acreage is down in all three of the remaining summer States--New York, Colorado and Idaho. Marketing should start about June 15 from Long Island and June 20 from central New York. Light supplies will be available in the Denver area and in the Arkansas Valley early this month, but the main shipping deal in Colorado will not be on before mid-July.

GREEN PEPPERS: The spring crop in Florida is holding up to earlier expectations--1,750,000 bushels compared with 2,494,000 bushels produced in 1951 and the 1941-50 average of 1,155,000 bushels. The South Florida sections have been harvested and central Florida is well over the peak of harvesting. Active harvesting is in progress on approximately 1,350 acres in North Florida, and will continue throughout most of June.

In the three early summer areas production is expected to be 4 percent larger than in 1951 and 35 percent above average--1,033,000 bushels compared with last summer's early crop of 995,000 bushels and the 1941-50 average of 766,000 bushels. Shipments from Louisiana will become heavy during the second week in June. The crop was damaged by heavy rains and hail in mid-May but a fair recovery is expected. Mississippi usually begins shipping during the third week in June. The North Carolina crop is in good condition and is blooming. Although dry weather delayed setting to some extent, prospects are quite favorable.

COMMERCIAL EARLY IRISH POTATOES: Harvest of a record-high early spring crop, now estimated at 5,329,000 bushels, neared completion on June 1. This production is 27 percent larger than the 1951 crop and 60 percent above average. In Florida, acreage was increased about one-fourth this year and the yield per acre was the highest ever dug, despite the acceleration of digging in April. Yields from May diggings in this State were exceptionally good. Production in Texas was the smallest of record.

Conditions during May were very favorable for development and harvest of the late spring crop and production is now estimated at 36,451,000 bushels. This quantity is 9 percent above the 1951 production but 3 percent below average. A record-high yield is expected from the late-spring acreage. Weather during the past month was very favorable for the California crop and yield prospects improved considerably. Despite this improvement, yields are expected to be below those of a year earlier as frosts, unfavorable weather and excessive rainfall retarded earlier development of the crop. Harvest is now active in Kern, Tulare and Fresno Counties and will get under way in Madera, Riverside and San Bernardino Counties about mid-June. Movement of California potatoes during June is expected to be very heavy.

Harvest of the Louisiana and Mississippi crops has been completed. Yields in each of these States were good. Harvest of the south Alabama crop continued as May ended. However, digging was nearing completion in Baldwin County and over half the Escambia acreage had been dug by June 1. Yields in important Baldwin County were very good. Dry weather threatened the crop around Atmore, in Escambia County, but timely rains were received during May. Harvest of the small acreage in south Georgia is active. Weather has been favorable for harvest and good yields are being realized. Condition of the South Carolina crop is good. Digging was delayed as growers allowed tubers to mature fully. However, volume movement got under way in late May and should continue until the last week of June. Arizona growers delayed digging but harvest was expected to get under way early in June. Movement from Arizona should be heavy this month. Only in Texas and Oklahoma did yield prospects decline during May. Around San Antonio, harvest was started the last week in May. In the central and northeastern areas of Texas, wet weather delayed harvest in late May but conditions were favorable on June 1 for harvest to get under way. Freezes in April thinned stands and delayed maturity of the Oklahoma crop. Early May was too dry for best development of Tennessee potatoes but timely rains later in the month were beneficial. The crop in this State is about a week later than usual. Harvest in the Franklin-Coffee County area should begin about June 20. Condition of the North Carolina crop improved during May but thin stands are a limiting yield factor. The "set" of tubers is generally lighter than the heavy set of each of the past two years. Digging is under way in most commercial areas and movement from the State should become heavy during the week of June 9.

Production from the acreage for summer harvest in Virginia, Maryland, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Texas Panhandle, north Georgia and New Jersey is estimated at 12,513,000 bushels. Production in these States was 16,124,000 bushels last year and the 1941-50 average was 22,235,000 bushels. Growers reduced plantings in each of these States except Texas. Prospective yields are generally above average but below those of 1951.

In the Norfolk area of Virginia, stands are irregular in some fields despite considerable replanting. Conditions in this area are irregular as rainfall has been spotted. An increased proportion of Sebagos and Pontiacs will extend harvest in this area. Conditions have been more favorable on the Eastern Shore of Virginia than in the Norfolk area. Stands are about normal in Accomack County but in Northampton County there are more missing hills than usual. Planting was delayed by a

COMMERCIAL EARLY IRISH POTATOES (Continued) wet March and the crop in these two Counties is 5-10 days later than usual. On the Eastern Shore of Maryland the crop was in bloom as May ended. Heavy rains of late May caused some drowning out in low-lying fields in this State. Condition of the Kentucky crop was excellent on June 1. Digging is expected to start in early July but current prices might be an incentive to hasten this operation. In Missouri, losses from recent floods were less than estimated a month ago. Condition of the acreage remaining for harvest is very good. Condition of the Kansas crop is also very good as stands are even and the "set" is heavy. In Nebraska stands are normal, but the crop is slightly later than usual in some counties. Rainfall has been adequate in all producing areas. Growing conditions were very favorable for the Texas Panhandle crop during the second half of May as most areas received good rains. Progress of the crop is normal with digging expected to begin in late June or early July. Movement from this area should become active the second week of July.

There was too much rainfall during May for the New Jersey crop. Conditions were quite variable as the month ended. Some acreage has been lost and stands are irregular in many of the poorly drained fields. On the lighter soils there has been some "leaching" of fertilizer. Growers have not been able to cultivate the crop properly and in many fields color of plants is not good. Growers are doing more side-dressing than usual. The effects of the application of this additional nitrogen will greatly influence final yields.

SPINACH: The spring spinach crop is now estimated at 2,779,000 bushels, which is 11 percent less than the May 1 indicated production. Rains lowered crop prospects in Maryland and New Jersey causing spottiness and weedy fields. Growers report lower yield prospects in Pennsylvania. A reduction in acreage harvested for fresh market reduced Virginia production considerably. The indicated spring crop is 9 percent below the 1951 crop but only 4 percent below the 10-year average. The total production of winter and spring spinach is now estimated at 7,990,000 bushels compared with 6,952,000 for 1951 and 9,177,000 for the 10-year average.

