



Crop Progress

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Cotton Harvested – Selected States

[These 15 States harvested 99% of the 2019 cotton acreage]

State	Week ending			2015-2019 Average
	November 22, 2019	November 15, 2020	November 22, 2020	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	90	71	81	83
Arizona	68	61	66	67
Arkansas	97	95	99	99
California	83	60	80	84
Georgia	83	61	73	77
Kansas	58	42	51	52
Louisiana	99	97	99	99
Mississippi	93	91	95	96
Missouri	90	78	91	95
North Carolina	88	59	64	81
Oklahoma	70	54	70	67
South Carolina	90	59	68	75
Tennessee	85	78	90	90
Texas	65	68	74	60
Virginia	92	40	49	90
15 States	75	69	77	71

Sorghum Harvested – Selected States

[These 6 States harvested 100% of the 2019 sorghum acreage]

State	Week ending			2015-2019 Average
	November 22, 2019	November 15, 2020	November 22, 2020	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	98	96	99	92
Kansas	96	91	95	91
Nebraska	87	97	100	93
Oklahoma	93	82	93	92
South Dakota	81	99	100	92
Texas	100	100	100	95
6 States	96	94	97	92

Peanuts Harvested – Selected States

[These 8 States harvested 96% of the 2019 peanut acreage]

State	Week ending			2015-2019 Average
	November 22, 2019	November 15, 2020	November 22, 2020	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	96	91	96	93
Florida	100	98	100	98
Georgia	98	86	95	95
North Carolina	90	79	86	91
Oklahoma	89	82	95	89
South Carolina	97	83	90	86
Texas	76	67	82	82
Virginia	100	84	95	99
8 States	95	85	93	93

Sunflowers Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 86% of the 2019 sunflower acreage]

State	Week ending			2015-2019 Average
	November 22, 2019	November 15, 2020	November 22, 2020	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	96	99	100	90
Kansas	93	91	95	88
North Dakota	39	93	95	79
South Dakota	57	81	89	82
4 States	53	88	92	81

Winter Wheat Emerged – Selected States

[These 18 States planted 91% of the 2019 winter wheat acreage]

State	Week ending			2015-2019 Average
	November 22, 2019	November 15, 2020	November 22, 2020	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	80	69	76	79
California	37	30	45	46
Colorado	93	92	94	97
Idaho	97	94	95	95
Illinois	89	92	96	91
Indiana	87	85	91	90
Kansas	88	88	92	91
Michigan	84	96	99	91
Missouri	74	68	81	78
Montana	79	92	94	91
Nebraska	100	95	97	99
North Carolina	56	49	61	51
Ohio	99	96	100	95
Oklahoma	91	87	92	91
Oregon	83	74	83	79
South Dakota	99	94	97	99
Texas	74	70	77	77
Washington	89	95	96	90
18 States	86	85	89	88

Winter Wheat Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 22, 2020

[These 18 States planted 91% of the 2019 winter wheat acreage]

State	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	4	8	39	39	10
California	-	-	5	75	20
Colorado	19	24	40	16	1
Idaho	-	-	48	36	16
Illinois	4	3	23	51	19
Indiana	1	6	30	54	9
Kansas	8	18	45	26	3
Michigan	2	4	20	56	18
Missouri	1	8	40	46	5
Montana	2	4	9	74	11
Nebraska	4	16	41	36	3
North Carolina	2	4	20	68	6
Ohio	1	3	24	56	16
Oklahoma	4	10	38	47	1
Oregon	3	15	37	34	11
South Dakota	1	2	33	60	4
Texas	7	31	38	19	5
Washington	1	2	21	62	14
18 States	6	15	36	37	6
Previous week	5	13	36	41	5
Previous year	4	10	34	41	11

- Represents zero.

