

TC-52: 602

Commercial Truck Crops

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Washington, D. C.

BAC

June 10, 1952

TRUCK CROPS FOR COMMERCIAL PROCESSING PROGRESS OF PLANTING AND CONDITIONS ON JUNE 1

The favorable weather that prevailed through the latter part of May over the northern portion of the United States enabled growers of processing crops to push toward the completion of planting operations, start cultivating some of the early row crops, and proceed with the harvesting of a few other crops such as asparagus and green peas. In the southern part of the country comments received by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics indicate that the weather was normally warm but not seriously dry except on the lower West Coast and portions of the Gulf States.

The showery periods that occurred the latter part of May from the middle Atlantic States westward to Illinois made it necessary for some tomato growers to leave their fields for a few days until the fields dried but work was soon resumed and most of the transplanting was finished by June 1. Sweet corn and snap bean planting was making normal headway. Harvesting of California processing peas was practically finished early in June and growers of early varieties in other parts of the country were busy with their harvesting. Condition of the crop on June 1 was 94.1 percent compared with 92.0 percent on June 1, 1951, and a 10-year average of 87.5 percent.

Most growers of cabbage for kraut are planning to set their plants in fields after June 1. An adequate supply of plants is available and these are in good condition. Final preparations are also being made for planting canning beets, lima beans and other late crops.

Details by States follow:

Condition and Progress of Truck Crops - 2 - TC-52: 602 June 10, 1952
 for Commercial Processing on June 1
 (Continued)

GREEN PEAS FOR PROCESSING -- CONDITION ON JUNE 1, 1952 WITH COMPARISONS

STATE	10-year average :		
	June 1, 1941-1950 Percent	June 1, 1951 Percent	June 1, 1952 Percent
Maine	94	95	95
New York	80	89	92
New Jersey	84	90	107
Pennsylvania.....	88	89	88
Ohio	80	77	90
Indiana	80	85	93
Illinois	90	90	100
Michigan	86	96	92
Wisconsin	90	96	92
Minnesota	91	90	95
Iowa	93	85	83
Delaware	75	89	89
Maryland	74	93	90
Virginia	73	85	90
Idaho	88	95	92
Colorado	90	97	72
Utah	89	92	87
Washington	91	93	98
Oregon	88	86	98
California 1/	86	100	95
Other States 2/	84	89	87
TOTAL ALL STATES	87.5	92.0	94.1

1/ Acreage for harvest and indicated production, 1952, with comparisons:
 California

Year	Acreage harvested	Yield Per Acre Lbs. (Shelled)	Production Tons (Shelled)
10-year average, 1941-50	5,000	1,850	4,830
1951 revised	10,300	2,640	13,600
Indicated 1952	10,100	2,580	13,030

2/ Arkansas, Georgia, Kansas, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Tennessee,
 Texas, West Virginia and Wyoming.

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GREEN PEAS FOR PROCESSING

Delaware, Maryland and Virginia:

Harvesting was in full swing on the Eastern Shore late in May. Western Maryland growers expect to begin harvesting their green peas for processors the first or second week of June.

New Jersey and Pennsylvania:

The New Jersey crop was in somewhat better condition on June 1 than the Pennsylvania crop, which is irregular. Well-drained fields are growing nicely and vines are showing blossoms. Some rot is developing in low spots. Growers will begin to harvest about mid-June.

New York State: Frequent periods of damp, overcast weather through May in western New York was generally favorable for the crop.

Ohio, Indiana and Michigan:

Favorable conditions prevailed in these 3 States. Showers the latter part of May relieved the threat of damage from dry weather. Harvesting is expected to get under way early in June.

Illinois and Wisconsin:

Harvesting is scheduled to start in early Illinois fields by mid-June and Wisconsin growers will start to cut their vines a week or 10 days later. Condition of the crop is generally good. Few aphids are reported.

Iowa and Minnesota:

Iowa growers started harvest the first week of June. Minnesota harvesting is expected to start around June 20. Generally favorable conditions have prevailed for this year's crop.

Colorado and Utah:

Relatively favorable conditions of late May have not entirely overcome the backwardness of the planting season. However, June 1 prospects were fairly promising except where local hail storms injured the growing crops.