STRAWBERRIES: Mid-spring strawberry production is now estimated at 5,335,000 crates, about 7 percent less than indicated a month ago. Dry weather in late April and early May reduced prospects considerably in Tennessee, Arkansas, and Missouri. Kansas was the only mid-spring State where production prospects improved during May. Indicated production for the late spring States increased 3 percent during May. Production prospects for all States is now expected to total 12,092,000 crates, about 2 percent less than indicated last month but 3 percent more than in 1951. Total indicated production for all States is 38 percent higher than the 10-year average.

Harvest in the southwestern Washington area will begin about June 5 and about June 12-15 in most northern Washington areas. Rainy and cool weather hurt the New Jersey crop, particularly early varieties. Peak production is expected about June 10. Commercial picking in southern Indiana, which started about May 18-21, is expected to end about June 12.

TOMATOES: Prospects for the late spring crop improved during May but indicated production is still below that of last year and the 10-year average. As of June 1, production is 3 percent above that estimated a month ago, but is still 10 percent below last year and 20 percent below the 10-year average. The reduced production is the result of less acreage planted rather than a decrease in prospective yield. Harvest in the east Texas area is not expected to start until after June 1, and volume movement is not expected until the week of June 9. The Avery section of northeast Texas is expected to be in production about June 15. Volume movement of

TOMATOES (Continued) tomatoes is expected in Georgia during the first two weeks of June.

Indicated acreage for the early summer States is 8 percent lower than last year and 23 percent lower than the 10-year average. Sizeable acreage reductions occurred in Arkansas, Tennessee, and Missouri. Yield prospects for the early summer groups are a little better than last year and about 14 percent higher than the 10-year average. Indicated production is 5 percent less than last year and 11 percent lower than the 10-year average. In California picking began during the last week of May in the Tulare County area. However, volume harvestings are not expected until mid-June. Picking will not start in southern California until about July 1. Harvest is expected to begin in the Bradley County area of Arkansas June 15 but in northern Arkansas areas not until about mid-July. Setting of plants was about 85 percent completed in the Eastern Shore area of Maryland by mid-May, and was virtually completed by the following week.

WATERMELONS: Late spring production is now indicated at 26,300,000 melons, an increase of 7 percent above a month ago. This increase is the result of improved yield prospects in Florida, which has about nine-tenths of the late spring acreage this year. The early summer crop is estimated at 48,889,000 melons, compared with 50,184,000 produced last year. Indicated production for 1952 is considerably lower than the 1951 production in Arizona and Georgia where growers have reported lower acreages as well as lower prospective yields.

Development of the crop has been slow in South Carolina where growers have indicated sharply reduced yields compared with last year.

Total acreage in the late summer producing States at 19,900 is about 5 percent higher than a year ago. Comments have indicated some shift toward more watermelon acreage from crops with higher labor requirements. The total watermelon acreage for all States at 287,100 acres is 6 percent higher than in 1951.

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Footnotes for summary table, pages 10 and 11.

- 1/ Equivalent tons based on approximate net weight of unit in which reported.
- 2/ For seasonal group and annual totals, averages of the yearly totals, not the sum of the averages for individual crops.
- 3/ From releases of March 10 (TC-52: 302) and April 10 (TC-52: 402). Includes cabbage used for sauerkraut.
- 4/ Includes asparagus used for processing.
- 5/ Includes cabbage used for sauerkraut.
- 6/ Includes crops for which seasonal sub-group estimates (early, mid, and late) are not made.
- 7/ Early summer only.
- 8/ Early and mid-summer only.
- 9/ Includes asparagus used for processing and cabbage used for sauerkraut.

TRUCK CROPS FOR FRESH MARKET

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Indicated Acreage and Production Reported to Date for 1952 with Comparisons

Seasonal Group and Crop	ACREAGE					PRODUCTION (Equiv. Tons) 1/				
	10-year:		Indicated 1952:			10-year:		Indicated 1952:		
	Av. 2/	1951:	% of	% of	Av. 2/	1951:	% of	% of		
	1941-50:	Acres	Av. '50:	'50:	1941-50:	Tons	Av. '52:	'52:		
	Acres	Acres	%	%	Tons	Tons	%	%		
Winter 3/	285,370	259,060	252,400	88	97	1361,400	1501,300	1399,100	103	93
Early Spring:										
Asparagus 4/	82,390	82,500	81,160	99	98	96,500	99,300	98,600	102	99
Snap Beans	23,530	25,500	18,200	77	71	29,900	45,100	26,000	87	58
Cabbage 5/	21,020	11,100	10,700	51	96	103,600	52,700	62,900	61	119
Cauliflower	9,340	7,800	6,950	74	89	58,400	60,100	50,800	87	85
Cucumbers	10,400	12,200	10,300	99	84	24,000	59,700	33,600	140	56
Lettuce	54,690	56,100	58,350	107	104	273,000	323,300	324,900	119	100
Onions	43,300	9,200	38,800	90	422	98,200	50,600	95,000	97	188
Green Peas	19,240	8,070	8,070	42	100	25,700	13,500	14,600	57	108
Tomatoes	55,660	55,900	52,000	93	93	140,800	186,900	180,300	128	96
Mid-Spring:										
Snap Beans	24,800	20,200	20,100	81	100	32,000	30,300	31,600	99	104
Late Spring:										
Asparagus 4/	44,900	51,940	53,220	118	102	59,300	66,300	66,800	113	101
Snap Beans	10,200	9,000	8,400	82	93	10,600	9,300	10,800	102	116
Cabbage 5/	10,570	11,900	10,670	101	90	64,100	72,000	64,900	101	90
Cauliflower	580	600	650	112	108	4,600	3,900	4,800	104	123
Cucumbers	16,980	17,500	17,450	103	100	45,400	49,300	51,700	114	105
Lettuce	5,450	5,400	5,800	106	107	38,800	45,900	46,300	119	101
Onions	19,340	23,900	15,500	80	65	84,600	115,100	101,500	120	88
Green Peas	4,710	2,830	1,480	31	52	10,000	6,000	2,900	29	48
Tomatoes	50,870	46,270	41,450	81	90	97,200	85,800	77,300	80	90
Watermelons	44,910	66,400	77,000	171	116	179,200	304,900	328,800	183	108
Total Spring 6/										
Asparagus 4/	127,380	134,440	134,380	105	100	155,800	165,600	165,400	106	100
Lima Beans	6,640	4,000	2,600	39	65	7,000	4,100	3,400	49	83
Snap Beans	58,540	54,700	46,700	80	85	72,500	84,700	68,400	94	81
Beets	1,330	990	1,010	76	102	6,400	6,100	6,200	97	102
Cabbage 5/	31,590	23,000	21,370	68	93	167,700	124,700	127,800	76	102
Cantaloups	21,390	31,600	28,000	131	89	86,800	132,600	133,900	154	101
Carrots	10,140	6,500	8,100	80	125	108,200	95,200	109,600	101	115
Cauliflower	9,910	8,400	7,600	77	90	63,000	64,000	55,600	88	87
Celery	5,720	6,500	5,750	101	88	130,300	212,200	184,600	142	87
Cucumbers	27,370	29,700	27,750	101	93	69,400	109,000	85,300	123	78
Eggplant	1,340	1,200	1,150	86	96	6,900	7,700	7,000	101	91
Honey Balls	1,420	300	200	14	67	5,400	900	800	15	89
Honey Dews	2,050	400	---	---	---	6,900	700	---	---	---
Lettuce	60,140	61,500	64,150	107	104	311,800	369,200	371,200	119	101
Onions	62,630	33,100	54,300	87	164	182,800	165,700	196,500	107	119
Green Peas	23,950	10,900	9,550	40	88	35,700	19,500	17,500	49	90
Green Peppers	5,100	8,600	7,000	137	81	14,400	31,200	21,900	152	70
Shallots	2,050	2,000	2,000	98	100	2,600	3,100	2,800	108	90
Spinach	9,860	9,650	9,750	99	101	26,100	27,400	25,000	96	91
Tomatoes	106,530	102,170	93,450	88	91	238,000	272,700	257,600	108	94
Watermelons	44,910	66,400	77,000	171	116	179,200	304,900	328,800	183	108
Total	620,010	596,050	601,810	97	101	1876,900	2201,200	2169,300	116	99