Days Suitable for Fieldwork - Selected States

[Days suitable for fieldwork are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Week ending		
	November 22, 2019	November 15, 2020	November 22, 2020
	(Days)	(Days)	(Days)
Alabama	5.0	5.5	6.8
Arizona	5.2	6.7	7.0
Arkansas	3.4	6.7	6.3
California	5.3	6.7	7.0
Colorado	5.6	6.3	6.8
Connecticut	5.0	7.0	6.0
Delaware	3.0	3.0	5.5
Florida	6.6	5.6	6.6
Georgia	5.3	4.4	6.6
Idaho	5.6	3.1	2.9
Illinois	4.0	5.1	5.6
Indiana	4.0	5.5	5.4
Iowa	4.5	4.6	6.3
Kansas	5.6	6.1	6.4
Kentucky	4.1	5.2	5.4
Louisiana	4.0	6.9	7.0
Maine	0.5	7.0	7.0
Maryland	5.0	3.0	6.0
Massachusetts	5.0	7.0	6.0
Michigan	3.7	5.1	5.5
Minnesota	4.9	3.7	4.7
Mississippi	4.2	6.3	6.7
Missouri	4.5	5.0	5.4
Montana	2.7	2.0	2.9
Nebraska	5.7	4.4	6.5
Nevada	3.0	6.5	6.2
New Hampshire	2.5	6.4	6.4
New Jersey	6.0	4.5	5.0
New Mexico	5.5	6.6	6.6
New York	3.5	4.5	3.5
North Carolina	4.2	3.2	4.9
North Dakota	4.0	5.4	5.1
Ohio	4.4	5.1	4.8
Oklahoma	5.5	6.4	6.3
Oregon	5.9	4.2	4.6
Pennsylvania	4.5	4.5	5.0
Rhode Island	6.0	5.0	6.0
South Carolina	5.2	4.2	6.2
South Dakota	5.7	5.2	6.5
Tennessee	4.2	5.6	6.4
Texas	6.1	5.6	5.6
Utah	6.3	5.7	7.0
Vermont	1.5	4.0	3.0
Virginia	5.4	3.5	5.9
Washington	4.0	4.7	5.1
West Virginia	5.4	5.3	6.0
Wisconsin	4.2	4.4	5.6
Wyoming	4.1	6.3	6.8

Topsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 22, 2020

[National topsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short (percent)	Short (percent)	Adequate (percent)	Surplus (percent)
Alabama	6	27	67	-
Arizona	10	11	79	-
Arkansas	1	13	77	9
California	70	5	25	-
Colorado	50	37	13	-
Connecticut	1	2	96	1
Delaware	-	-	53	47
Florida	4	11	53	32
Georgia	4	41	53	2
Idaho	20	35	43	2
Illinois	11	17	70	2
Indiana	5	20	69	6
Iowa	13	31	56	-
Kansas	23	43	33	1
Kentucky	1	10	81	8
Louisiana	2	22	74	2
Maine	1	3	96	-
Maryland	-	6	39	55
Massachusetts	1	2	96	1
Michigan	2	9	80	9
Minnesota	2	10	83	5
Mississippi	2	29	67	2
Missouri	6	23	68	3
Montana	11	47	42	-
Nebraska	20	44	35	1
Nevada	15	25	55	5
New Hampshire	38	50	12	-
New Jersey	-	-	85	15
New Mexico	32	49	16	3
New York	2	9	78	11
North Carolina	-	1	69	30
North Dakota	26	41	32	1
Ohio	1	10	75	14
Oklahoma	6	35	58	1
Oregon	11	29	57	3
Pennsylvania	12	7	81	-
Rhode Island	-	-	100	-
South Carolina	1	9	75	15
South Dakota	14	39	47	-
Tennessee	-	18	79	3
Texas	25	44	24	7
Utah	18	57	25	-
Vermont	-	-	75	25
Virginia	-	-	76	24
Washington	2	21	69	8
West Virginia	10	33	52	5
Wisconsin	2	11	76	11
Wyoming	30	37	33	-
48 States	14	28	54	4
Previous week	14	27	54	5
Previous year	5	12	66	17

- Represents zero.

Subsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 22, 2020

[National subsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short (percent)	Short (percent)	Adequate (percent)	Surplus (percent)
Alabama	5	14	81	-
Arizona	9	11	80	-
Arkansas	3	13	75	9
California	75	5	20	-
Colorado	45	40	15	-
Connecticut	1	24	75	-
Delaware	-	-	51	49
Florida	4	10	51	35
Georgia	6	39	54	1
Idaho	24	40	36	-
Illinois	11	25	63	1
Indiana	10	25	61	4
Iowa	22	35	43	-
Kansas	23	41	35	1
Kentucky	1	9	84	6
Louisiana	2	12	82	4
Maine	1	11	88	-
Maryland	-	2	42	56
Massachusetts	1	20	79	-
Michigan	4	14	75	7
Minnesota	4	14	77	5
Mississippi	4	25	65	6
Missouri	6	30	63	1
Montana	16	49	35	-
Nebraska	24	40	35	1
Nevada	20	30	45	5
New Hampshire	71	23	6	-
New Jersey	-	-	80	20
New Mexico	40	45	13	2
New York	7	8	70	15
North Carolina	-	1	68	31
North Dakota	26	39	33	2
Ohio	3	13	76	8
Oklahoma	4	40	55	1
Oregon	36	29	34	1
Pennsylvania	7	27	66	-
Rhode Island	-	50	50	-
South Carolina	-	6	69	25
South Dakota	18	42	40	-
Tennessee	-	15	82	3
Texas	24	44	25	7
Utah	25	39	36	-
Vermont	-	15	85	-
Virginia	-	2	82	16
Washington	2	26	69	3
West Virginia	9	37	51	3
Wisconsin	2	11	77	10
Wyoming	50	28	22	-
48 States	16	30	50	4
Previous week	16	29	50	5
Previous year	5	13	67	15

- Represents zero.