Idaho, Oregon and Washington:

A spell of warm weather east of the Cascade Mountains toward the end of May caused green peas to develop rapidly and harvesting started earlier than expected. Early and late varieties in the Blue Mountain area looked promising on June 1. Likewise, the crop appears good around the Puget Sound area and in western Oregon.

SWEET CORN FOR PROCESSING

Delaware, Maryland and Virginia:

May rains interferred with field work but some growers succeeded in planting part of their land to sweet corn for processing and the seed has generally germinated well.

Additional planting will continue through the early part of June.

New Jersey and Pennsylvania:

Condition of the New Jersey crop is normal. In Pennsylvania, wet fields slowed down planting operations and considerable acreage may be planted early in June.

New York State:

Growers are planting sweet corn as rapidly as they can prepare their fields. Moisture is adequate.

PROGRESS OF PLANTING AND CONDITION ON JUNE 1

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Ohio and Indiana: Frequent rains through late May bothered growers who were trying to complete their plantings of sweet corn. Additional acreage is expected to be planted in June.

Illinois and Wisconsin: Considerable acreage remained to be planted after June 1. Seed has germinated well in the early areas.

Iowa and Minnesota: Growers were beginning to cultivate the early fields by June 1 and the final acreage is expected to be planted by June 10.

Idaho, Oregon and Washington: Planting is generally finished and conditions are quite favorable for rapid germination.

SNAP BEANS FOR PROCESSING

South Carolina: The crop is in good condition. Heavy movement for fresh market is about over and purchases on the open market for processing should increase.

Delaware, Maryland and Virginia: Seed which was planted early in the season has germinated well and weather is favorable for rapid growth. Additional acreage is scheduled for planting during June.

New Jersey and Pennsylvania: Planting is still in progress. Frequent rains have been bothersome.

New York State: Planting continues. Soil moisture is adequate.

Michigan and Wisconsin: Limited plantings were made late in May but most of the acreage is expected to be planted in June.

Arkansas: Seed has germinated in the early fields.

Oregon and Washington: Favorable conditions are reported from the Northwest for planting and germination.

TOMATOES FOR PROCESSING

South Carolina: Tomatoes for processing are making satisfactory progress. June 1 reports indicate that normal yields are expected.

Delaware, Maryland and Virginia: Setting of plants in the fields was well advanced by June 1. They were making good progress.

Pennsylvania and New Jersey: Because of rainy weather during much of May, planting schedules were somewhat delayed.

Ohio, Indiana and Illinois: Wet weather also hampered growers in these 3 States. Considerable acreage remained to be planted after June 1.

Kentucky and Tennessee: Growing conditions were fairly satisfactory in these 2 States.

PROGRESS OF PLANTING AND CONDITION ON JUNE 1

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Arkansas, Oklahoma
and Missouri:

Prospects were irregular in the Ozarks. Some fields are late. Early fields in protected valleys are developing satisfactorily.

Colorado and Utah:

Fairly favorable conditions prevail for processing tomatoes in these States.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
 WASHINGTON, D. C.

(Truck Crops for Commercial Processing)

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SPINACH FOR PROCESSING
 ACREAGE AND INDICATED PRODUCTION
 1952, with Comparisons
 (Spring Crop)

The 1952 indicated production of spring-crop spinach for processing in the four States, Virginia, Maryland, Arkansas and Oklahoma, totals 17,050 tons, according to the U. S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics. This is about 26 percent less than the 23,000 tons of spring crop spinach estimated for 1951 and 3 percent below the average of 17,520 tons for the 1941-50 period.

Spring-crop acreage for 1952 harvest for processing in the four States is estimated at 10,600 acres. This compares with 13,030 acres harvested in the spring of 1951 and an average of 10,180 acres for the 1941-50 period.