See footnotes on page 9.

Seasonal Group and Crop	ACREAGE					PRODUCTION (Equiv. Tons) 1/				
	10-year: Av. 2/ 1941-50:		Indicated 1952: % of '51:		10-year: Av. 2/ 1941-50:		Indicated 1952: % of '51:			
	Acres	Acres	Acres	%	Tons	Tons	Tons	%	%	
<b>Early Summer:</b>										
Snap Beans	18,040	15,450	15,350	85	99	30,000	27,800	25,600	85	92
Cabbage 5/	12,680	12,600	11,760	93	93	85,000	93,900	85,500	101	91
Cantaloups	20,010	16,780	15,100	75	90	65,900	66,300	62,800	95	95
Cucumbers	9,450	8,150	7,650	81	94	30,500	29,000	24,600	81	85
Onions	6,840	5,400	5,490	80	102	50,000	41,800	39,800	80	95
Green Peppers	5,190	7,300	7,050	136	97	9,600	12,500	12,900	134	103
Tomatoes	36,200	30,450	27,990	77	92	140,300	131,400	124,900	89	95
Watermelons	185,110	185,100	190,200	103	103	592,100	627,300	611,100	103	97
<b>Mid-Summer:</b>										
Cantaloups	53,940	51,530	54,830	102	106	192,800	220,300	214,700	111	97
			Prospective							
<b>Late Summer:</b>										
Cabbage 5/	19,180	16,650	16,470	86	99					
Onions	63,300	63,250	61,450	97	97					
			Prelim.							
Watermelons	21,960	*18,970	19,900	91	105					
<b>Total Summer 6/</b>										
Snap Beans 7/	18,040	15,450	15,350	85	99	30,000	27,800	25,600	85	92
Beets	2,580	2,100	2,050	79	98	20,200	*17,800	16,700	83	94
Cabbage 5/	31,860	29,250	28,230	89	97	7/85,000	7/93,900	7/85,500	101	91
Cantaloups 8/	73,950	68,310	69,930	95	102	258,700	286,600	277,500	107	97
Carrots	6,400	5,500	5,800	91	105					
Celery	5,250	*5,000	4,900	93	98	81,000	*101,500	93,600	116	92
Cucumbers 7/	9,450	8,150	7,650	81	94	30,500	29,000	24,600	81	85
Honey Balls	140					600				
Lettuce	31,630	33,300	38,500	122	116	240,300	281,900	299,200	125	106
Onions	70,140	68,650	66,940	95	98	7/50,000	7/41,800	7/39,800	80	95
Green Peas	15,480	5,000	4,100	26	82					
Green Peppers 7/	5,190	7,300	7,050	136	97	9,600	12,500	12,900	134	103
Tomatoes 7/	36,200	30,450	27,990	77	92	140,300	131,400	124,900	89	95
Watermelons	207,070	*204,070	210,100	101	103	7/592,100	7/627,300	7/611,100	103	97
<b>Total to date:</b>										
Acres & Prod.	387060	373160	380870	98	102	1538,300	1651,500	1,611,400	105	98
Acres	513380	482530	488590	95	101					
<b>Total Summer</b>	723410	*680770				3258,800	*3374,600			
			Prospective							
<b>Early Fall:</b>										
Cabbage 5/										
Domestic	30,280	28,600	29,500	97	103					
Danish	31,490	25,050	26,500	84	106					
<b>Total Fall</b>	263,100	238,180								
			REPORTED TO DATE FOR 1952 WITH COMPARISONS 9/							
Acres & Prod.	1292440	1228270	1235080	96	101	4776,600	*5354,000	5179,800	108	97
Acres	1480530	1391290	1398800	94	101					
			TOTALS FOR PAST SEASONS 9/							
<b>Annual Total</b>	1891890	*1774060				8212,300	*8861,000			

See footnotes on page 9.

