

CROP PRODUCTION

Released: June 29, 1982
3:00 P.M. ET



Statistical Reporting
Service

U.S. Department
of Agriculture

Washington, D.C.
20250

ACREAGE

HIGHLIGHTS

CORN planted for all purposes is estimated at 82.1 million acres (33.2 million hectares), down 3 percent from the February 1 intentions and 2 percent below the 1981 planted acreage. Growers plan to harvest 73.6 million acres (29.8 million hectares) for grain in 1982, down 1 percent from 1981.

SORGHUM planted for all purposes is estimated at 15.1 million acres (6.10 million hectares), down 6 percent from 1981 and 4 percent less than 1980.

FEED GRAIN planted acreage (corn, sorghum, oats, and barley) totals 121 million acres (49.0 million hectares), down 2 percent from 1981. Acreage intended for grain, placed at 106 million acres (43.1 million hectares), is fractionally below last year.

ALL WHEAT acreage seeded is estimated to be 87.2 million acres (35.3 million hectares), down 2 percent from 1981. Durum wheat seeded acreage, at 4.35 million acres (1.76 million hectares), is down 26 percent from 1981. Other spring wheat, at 16.6 million acres (6.71 million hectares) seeded, is 3 percent below 1981. Winter wheat acreage for harvest, at a record high 59.0 million acres (23.9 million hectares), is 1 percent above last year.

FOOD GRAIN seeded acreage (wheat, rice and rye), at 93.1 million acres (37.7 million hectares), is 2 percent below 1981. Acreage harvested and to be harvested for grain is placed at 83.5 million acres (33.8 million hectares), down 2 percent from 1981.

COTTON acreage planted is estimated at 11.6 million acres (4.68 million hectares), 19 percent below last year and 20 percent less than in 1980.

SOYBEAN area planted is estimated at a record high 72.2 million acres (29.2 million hectares) in 1982, up 6 percent from 1981 and 3 percent above 1980.

OILSEEDS planted acreage (cotton, flaxseed, peanuts, soybeans and sunflowers) totals 90.8 million acres (36.8 million hectares), 3 percent more than planted in 1981.

Estimates in this Acreage report are based on surveys conducted around June 1. Data were not subjectively adjusted to reflect changes occurring after that date. Progress of corn, soybeans, sorghum, and cotton planting was behind normal in several States at that time and rains during June further delayed planting. Acreage update surveys will be conducted in several States in July and updated estimates of area planted and to be harvested will be published August 11 in the Crop Production report.

DATA SOURCES AND RELIABILITY

This acreage report is based on surveys conducted about June 1 using a probability area frame survey with a sample of nearly 16 thousand land area segments, and a mail survey with responses from about 127 thousand growers. Data for some commodities are also obtained from processors. For the area frame survey, trained interviewers collect the data by personal enumeration, accounting for all land area within the boundaries of the sample segments and recording acreages devoted to each crop or use, including intended use for crops not fully planted. Growers responding voluntarily to the mail survey provide acreages for the individual crops grown or intended to be grown on their farms.

These surveys are subject to sampling and non-sampling type errors that are common to all surveys. Sampling variability is present because crop acreages are obtained from only a sample of producers rather than from all producers. Non-sampling errors cannot be measured directly but can occur due to mistakes in reporting and recording, data omissions or duplications, errors in processing, and other reasons. To minimize non-sampling type errors, rigorous quality controls are used in the data collection process, and all reported and summary data are carefully reviewed for consistency and reasonableness.

Sampling errors are estimated for the probability area frame survey. This variation is measured by the relative standard errors and presented in the table below for some of the major crop acreages at the U.S. level. Used as a measure of survey reliability, a relative standard error of 2 percent means chances are about 2 out of 3 that the survey estimate will be within 2 percent of the complete coverage value if the same procedures were used to survey all producers, or 9 chances in 10 that the estimate will be within 3.3 percent of the complete coverage value. These sampling errors provide some guidance as to the reliability of the data, but cannot be applied directly to the acreages published in this report since the Crop Reporting Board estimates represent a composite of information from more than a single survey source.

RELATIVE SAMPLING ERRORS FOR U.S. PLANTED ACREAGES
SRS AREA FRAME SURVEY
JUNE 1982

<u>CROP</u>	<u>SAMPLING ERROR-PERCENT</u>
BARLEY	3.8
CORN	1.1
COTTON (UPLAND)	3.4
HAY, ALL (FOR HARVEST)	1.8
OATS	2.6
SORGHUM	4.1
SOYBEANS	1.2
WHEAT - WINTER	1.5
OTHER SPRING	3.3
DURUM	7.2

A P P R O V E D:

William B. Lester

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UNITED STATES CROP SUMMARY
(DOMESTIC UNITS)