SEASONAL GROUP AND STATE	ACREAGE		YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION			
	10-year: average: 1941-50		For 10-year: Harvested: 1951			10-year: average: 1951; 1952; average: 1951 1941-50; 1952; 1941-50			
	Acres	Tons	Acres	Tons	Acres	Tons	Tons		
Winter 1/.....	14,340	14,500	15,300	3.26	5.14	4.33	46,830	74,600	66,200
Spring:									
Virginia ...	870	800	600	2.3	3.0	3.0	2,130	2,400	1,800
Maryland ...	540	680	500	2.0	2.5	1.5	1,160	1,700	750
Arkansas ...	4,090	4,850	4,200	1.7	1.4	1.2	6,920	6,800	5,000
Oklahoma ...	4,680	6,700	5,300	1.5	1.8	1.8	7,310	12,100	9,500
Group total ..	10,180	13,030	10,600	1.72	1.76	1.61	17,520	23,000	17,050
Reptd. to date	24,520	27,530	25,900	2.61	3.55	3.21	64,350	97,600	83,250
Fall: 2/.....	9,780	4,300	---	2.40	3.23	---	22,310	13,870	Nov. 12 Due
ALL STATES	34,300	31,830	---	2.53	3.50	---	86,660	111,470	Nov. 12

1/ Data from March 10 release. Includes Texas and California.

2/ Arkansas, Maryland, New Jersey, Oklahoma and Virginia.

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BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
WASHINGTON, D. C.

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SNAP BEANS FOR PROCESSING
PRELIMINARY ACREAGE

(Truck Crops for Commercial Processing)

1952, with Comparisons

According to the U. S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics, a total of 127,930 acres of snap beans will be planted for processing in 1952. This preliminary estimate of the 1952 plantings compares with 130,130 acres planted last year and the average of 129,570 acres for the 1941-50 period.

Abandonment of planted acreage averaged about 5 percent annually during the past 10 years. If this loss is assumed for 1952, about 121,500 acres would be harvested in 1952. This would compare with 125,920 acres harvested in 1951 and a 1941-50 average of 123,200 acres.

Of this 1952 planted acreage, it is estimated that 108,370 acres are green varieties and 19,560 acres wax varieties. In 1951 the corresponding acreages were 113,160 and 16,970 acres respectively.

SNAP BEANS FOR PROCESSING

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PRELIMINARY ACREAGE, 1952 with Comparisons

STATE	PLANTED ACREAGE				<u>As percent of 10-year average 1941-50</u>
	10-year average 1941-50	1951 Revised	Pre- liminary	1952	
				Acres	Percent
Maine	2,800	2,950	2,550	91	86
New York	19,580	28,000	33,900	173	121
Pennsylvania.....	4,560	4,200	4,400	96	105
Michigan	7,330	6,400	6,500	89	102
Wisconsin	11,540	12,700	12,400	107	98
Missouri	1,080	450	350	32	78
Delaware	1,620	2,600	2,800	173	108
Maryland	11,490	14,600	13,500	117	92
Virginia	3,350	3,100	3,000	90	97
North Carolina	2,090	1,300	1,000	48	77
South Carolina	2,280	1,800	900	39	50
Georgia	2,080	200	200	10	100
Florida	10,780	10,400	7,500	70	72
Tennessee	4,830	5,500	6,600	137	120
Mississippi	2,340	1,500	1,300	56	87
Arkansas	10,650	7,000	5,600	53	80
Louisiana	2,800	430	650	23	151
Oklahoma	5,260	3,000	1,800	34	60
Texas	6,920	5,000	5,500	79	110
Colorado	1,440	1,500	1,500	104	100
Utah	660	640	600	91	94
Washington	2,270	2,300	2,100	93	91
Oregon	5,040	7,400	6,500	129	88
California	1,200	2,100	1,400	117	67
Other States 1/	5,580	5,060	5,380	96	106
U. S. TOTAL	129,570	130,130	127,930	98.7	98.3

1/ Alabama, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, New Mexico, Ohio, Vermont and Wyoming.