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YR. AV. 41-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952
ASPARAGUS 2/:	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES Prelim.	- Crates 30 lb. -			- 1,000 crates -		
Early Spring 3/	82,390	82,500	81,160	78	80	81	6,434	6,623	6,575
Late Spring:									
Maryland .....	1,850	1,360	1,500	86	81	80	159	110	120
Delaware .....	1,580	1,400	1,500	74	62	75	115	87	112
New Jersey ....	23,010	27,000	29,000	97	95	90	2,218	2,562	2,610
Pennsylvania ..	2,190	1,500	1,400	81	80	80	178	120	112
Massachusetts .	1,720	1,550	1,600	65	72	65	112	112	104
Michigan .....	4,520	6,650	7,200	88	76	80	391	508	576
Illinois .....	8,400	8,400	8,900	79	74	75	667	620	668
Iowa .....	740	860	720	70	71	75	52	61	54
Other States 4/	980	3,220	1,400	64	74	70	61	239	98
Group total	44,990	51,940	53,220	88	85	84	3,954	4,419	4,454
All States .....	127,380	134,440	134,380	82	82	82	10,388	11,042	11,029
LIMA BEANS:				- Bushels -			- 1,000 bushels -		
Winter 3/:	1,900	900	700	74	70	80	122	63	56
Spring:									
Florida .....	2,880	2,000	1,000	82	70	120	233	140	120
Georgia .....	1,660	1,000	800	58	65	60	93	65	48
South Carolina.	2,100	1,000	800	56	55	55	110	55	44
Group total	6,640	4,000	2,600	68	65	82	436	260	212
Total above	8,540	4,900	3,300	69	66	81	558	323	268
All States .....	17,530	11,200		81	91		1,382	1,020	
SNAP BEANS:									
Winter 3/ .....	29,940	32,800	34,000	87	95	85	2,617	3,116	2,890
Early Spring 3/.	23,530	25,500	18,200	86	118	95	1,993	3,007	1,730
Mid-Spring:									
California ....	4,600	3,700	3,200	166	250	250	736	925	800
Louisiana .....	6,040	4,300	5,000	67	70	75	401	301	375
Mississippi ...	3,200	3,200	3,200	78	55	80	246	176	256
Alabama .....	1,710	1,700	1,500	68	70	75	117	119	112
Georgia .....	3,380	2,600	2,300	60	55	65	202	143	150
South Carolina.	5,880	4,700	4,900	74	75	85	431	352	416
Group total	24,800	20,200	20,100	87	100	105	2,132	2,016	2,109
Late Spring:									
North Carolina.	5,530	5,900	5,900	72	65	85	393	384	502
Arkansas .....	2,080	1,200	1,000	66	55	65	133	66	65
Tennessee .....	230			53			12		
Virginia .....	2,360	1,900	1,500	72	90	100	171	171	150
Group total	10,200	9,000	8,400	70	69	85	709	621	717

SNAP BEANS, continued on next page.  
See footnotes on page 23.

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YR. AV. 41-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952
	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES Prelim.	- Bushels -			- 1,000 bushels -		
<b>SNAP BEANS, Cont'd</b>									
<u>Early Summer:</u>									
Mississippi.....	5/ 120	---	---	5/ 35	---	---	5/ 9	---	---
Maryland .....	4,260	3,700	3,700	84	95	80	362	352	296
Delaware .....	150	150	150	78	85	75	11	13	11
New Jersey .....	5,380	4,500	4,200	104	120	110	554	540	462
New York, L. I. ....	2,220	2,200	2,000	154	145	150	340	319	300
Pennsylvania....	3,530	3,100	3,400	152	150	140	532	465	476
Illinois.....	2,480	1,800	1,900	82	90	85	201	162	162
Group total	18,040	15,450	15,350	112	120	111	2,003	1,851	1,707
Total above....	106,510	102,950	96,050	89	103	95	9,454	10,611	9,153
All States .....	176,620	164,800	---	97	105	---	17,102	17,292	---
<b>BEEETS:</b>									
Winter 3/.....	7,590	4,000	3,000	142	105	150	1,084	420	450
Spring 3/.....	1,330	990	1,010	187	238	236	245	236	238
<u>Summer:</u>									
New Jersey.....	1,490	1,300	1,300	247	280	275	363	364	358
Pennsylvania....	1,090	800	750	379	* 400	380	413	* 320	285
Group total	2,580	2,100	2,050	302	* 326	314	775	* 684	643
All States.....	11,500	7,090	6,060	183	* 189	220	2,105	* 1,340	1,331
<b>CABBAGE: 2/</b>									
Winter 3/.....	62,420	43,250	42,700	6.45	8.89	7.66	406,100	384,600	326,900
Early Spring 3/	21,020	11,100	10,700	4.92	4.75	5.88	103,600	52,700	62,900
<u>Late Spring:</u>									
North Carolina	1,720	2,400	2,150	5.2	6.5	6.5	9,140	15,600	14,000
Virginia.....	1,540	2,400	2,200	5.4	6.0	6.5	8,360	14,400	14,300
Maryland.....	1,480	1,300	1,200	4.7	5.5	4.0	7,040	7,200	4,800
Tennessee.....	3,360	3,500	3,000	6.9	5.7	6.0	23,990	19,900	18,000
Kentucky.....	280	200	160	6.5	6.0	7.0	1,850	1,200	1,100
Ohio, S.E.....	500	450	350	9.4	9.0	9.5	4,710	4,000	3,300
Missouri.....	1,110	1,100	960	5.1	5.1	5.0	5,620	5,600	4,800
Washington.....	550	550	650	6.1	7.5	7.0	3,370	4,100	4,600
Group total	10,570	11,900	10,670	5.99	6.05	6.08	64,100	72,000	64,900
<u>Early Summer:</u>									
New Jersey.....	4,460	4,600	4,200	6.4	8.0	7.0	28,460	36,800	29,400
New York, L.I.	1,100	800	800	9.3	10.0	10.5	10,280	8,000	8,400
Georgia, North	820	900	900	4.5	4.7	4.8	3,680	4,200	4,300
Indiana.....	1,710	2,300	2,100	6.7	5.7	6.0	10,890	13,000	12,600
Illinois.....	3,430	3,100	3,000	6.7	8.1	8.1	22,680	25,000	24,300
Iowa.....	1,160	900	760	7.8	7.7	8.5	8,990	6,900	6,500
Group total.	12,680	12,600	11,760	6.73	7.45	7.27	85,000	93,900	85,500
Total above....	106,690	78,850	75,830	6.14	7.65	7.12	658,700	603,200	540,200

CABBAGE, continued on next page

See footnotes on page 23.