Crop Progress and Condition Tables Expected Next Week

Cotton: Harvested
Peanuts: Harvested
Sunflowers: Harvested
Winter Wheat: Emerged, Condition

Days Suitable for Fieldwork
Topsoil Moisture Condition
Subsoil Moisture Condition

Statistical Methodology

Survey Procedures: Crop progress and condition estimates are based on survey data collected each week from early April through the end of November. The non-probability crop progress and condition surveys include input from approximately 3,600 respondents whose occupations provide them opportunities to make visual observations and frequently bring them in contact with farmers in their counties. Based on standard definitions, these respondents subjectively estimate the progress of crops through various stages of development, as well as the progress of producer activities. They also provide subjective evaluations of crop conditions.

Most respondents complete their questionnaires on Friday or early Monday morning and submit them to the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) Field Offices in their States by mail, telephone, fax, e-mail, or through a secured internet website. A small number of reports are completed on Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday. Regardless of when questionnaires are completed, respondents are asked to report for the entire week ending on Sunday. For reports submitted prior to the Sunday reference date, a degree of uncertainty is introduced by projections for weekend changes in progress and condition. By the end of the 2019 season, over 95 percent of the data were being submitted through the internet website. As a result, the majority of all data are submitted on Monday morning, significantly reducing projection uncertainty.

Respondents are sent written reporting instructions at the beginning of each season and are contacted periodically to ensure proper reporting. Terms and definitions of crop stages and condition categories used as reporting guidelines are available on the NASS website at www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/National_Crop_Progress.

Estimating Procedures: Reported data are reviewed for reasonableness and consistency by comparing with data reported the previous week and data reported in surrounding counties for the current week. Field Offices summarize the reported data to district and State levels, weighting each county's reported data by NASS county acreage estimates. Summarized indications are compared with previous week estimates, and progress items are compared with earlier stages of development and historical averages to ensure reasonableness. Weather events and respondent comments are also taken into consideration. State estimates are submitted to the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB) along with supporting comments, where they are compared with surrounding States and compiled into a National level summary by weighting each State by its acreage estimates. National crop planting progress, progress of development stages, and condition estimates are weighted using the program State's average planted acres over the previous three crop years. National crop harvest progress estimates are weighted using the program State's average harvested acres over the previous three crop years. Pasture and range condition is weighted using pasture acreage and/or livestock inventories from the most recent Census of Agriculture. Days suitable for fieldwork, topsoil moisture and subsoil moisture are weighted using cropland acreage from the Census of Agriculture.

Revision Policy: Progress and condition estimates in the *Crop Progress* report are released after 4:00 pm ET on the first business day of the week. These estimates are subject to revision the following week.

Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity statisticians in the Crops Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@usda.gov

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Chris Hawthorn, Head, Field Crops Section	(202) 720-2127
Irwin Anolik – Crop Weather	(202) 720-7621
Joshua Bates – Oats, Soybeans	(202) 690-3234
David Colwell – Current Agricultural Industrial Reports	(202) 720-8800
Becky Sommer – Cotton, Cotton Ginnings, Sorghum	(202) 720-5944
James Johanson – Barley, County Estimates, Hay	(202) 690-8533
Greg Lemmons – Corn, Flaxseed, Proso Millet	(202) 720-9526
Jean Porter – Rye, Wheat	(202) 720-8068
John Stephens – Peanuts, Rice	(202) 720-7688
Travis Thorson – Sunflower, Other Oilseeds	(202) 720-7369

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- Both national and state specific reports are available via a free e-mail subscription. To set-up this free subscription, visit www.nass.usda.gov and click on “National” or “State” in upper right corner above “search” box to create an account and select the reports you would like to receive.
- Cornell’s Mann Library has launched a new website housing NASS’s and other agency’s archived reports. The new website, <https://usda.library.cornell.edu>. All email subscriptions containing reports will be sent from the new website, <https://usda.library.cornell.edu>. To continue receiving the reports via e-mail, you will have to go to the new website, create a new account and re-subscribe to the reports. If you need instructions to set up an account or subscribe, they are located at: <https://usda.library.cornell.edu/help>. You should whitelist notifications@usda-esmis.library.cornell.edu in your email client to avoid the emails going into spam/junk folders.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@usda.gov.

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