ACREAGE PLANTED BY TYPES: 1949-1952

STATE	1949		1950		1951 Revised		Indicated 1952	
	Green	Wax	Green	Wax	Green	Wax	Green	Wax
<u>Acres</u>								
Maine	1,370	1,980	1,300	1,250	1,210	1,740	840	1,710
New York	17,750	8,350	17,750	7,250	21,000	7,000	24,410	9,490
Pennsylvania ...	3,080	920	3,150	1,350	3,360	840	3,170	1,230
Michigan	5,470	2,130	5,070	1,430	4,740	1,660	4,810	1,690
Wisconsin.....	9,450	4,050	9,400	3,300	8,640	4,060	8,680	3,720
Missouri	900	—	800	—	450	—	350	—
Delaware	1,000	—	1,040	160	2,570	30	2,800	—
Maryland	11,000	500	9,030	1,470	14,600	—	12,960	540
Virginia	2,600	—	3,000	—	3,100	—	2,940	60
North Carolina .	1,400	—	2,000	—	1,300	—	1,000	—
South Carolina .	500	—	500	—	1,800	—	900	—
Georgia	200	—	500	—	200	—	200	—
Florida	6,700	—	7,500	—	10,400	—	7,500	—
Tennessee	4,400	—	5,500	—	5,500	—	6,600	—
Mississippi	2,000	—	1,500	—	1,500	—	1,300	—
Arkansas	7,640	160	7,800	—	6,790	210	5,600	—
Louisiana	1,200	—	900	—	430	—	650	—
Oklahoma	2,800	—	3,000	—	3,000	—	1,800	—
Texas	6,000	—	8,000	—	5,000	—	5,500	—
Colorado	1,160	340	1,130	270	1,180	320	1,200	300
Utah	440	60	700	60	640	—	560	40
Washington	2,670	30	2,400	100	2,230	70	2,020	80
Oregon	6,730	70	6,700	—	7,100	300	6,110	390
California	1,880	—	2,100	—	2,100	—	1,400	—
Other States 1/	3,510	440	3,870	440	4,320	740	5,070	310
U. S. TOTAL	101,850	19,030	104,640	17,080	113,160	16,970	108,370	19,560

1/ Alabama, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey,
New Mexico, Ohio, Vermont and Wyoming.

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(Truck Crops for Commercial Processing)

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SWEET CORN FOR PROCESSING
PRELIMINARY ACREAGE
1952, with Comparisons

The 1952 acreage of sweet corn planted or to be planted for canning or freezing is reported at 505,700 acres by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. This preliminary estimate of processing sweet corn plantings exceeds last year's plantings of 468,400 acres by 8 percent and the average for the 1941-50 period of 501,030 acres by nearly 1 percent.

Abandonment of planted acreage has averaged about 7 percent annually during the past 10 years. If this loss is assumed on the 1952 planted acreage, there will be about 470,000 acres for harvest this year. This would compare with a revised estimate of 432,500 acres harvested in 1951 and a 1941-50 average harvested acreage of 466,970 acres.

Plantings of Bantam and other yellow varieties in 1952 are expected to total 445,480 acres; with Country Gentlemen at 43,800 acres, Evergreen and Narrow Grain at 13,730 acres, and other white varieties at 2,690 acres. The corresponding figures for 1951 are: Bantam and other yellow varieties, 404,640 acres; Country Gentlemen, 43,930 acres; Evergreen and Narrow Grain, 13,560 acres; and other white varieties, 6,270 acres.

PRELIMINARY ACREAGE, 1952, with Comparisons

STATE	PLANTED ACREAGE				As percent of 10-year Average 1941-50
	10-year Average 1941-50	1951 Revised	Preliminary	1952	
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Percent	
Maine	11,950	9,300	10,100	85	109
New Hampshire	470	440	520	111	118
Vermont	1,020	790	880	86	111
New York	27,310	25,800	29,000	106	112
Pennsylvania	13,630	11,500	11,000	81	96
Ohio	23,160	15,400	15,400	66	100
Indiana	43,020	28,650	33,000	77	115
Illinois	69,570	64,300	69,400	100	108
Michigan	3,940	1,600	1,800	46	112
Wisconsin	90,460	102,500	113,800	126	111
Minnesota	83,860	83,000	91,300	109	110
Iowa	44,270	27,700	28,800	65	104
Nebraska	3,250	2,300	1,200	37	52
Delaware	4,070	4,200	4,200	103	100
Maryland	41,150	33,100	34,000	83	103
Virginia	780	800	1,100	141	138
Idaho	6,790	11,600	10,900	161	94
Utah	3,340	6,300	6,200	186	98
Washington	11,230	13,100	15,700	140	120
Oregon	7,720	14,300	15,000	194	105
Other States 1/	10,040	11,720	12,400	124	106
U. S. TOTAL	501,030	468,400	505,700	100.9	108.0

1/ Arkansas, Colorado, Montana, New Jersey, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas and Wyoming.