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YR. AV 41-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952
CABBAGE 2/ (Cont'd)	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES		Tons			Tons	
Late Summer 3/ Early Fall:			Prelim.						
			Prospect- tive						
Domestic 3/.....	30,280	28,600	29,500	9.44	10.87		286,600	310,800	Aug. 11
Danish 3/.....	31,490	25,050	26,500	9.88	10.32		310,700	258,400	Sept. 10
Total above	187,640	149,150	148,300	7.51	8.85		1,413,500	1,319,600	
All States.....	193,570	155,950		7.49	8.76		1,451,100	1,366,800	
CANTALOUPS:				Jumbo	Crts. 70 lb.			1,000 crates	
Spring:									
California.....	16,330	16,700	13,100	120	100	130	1,924	1,670	1,703
Florida.....	780	1,300	1,500	54	60	75	43	78	112
Arizona, Yuma...5/	10,700	13,600	13,400	5/120	150	150	5/1,278	2,040	2,010
Group total	21,390	31,600	28,000	118	120	137	2,479	3,788	3,825
Early Summer:									
Nevada.....	42	80	---	148	160	---	6	13	---
Georgia.....	4,330	2,900	2,600	65	81	80	267	235	208
South Carolina..	3,510	3,000	2,900	51	45	50	177	135	145
Arizona, other..	12,130	10,800	9,600	119	140	150	1,432	1,512	1,440
Group total	20,010	16,780	15,100	95	113	119	1,883	1,895	1,723
Mid-Summer:									
California.....	22,240	26,600	28,500	149	170	150	3,201	4,512	4,275
Cantaloups.....	6/	24,400	26,000	6/	175	150	6/	4,270	3,900
Persians.....	6/	2,200	2,500	6/	110	150	6/	242	375
Washington.....	1,660	1,800	1,700	166	165	175	277	297	298
New Mexico.....	930	300	200	90	80	90	81	24	18
Texas.....	5,300	4,500	8,400	58	60	60	298	270	504
Oklahoma.....	1,760	1,200	1,000	57	60	65	101	72	65
Arkansas.....	1,790	1,400	1,200	56	50	50	101	70	60
North Carolina..	5,160	4,900	4,500	50	40	50	260	196	225
Maryland.....	5,350	3,900	3,500	82	80	75	437	312	262
Delaware.....	2,650	1,900	1,500	80	85	75	212	162	112
Indiana.....	5,080	3,300	2,700	81	80	80	409	264	216
Illinois.....	1,480	1,300	1,200	60	65	60	89	84	72
Iowa.....	550	430	430	77	75	60	42	32	26
Group total	53,940	51,530	54,830	102	122	112	5,509	6,295	6,133
Total above	95,340	99,910	97,930	104	120	120	9,871	11,978	11,751
All States.....	109,310	110,350		101	117		11,051	12,864	

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 <u>1/</u>	1951	Ind. 1952	10.YR. AV. 41-50 <u>1/</u>	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 <u>1/</u>	1951	Ind. 1952
<b>CARROTS:</b>	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	- Bushels -			- 1,000 bushels -		
			Prelim.						
Winter 3/	32,380	32,350	27,750	249	285	256	8,050	9,214	7,101
Spring 3/	10,140	6,500	8,100	434	586	541	4,328	3,810	4,385
<b>Summer:</b>									
North Carolina	40	---	---	160	---	---	6	---	---
Virginia	20	---	---	138	---	---	2	---	---
New Jersey	1,510	1,400	1,400	254	290	---	383	406	---
New York	1,300	900	1,000	423	500	---	546	450	July 10
Ohio	1,700	1,300	1,400	502	475	---	854	618	---
Colorado	1,830	1,900	2,000	257	250	---	473	475	---
Group total	6,400	5,500	5,800	355	354	---	2,263	1,949	---
Total above	48,920	44,350	41,650	301	338	---	14,641	14,973	---
All States	75,060	---	---	341	---	---	25,689	---	---
<b>CAULIFLOWER:</b>				- Crates (1½ bu.) -			- 1,000 crates -		
Winter 3/	10,970	9,800	7,800	289	292	321	3,153	2,861	2,501
<b>Early Spring:</b>									
California	9,140	7,700	6,800	339	420	400	3,127	3,234	2,720
Oregon	200	100	150	152	150	160	32	15	24
Group total	9,340	7,800	6,950	335	417	395	3,158	3,249	2,744
<b>Late Spring:</b>									
Washington	580	600	650	432	350	400	250	210	260
Total above	20,890	18,200	15,400	314	347	357	6,561	6,320	5,505
All States	35,080	32,200	---	313	370	---	11,024	11,917	---
<b>CELERY:</b>				- Crates (½ size) -					
Winter 3/	9,130	9,520	10,650	574	820	723	5,254	7,806	7,700
<b>Spring:</b>									
Florida	3,960	4,200	3,850	492	665	735	1,932	2,793	2,830
California	1,770	2,300	1,900	1122	1625	1500	2,078	3,738	2,850
Group total	5,720	6,500	5,750	688	1005	988	4,009	6,531	5,680
<b>Summer:</b>									
New York	610	650	650	395	400	325	238	260	211
New Jersey	1,060	800	700	291	350	325	305	280	228
Ohio	980	800	700	450	450	400	445	360	280
Michigan	1,900	1,600	1,800	506	590	550	964	944	990
Oregon	400*	150	150	513	*520	600	203	*78	90
California	5/1,000	1,000	900	1100	1200	1200	5/1,120	1,200	1,080
Group total	5,250*	5,000	4,900	474	*624	588	2,491*	3,122	2,879
Total above	20,100*	21,020	21,300	580	*831	763	11,754*	17,459	16,259
All States	40,930	*36,810	---	508	*736	---	20,648	*27,096	---

See footnotes on page 23.

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YR. AV. 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952
<b>CUCUMBERS:</b>	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES Prelim	- Bushels -			- 1,000 bushels -		
Winter 3/ .....	5/1,167	500	1,400	5/134	100	90	5/187	50	126
Early Spring 3/	10,400	12,200	10,300	94	204	136	999	2,488	1,398
<u>Late Spring:</u>									
Louisiana.....	730	600	650	92	95	95	67	57	62
Alabama.....	1,310	1,300	1,300	136	125	140	174	162	182
Georgia.....	1,120	800	700	83	70	90	93	56	63
South Carolina.	5,270	5,300	5,200	90	80	95	484	424	494
North Carolina.	5,450	5,900	5,900	74	77	70	406	454	413
Arkansas.....	1,080	1,200	1,200	106	90	95	115	108	114
California.....	2,020	2,400	2,500	272	330	330	552	792	825
Group total	16,980	17,500	17,450	111	117	123	1,890	2,053	2,153
<u>Early Summer:</u>									
Virginia.....	180	200	200	96	90	90	18	18	18
Maryland.....	3,230	2,500	2,300	135	125	125	436	312	288
Delaware.....	900	550	450	129	140	125	116	77	56
New Jersey.....	3,060	3,200	3,100	167	200	170	512	640	527
Illinois.....	2,080	1,700	1,600	90	95	85	190	162	136
Group total	9,450	8,150	7,650	135	148	134	1,271	1,209	1,025
Total above	37,530	38,350	36,800	114	151	128	4,272	5,800	4,702
All States.....	49,130	51,600		116	146		5,732	7,557	
<b>EGGPLANT:</b>									
Winter 3/ .....	680	350	900	357	390	425	248	136	382
<u>Spring:</u>									
Florida.....	1,340	1,200	1,150	310	390	370	416	468	425
Total above	2,020	1,550	2,050	326	390	394	664	604	807
All States.....	5,600	4,550		238	273		1,338	1,242	
<b>GARLIC:</b>				-Sacks (100 lb.)-			- 1,000 sacks -		
<u>Spring:</u>									
Louisiana.....	900	700	650	13.1	13.0	13.0	12	9	8
Texas.....	560	500	300	15.5	14.0	15.0	8	7	4
Group total	1,470	1,200	950	13.7	13.3	13.6	20	16	12
Summer 3/.....	2,260	1,900	1,700	65.5	68.0		148	129	July 10
Total 3 States	3,720	3,100	2,650	45.0	46.8		168	145	

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YR. AV. 41-50	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50	1951	Ind. 1952
<b>HONEY BALL MELONS</b>	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES Prelim.	Jumbo-Crts. (70 lb.) - 1,600 crates -					
<u>Spring:</u>									
California.....	1,420	300	200	112	90	120	155	27	24
<u>Summer:</u>									
Calif., other	125	---	---	132	---	---	16	---	---
Arizona.....	15	---	---	112	---	---	2	---	---
Group total	140	---	---	130	---	---	18	---	---
All States.....	1,560	300	200	113	90	---	173	27	---
<b>HONEY DEW MELONS</b>				Std. H.D.Crts. (35lb.)					
<u>Spring:</u>									
California.....	2,050	400	---	198	100	---	396	40	---
All States.....	12,590	10,000	---	258	302	---	3,158	3,022	---
<b>LETTUCE:</b>				Crts. (4-6 doz.)					
<u>Winter 3/.....</u>	49,480	69,300	55,000	164	147	177	8,072	10,201	9,760
<u>Early Spring 3/.....</u>	54,690	56,100	58,350	144	165	159	7,800	9,235	9,284
<u>Late Spring:</u>									
Virginia.....	80	---	---	60	---	---	4	---	---
New Jersey.....	2,050	3,100	3,500	241	240	210	491	744	735
Pennsylvania...	370	300	300	148	150	160	55	45	48
Idaho.....	700	100	100	146	100	150	103	10	15
Oregon.....	780	200	200	147	225	200	110	45	40
Washington.....	1,480	1,700	1,700	233	275	285	346	468	484
Group total	5,450	5,400	5,800	204	243	228	1,110	1,312	1,322
<u>Summer:</u>									
California.....	22,220	22,500	27,500	238	280	250	5,284	6,300	6,875
Colorado.....	4,900	6,700	6,700	112	115	115	556	770	770
New York.....	4,510	4,100	4,300	230	240	210	1,027	984	903
Group total	31,630	33,300	38,500	216	242	222	6,867	8,054	8,548
Total above	141,250	164,100	157,650	169	176	183	23,849	28,802	28,914
All States.....	181,370	202,070	---	166	175	---	30,210	35,285	---
<b>MINT FOR OIL:</b>				Pounds of Oil			- 1,000 pounds -		
<u>Peppermint and Spearmint</u>									
Indiana.....	24,680	20,100	20,900	29.7	32.7	---	738	658	---
Michigan.....	16,620	14,700	14,900	24.8	*23.2	---	415	* 341	---
Ohio.....	80	7/	7/	34.2	---	---	3	---	---
California.....	490	7/	7/	32.2	---	---	16	---	---
Oregon.....	8,620	*14,000	15,000	44.0	38.0	---	384	* 532	---
Washington.....	3,950	6,800	7,200	48.3	65.0	---	194	442	---
Total	54,440	*55,600	58,000	31.8	*35.5	---	1,749	*1,973	---

MINT FOR OIL continued on next page  
See footnotes on page 23.



CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YR. AV. 41-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952
<b>GREEN PEAS:</b>	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES Prelim.	- Bushels -			- 1,000 bushels -		
Winter 3/.....	10,070	2,350	800	60	59	65	658	138	52
Early Spring 3/.....	19,240	8,070	8,070	94	112	120	1,714	904	972
<b>Late Spring:</b>									
Maryland.....	60	---	---	60	---	---	4	---	---
New Jersey.....	980	200	200	62	60	50	65	12	10
Idaho.....	1,660	1,100	700	132	135	115	214	148	80
Washington.....	1,520	1,280	450	209	160	200	320	205	90
Nevada.....	10	---	---	183	---	---	2	---	---
New Mexico.....	5/ 180	150	130	5/ 98	115	120	5/ 15	17	16
Oregon.....	5/ 610	100	---	5/137	150	---	5/ 83	15	---
Group total	4,710	2,830	1,480	143	140	132	665	397	196
Total above	34,020	13,250	10,350	91	109	118	3,037	1,439	1,220
<b>Summer:</b>									
New York.....	3,420	1,800	1,600	108	135	---	368	243	---
Colorado.....	10,660	2,500	2,000	96	55	---	1,034	138	---
Utah.....	90	---	---	73	---	---	6	---	July 10
Idaho.....	960	700	500	75	80	---	73	56	---
Oregon.....	340	---	---	122	---	---	42	---	---
Group total	15,480	5,000	4,100	98	87	---	1,523	437	---
Total above	49,500	18,250	14,450	93	103	---	4,560	1,876	---
All States.....	56,190	20,650	---	94	103	---	5,194	2,128	---
<b>GREEN PEPPERS:</b>									
Winter 3/.....	3,290	2,300	3,900	339	470	425	1,128	1,081	1,658
<b>Spring:</b>									
Florida.....	5,100	8,600	7,000	230	290	250	1,155	2,494	1,720
<b>Early Summer:</b>									
Louisiana.....	1,490	1,700	2,100	179	170	180	264	289	378
Mississippi....	650	1,200	950	133	75	100	78	90	95
North Carolina	3,020	4,400	4,000	141	140	140	420	616	560
South Carolina	40	---	---	108	---	---	4	---	---
Group total	5,190	7,300	7,050	150	136	147	766	995	1,033
Total above	13,580	18,200	17,950	226	251	247	3,049	4,570	4,441
All States.....	29,270	34,700	---	221	243	---	6,517	8,445	---
<b>COMMERCIAL EARLY</b>									
<b>IRISH POTATOES:</b>									
Winter 3/.....	11,230	8,900	11,000	166	245	222	1,847	2,184	2,445
<b>Early Spring:</b>									
Florida.....	16,180	15,000	19,000	154	271	274	2,419	4,062	5,210
Hastings.....	11,500	12,500	15,500	163	285	300	1,849	3,562	4,654
Other.....	4,680	2,500	3,500	128	200	160	570	500	560
Texas, L. Vy./.	10,370	2,600	1,700	89	50	70	917	130	119
Group total	26,550	17,600	20,700	128	238	257	3,337	4,192	5,329

POTATOES, continued on next page.