ACREAGE PLANTED BY TYPES AND VARIETIES: 1951 and 1952

STATES	Total Planted Acreage	1951					1952				
		White Varieties Evergreen and Nar- row Grain	Country Gentle- men	Bantam and Other White	other Yel- low Varie- ties	Total Planted Acreage	White Varieties Evergreen and Nar- row Grain	Country Gentle- men	Bantam and Other White	other Yel- low Varie- ties	
	Acres	- Acres -			Acres		- Acres -			Acres	
Maine	9,300	---	---	---	9,300	10,100	---	---	---	10,100	
New Hampshire.	440	---	---	---	440	520	---	---	---	520	
Vermont	790	---	---	---	790	880	---	---	---	880	
New York	25,800	---	---	---	25,800	29,000	---	---	---	29,000	
Pennsylvania .	11,500	1,380	460	---	9,660	11,000	1,100	550	440	8,910	
Ohio	15,400	1,230	2,000	---	12,170	15,400	1,540	620	---	13,240	
Indiana	28,650	4,870	10,030	---	13,750	33,000	5,280	9,240	990	17,490	
Illinois	64,300	---	22,500	---	41,800	69,400	---	23,600	---	45,800	
Michigan	1,600	---	---	---	1,600	1,800	---	---	---	1,800	
Wisconsin ...	102,500	1,030	1,030	1,020	99,420	113,800	2,270	1,140	1,140	109,250	
Minnesota ...	83,000	---	830	---	82,170	91,300	---	910	---	90,390	
Iowa	27,700	2,220	280	830	24,370	28,800	1,440	580	---	26,780	
Nebraska	2,300	---	---	---	2,300	1,200	---	---	---	1,200	
Delaware	4,200	---	---	1,510	2,690	4,200	130	120	---	3,950	
Maryland	33,100	330	4,300	2,650	25,820	34,000	680	4,760	---	28,560	
Virginia	800	180	170	---	.450	1,100	150	120	120	710	
Idaho	11,600	---	---	120	11,480	10,900	---	---	---	10,900	
Utah	6,300	---	---	---	6,300	6,200	---	---	---	6,200	
Washington ...	13,100	---	---	---	13,100	15,700	---	---	---	15,700	
Oregon	14,300	---	---	140	14,160	15,000	---	---	---	15,000	
Other States 1/	11,720	2,320	2,330	---	7,070	12,400	1,140	2,160	---	9,100	
U. S. TOTAL	468,400	13,560	43,930	6,270	404,640	505,700	13,730	43,800	2,690	445,480	

1/ Arkansas, Colorado, Montana, New Jersey, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas and Wyoming.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
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WASHINGTON, D. C.

(Truck Crops for Commercial Processing)

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CUCUMBERS FOR PICKLES
PRELIMINARY ACREAGE

1952, with Comparisons

The acreage planted to cucumbers for pickles this year is 161,350 acres, according to preliminary estimates of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. This exceeds last year's plantings of 152,180 acres by 6 percent and average plantings for the 1941-50 period of 127,020 acres by 27 percent.

Abandonment of planted acreage has averaged around 10 percent during the past 10 years. If such a loss is assumed for this year, about 145,200 acres will be harvested in 1952. This would compare with 140,600 acres harvested in 1951 and the 1941-50 average of 113,650 acres.

CUCUMBERS FOR PICKLES

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PRELIMINARY ACREAGE, 1952, with Comparisons