See footnotes on page 23

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YR. AV. 41-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952
POTATOES, (Cont'd)	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES Prelim.	- Bushels -			- 1,000 bushels -		
<u>Late Spring:</u>									
California.....	62,700	49,000	60,000	368	445	420	23,610	21,805	25,200
Louisiana.....	17,930	5,000	3,500	68	70	85	1,227	350	298
Mississippi.....	2,950	600	550	89	80	95	264	48	52
Alabama.....	22,320	21,200	21,200	123	170	170	2,670	3,604	3,604
Georgia.....	2,140	700	600	110	145	145	215	102	87
South Carolina	12,000	7,500	8,000	135	200	185	1,590	1,500	1,480
Arizona.....	5/4,160	3,200	3,500	5/346	420	400	5/1,440	1,344	1,400
Texas.....	6,460	3,500	3,400	70	70	70	449	245	238
Oklahoma.....	2,520	800	1,200	105	145	155	239	116	186
Arkansas.....	4,940	1,900	1,300	90	85	85	436	162	110
Tennessee.....	4,720	2,700	1,500	116	95	125	544	256	188
North Carolina	32,100	18,500	18,500	171	210	195	5,394	3,885	3,608
Group total	173,690	114,600	123,250	220	292	296	37,646	33,417	36,451
<u>Summer:</u>									
Virginia.....	35,380	25,000	24,000	169	224	193	5,866	5,600	4,627
Norfolk.....	7,440	4,300	3,800	170	220	160	1,235	946	608
Eastern Shore	26,830	20,000	19,600	170	225	200	4,474	4,500	3,920
Other.....	1,110	700	600	152	220	165	157	154	99
Maryland.....	5,650	4,000	3,400	146	200	160	823	800	544
Kentucky.....	3,520	2,000	1,600	134	170	180	467	340	288
Missouri.....	3,380	400	1,100	176	180	200	587	72	220
Kansas.....	4,770	200	500	164	190	175	758	38	88
Nebraska.....	4,920	2,000	1,900	249	300	275	1,190	600	522
Texas.....	7,940	4,600	4,600	220	285	235	1,719	1,311	1,081
Georgia.....	1,600	1,000	900	94	75	90	154	75	81
New Jersey.....	50,500	26,500	22,500	217	275	225	10,671	7,288	5,062
Group total	117,660	65,700	60,500	194	245	207	22,235	16,124	12,513
All States.....	329,130	206,800	215,450	202	270	263	65,064	55,917	56,738
<u>SPINACH:</u>									
Winter 3/.....	40,260	23,140	29,300	155	169	178	6,272	3,912	5,211
<u>Spring:</u>									
Washington.....	660	600	600	495	575	600	334	345	360
Virginia.....	1,780	1,200	1,000	329	375	350	566	450	350
Maryland.....	620	350	350	230	325	150	138	114	52
Missouri.....	830	700	600	238	250	240	194	175	144
Arkansas.....	570	600	1,400	177	200	200	99	120	280
Oklahoma.....	740	1,300	1,400	166	200	190	127	260	266
New Jersey.....	1,720	1,600	1,500	361	370	350	621	592	525
Pennsylvania...	2,220	2,700	2,300	302	320	290	675	864	667
Illinois.....	710	600	600	212	200	225	151	120	135
Group total	9,860	9,650	9,750	296	315	285	2,905	3,040	2,779
Total above	50,120	32,790	39,050	183	212	205	9,177	6,952	7,990
All States.....	64,310	45,090		207	234		13,282	10,542	

See footnotes on page 23.

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YR. AV. 41-50	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50	1951	Ind. 1952
	1/			1/			1/		
STRAWBERRIES 2/:	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES Prelim.	- Crts. 24	qts.		- 1,000 crates -		
Winter 3/.....	3,770	6,000	4,800	66	60	65	251	360	312
Early Spring 3/	22,710	28,450	14,000	58.0	43.6	72.6	1,338	1,241	1,017
Mid-Spring:									
Mississippi.....	70	---	---	66	---	---	5	---	---
South Carolina..	300	450	480	86	85	80	25	38	38
North Carolina..	3,270	2,200	2,200	79	95	70	279	209	154
Tennessee.....	8,060	11,000	9,500	71	68	57	582	748	542
Arkansas.....	12,640	19,000	17,100	58	61	42	773	1,159	718
Oklahoma.....	1,120	2,700	2,700	76	65	65	90	176	176
Kansas.....	1,520	2,200	1,900	48	40	55	76	88	104
Missouri.....	4,430	6,000	6,000	57	45	40	255	270	240
Illinois.....	3,150	3,000	3,000	53	59	50	170	177	150
Kentucky.....	4,770	6,000	4,700	61	48	50	296	288	235
Virginia.....	4,910	5,300	5,000	61	60	90	279	318	450
Maryland.....	3,430	3,200	2,900	54	90	80	185	288	232
Delaware.....	1,200	1,000	900	50	85	75	59	85	68
Calif., other	2,080	3,500	4,950	236	445	450	507	1,558	2,228
Group total	50,950	65,550	61,330	69.2	82.4	87.0	3,585	5,402	5,335
Late Spring:									
New Jersey.....	3,080	3,600	3,200	59	95	75	183	342	240
Pennsylvania...	2,280	1,800	1,700	66	75	70	154	135	119
Ohio.....	2,510	2,000	1,800	77	80	85	201	160	153
Indiana.....	1,940	3,800	3,400	77	80	75	151	304	255
New York.....	3,720	4,300	4,300	82	85	90	305	366	387
Michigan.....	7,830	14,000	14,700	92	100	110	733	1,400	1,617
Wisconsin.....	2,080	3,000	2,800	82	80	80	171	240	224
Iowa.....	1,030	900	800	53	60	65	54	54	52
Utah.....	830	750	700	64	80	80	51	60	56
Washington.....	5,580	9,200	10,000	111	84	105	630	773	1,050
Oregon.....	10,570	15,700	17,000	88	60	75	955	942	1,275
Group total	41,460	59,050	60,400	85.0	80.9	89.9	3,588	4,776	5,428
All States.....	118,880	159,050	140,530	72.4	74.1	86.0	8,762	11,779	12,092
TOMATOES:				- Bushels			- 1,000 bushels -		
Winter 3/.....	12,000	11,200	16,000	142	190	165	1,745	2,128	2,640
Early Spring 3/	55,660	55,900	52,000	98	126	131	5,314	7,055	6,803
Late Spring:									
Texas, other...	31,320	29,000	25,000	71	70	70	2,227	2,030	1,750
Louisiana.....	2,320	1,200	1,100	66	70	65	153	84	72
Mississippi....	4,220	270	350	71	50	70	328	14	24
South Carolina..	4,010	5,000	4,800	62	60	60	245	300	288
Georgia.....	5,520	6,800	6,500	78	72	75	434	490	488
Alabama.....	3,480	4,000	3,700	82	80	80	280	320	296
Group total	50,870	46,270	41,450	72	70	70	3,668	3,238	2,918