STATE	PLANTED ACREAGE				
	10-year Average 1941-50	1951 Revised	Pre- liminary	1952	
					As Percent of 10-year Average 1941-50
				<u>Acres</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Maine	540	820	710	131	87
Massachusetts	860	1,630	830	97	51
New York	1,160	1,200	1,600	138	133
Ohio	2,730	2,550	2,700	99	106
Indiana	5,470	3,500	3,800	69	109
Illinois	1,250	400	300	24	75
Michigan	38,660	47,600	52,400	136	110
Wisconsin	18,570	26,600	28,000	151	105
Minnesota	2,140	2,300	2,500	117	109
Iowa	1,220	520	400	33	77
Missouri	1,290	1,000	900	70	90
Delaware	1,560	1,200	1,200	77	100
Maryland	4,620	3,500	3,600	78	103
Virginia	4,990	6,600	6,700	134	102
North Carolina	8,000	12,100	11,000	138	91
South Carolina	1,890	4,500	4,400	233	98
Georgia	5,400	6,400	7,000	130	109
Texas	4,890	5,300	5,600	115	106
Colorado	2,550	3,000	3,900	153	130
Washington	850	1,000	1,000	118	100
Oregon	1,440	1,750	1,500	104	86
California	3,000	3,500	4,000	133	114
Other States <u>1/</u>	13,940	15,210	17,310	124	114
U. S. TOTAL	127,020	152,180	161,350	127.0	106.0

1/ Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee and Utah.

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(Truck Crops for Commercial Processing)

GREEN PEAS FOR PROCESSING
ACREAGE AND INDICATED PRODUCTION
1952, with Comparisons

The 1952 indicated production of green peas for processing is 480,940 tons, according to the United States Bureau of Agricultural Economics. This estimate, which is based on conditions as of June 15, is about 5 percent less than the 1951 production of 509,890 tons but 16 percent more than the 1941-50 average production of 415,110 tons.

The preliminary estimate of acreage for harvest is 446,200 acres. This compares with 446,610 acres harvested in 1951 and an average of 421,760 acres for the 1941-50 period. In arriving at the estimate of acreage for harvest in 1952, allowance was made for abandoned acreage and diversion of acreage to dry or seed peas, about in line with the average abandonment and diversion for recent years.

The indicated 1952 yield per acre, based on June 15 conditions, is 2,156 pounds per acre. This compares with 2,283 pounds obtained in 1951 and an average of 1,962 pounds for the 1941-50 period.

GREEN PEAS FOR PROCESSING

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ACREAGE AND INDICATED PRODUCTION, 1952, with Comparisons

STATE	10-year Harvested average 1941-50	10-year Harvest average 1951 revised	YIELD PER ACRE	PRODUCTION			
				1951	1951 revised	1951	1952
Maine	6,180	9,170	8,450	1,630	2,130	1,750	5,030
New York	34,040	28,700	28,500	1,690	1,880	1,900	29,720
Pennsylvania.	14,600	11,900	12,800	2,220	2,470	2,300	16,230
Ohio.....	5,180	2,700	2,500	1,410	1,850	1,600	3,740
Indiana	7,920	3,200	2,600	1,420	1,670	1,500	5,610
Illinois	19,520	27,400	28,000	2,100	2,310	2,300	20,600
Michigan	9,160	6,300	5,600	1,540	1,800	1,650	7,220
Wisconsin ...	135,410	129,300	134,000	1,900	2,480	2,250	128,800
Minnesota ...	40,410	53,400	55,500	1,770	2,010	2,000	35,660
Iowa	3,790	4,000	4,950	1,890	1,740	2,100	3,630
Delaware	2,810	2,300	2,600	1,520	2,190	2,100	2,040
Maryland	11,170	8,890	7,800	1,970	2,500	2,250	10,530
Virginia	2,630	2,100	2,100	1,390	1,880	1,700	1,710
Idaho	5,160	9,600	9,000	2,790	2,160	2,400	6,750
Colorado	4,300	3,500	3,600	1,880	2,480	1,800	4,050
Utah	13,260	9,300	8,300	2,880	3,010	2,500	19,260
Washington ..	47,250	61,200	57,500	2,220	2,430	2,300	51,660
Oregon	42,680	54,600	55,000	2,400	1,980	1,950	47,340
California ..	5,000	10,300	10,100	1,850	2,640	2,580	4,830
Other States ¹	11,290	8,750	7,300	1,888	2,777	2,479	10,700
U. S. TOTAL	421,760	446,610	446,200	1,962	2,283	2,156	415,110
							509,890
							480,940

^{1/} Arkansas, Georgia, Kansas, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, Oklahoma, Tennessee, West Virginia and Wyoming.