TOMATOES, continued on next page.  
See footnotes on page 23.

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YR. AV. 41-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952
	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES Prelim.	- Bushels -			- 1,000 bushels		
<b>TOMATOES, Cont'd</b>									
<u>Early Summer:</u>									
California.....	9,480	7,800	7,500	192	220	240	1,805	1,716	1,800
Arkansas.....	4,950	5,400	4,800	89	114	100	434	616	480
Tennessee.....	4,110	2,900	2,400	140	130	135	578	377	324
North Carolina.	630	600	540	67	80	80	42	48	43
Virginia.....	2,190	2,200	2,000	158	185	225	346	407	450
Kentucky.....	960	350	450	131	160	160	136	56	72
Illinois.....	940	900	900	108	125	110	99	112	99
Missouri.....	5,710	4,400	3,800	104	100	90	593	440	342
Ohio.....	670	700	700	210	215	220	139	150	154
Maryland.....	6,320	5,000	4,700	173	200	195	1,083	1,000	916
Delaware.....	260	200	200	154	180	170	40	36	34
Group total	36,200	30,450	27,990	147	163	168	5,295	4,958	4,714
Total above...	154,730	143,820	137,440	104	121	124	16,022	17,379	17,075
All States.....	241,620	228,970		124	146		29,836	33,499	
<b>WATERMELONS:</b>									
<u>Late Spring:</u>									
California.....	5,860	9,400	8,000	592	685	700	3,552	6,439	5,600
Florida.....	39,050	57,000	69,000	283	315	300	10,780	17,955	20,700
Group total	44,910	66,400	77,000	325	367	342	14,332	24,394	26,300
<u>Early Summer:</u>									
California.....	9,100	9,600	9,000	710	700	750	6,434	6,720	6,750
Arizona.....	3,470	4,900	4,000	591	790	750	2,058	3,871	3,000
Texas.....	56,370	61,000	64,000	160	165	170	9,202	10,065	10,880
Louisiana.....	3,100	1,800	1,800	271	260	300	834	468	540
Mississippi....	4,450	4,900	5,600	244	280	280	1,081	1,372	1,568
Alabama.....	6,340	6,800	7,000	307	330	325	1,910	2,244	2,275
Georgia.....	46,100	40,000	39,000	287	300	290	12,989	12,000	11,310
South Carolina	25,050	26,000	27,000	218	250	185	5,388	6,500	4,995
North Carolina	9,800	10,000	11,000	228	230	220	2,214	2,300	2,420
Arkansas.....	3,600	5,300	6,300	284	295	285	1,024	1,564	1,796
Oklahoma.....	12,030	12,000	13,000	212	210	210	2,557	2,520	2,730
Missouri.....	5,700	2,800	2,500	288	200	250	1,678	560	625
Group total	185,110	185,100	190,200	260	271	257	47,368	50,184	48,889
Total above	230,020	251,500	267,200	273	296	281	61,700	74,578	75,189

WATERMELONS, continued on next page

See footnotes on page 23.

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YR. AV. 41-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952	10-YEAR AVERAGE 1941-50 1/	1951	Ind. 1952
WATERMELONS, Cont'd	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES Prelim.	-	Melons	-	-	1,000 melons	-
<u>Late Summer:</u>									
Virginia.....	1,490	1,000	900	338	370		483	370	
Maryland.....	5,110	4,400	5,000	438	500		2,221	2,200	
Delaware.....	2,950	2,400	2,300	410	450		1,202	1,080	
New Jersey.....	1,030	600	400	384	450		395	270	
Indiana.....	5,940	5,900	6,500	485	525		2,886	3,098	
Illinois.....	3,260	2,700	2,500	342	350		1,109	945	July 10
Iowa.....	616	470	500	305	300		188	141	
Oregon.....	500 *	700	800	512	*580		261 *	406	
Washington.....	690	800	1,000	576	600		409	480	
Colorado.....	380	---	---	336	---		127	---	
Group total	21,960	*18,970	19,900	426	*474		9,282 *	8,990	
All States.....	251,980	*270,70	287,100	286	*309		70,982	*83,568	

\* Revised

1/ For "group totals" and for "all States," averages of the annual totals, not the sum of the State or group averages.

2/ Total crop for fresh market and for processing.

3/ From previous releases.

4/ Indiana, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, Utah, Wisconsin, Arkansas, Missouri, and Idaho.

5/ Short-time average: Snap beans, early summer, Mississippi, 1949-50; Cantaloups, spring, Arizona, 1947-50, (included in early summer crop prior to 1947). Celery summer, California, 1948-50; Cucumbers, winter group, 1945-50; onions, late spring, Arizona, 1943-50; early summer, New Mexico, 1943-50; green peas, late spring, New Mexico, 1945-50, Oregon, 1945-50, commercial early Irish potatoes late spring, Arizona, 1944-50.

6/ Estimates not available prior to 1948.

7/ Estimates discontinued.