CROP	AREA PLANTED FOR ALL PURPOSES				AREA HARVESTED 1/			
	1980	1981	1982	1982/1981	1980	1981	IND 1982	1982/1981
	1,000 ACRES				PERCENT			
ALL CORN	84,047	84,153	82,129	97.6	73,030	74,624	73,593	98.6
ALL SORGHUM	15,644	16,024	15,074	94.1	12,522	13,726	13,159	95.9
OATS	13,377	13,646	14,211	104.1	8,652	9,411	10,466	111.2
BARLEY	8,339	9,741	9,641	99.0	7,275	9,151	9,196	100.5
ALL WHEAT	80,637	88,864	87,197	98.1	70,984	80,948	79,510	98.2
WINTER	57,620	65,917	66,271	100.5	51,494	58,589	59,038	100.8
DURUM	5,525	5,876	4,350	74.0	4,840	5,755	4,267	74.1
OTHER SPRING	17,492	17,071	16,576	97.1	14,650	16,604	16,205	97.6
RICE	3,380.0	3,842.0	3,320.0	86.4	3,312.0	3,804.0	3,286.0	86.4
RYE	2,537	2,594	2,621	101.0	675	697	700	100.4
SOYBEANS	70,037	68,000	72,157	106.1	67,856	66,688	70,881	106.3
FLAXSEED	779	645	860	133.3	683	617	830	134.5
PEANUTS	1,521.4	1,517.7	1,324.5	87.3	1,398.8	1,493.3	1,295.4	86.7
SUNFLOWERS	3,910	3,865	4,940	127.8	3,683	3,811	4,870	127.8
ALL COTTON	14,533.8	14,330.1	11,568.4	80.7	13,214.8	13,841.2		
UPLAND	14,461.3	14,271.5	11,497.3	80.6	13,143.1	13,783.2		
AMER-PIMA	72.5	58.6	71.1	121.3	71.7	58.0		
ALL HAY					59,362	60,212	60,521	100.5
ALFALFA					26,244	26,394	26,537	100.5
ALL OTHER					33,118	33,818	33,984	100.5
DRY EDIBLE BEANS	1,882.0	2,320.0	1,920.0	82.8	1,821.0	2,201.0	1,856.0	84.3
SUMMER POTATOES	92.9	96.6	98.3	101.8	90.1	95.0	96.5	101.6
SWEETPOTATOES	107.8	112.7	117.4	104.2	102.2	109.3	114.0	104.3
TOBACCO					920.5	973.7	919.3	94.4
SUGARBEETS	1,231.3	1,257.6	1,064.8	84.7	1,189.5	1,229.1	1,041.8	84.8
SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR AND SEED					732.7	755.4	756.5	100.1

1/ HARVESTED FOR PRINCIPAL USE OF EACH CROP, I.E., GRAIN, BEANS, NUTS, ETC.

UNITED STATES CROP SUMMARY
(METRIC UNITS)

CROP	AREA PLANTED FOR ALL PURPOSES				AREA HARVESTED 1/			
	1980	1981	1982	1982/1981	1980	1981	IND 1982	1982/1981
	HECTARES				PERCENT			
ALL CORN	34 012 980	34 055 880	33 236 790	97.6	29 554 510	30 199 590	29 782 350	98.6
ALL SORGHUM	6 330 970	6 484 750	6 100 300	94.1	5 067 530	5 554 770	5 325 320	95.9
OATS	5 413 540	5 522 400	5 751 050	104.1	3 501 380	3 808 540	4 235 490	111.2
BARLEY	3 374 710	3 942 090	3 901 620	99.0	2 944 120	3 703 320	3 721 530	100.5
ALL WHEAT	32 632 990	35 962 370	35 287 750	98.1	28 726 520	32 758 840	32 176 900	98.2
WINTER	23 318 240	26 675 950	26 819 210	100.5	20 839 110	23 710 380	23 892 090	100.8
DURUM	2 235 910	2 377 960	1 760 400	74.0	1 958 700	2 328 990	1 726 810	74.1
OTHER SPRING	7 078 840	6 908 460	6 708 140	97.1	5 928 710	6 719 470	6 558 000	97.6
RICE	1 367 850	1 554 820	1 343 570	86.4	1 340 330	1 539 440	1 329 810	86.4
RYE	1 026 700	1 049 770	1 060 690	101.0	273 170	282 070	283 280	100.4
SOYBEANS	28 343 270	27 518 920	29 201 220	106.1	27 460 640	26 987 970	28 684 830	106.3
FLAXSEED	315 250	261 030	348 030	133.3	276 400	249 690	335 890	134.5
PEANUTS	615 700	614 200	536 010	87.3	566 080	604 320	524 240	86.7
SUNFLOWERS	1 582 340	1 564 130	1 999 170	127.8	1 490 470	1 542 270	1 970 840	127.8
ALL COTTON	5 881 680	5 799 240	4 681 610	80.7	5 347 900	5 601 390		
UPLAND	5 852 340	5 775 530	4 652 840	80.6	5 318 880	5 577 920		
AMER-PIMA	29 340	23 710	28 770	121.3	29 020	23 470		
ALL HAY					24 023 200	24 367 200	24 492 240	100.5
ALFALFA					10 620 680	10 681 390	10 739 260	100.5
ALL OTHER					13 402 520	13 685 810	13 752 980	100.5
DRY EDIBLE BEANS	761 630	938 880	777 000	82.8	736 940	890 720	751 100	84.3
SUMMER POTATOES	37 600	39 090	39 780	101.8	36 460	38 450	39 050	101.6
SWEETPOTATOES	43 630	45 610	47 510	104.2	41 360	44 230	46 130	104.3
TOBACCO					372 520	394 050	372 030	94.4
SUGARBEETS	498 290	508 940	430 910	84.7	481 380	497 400	421 610	84.8
SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR AND SEED					296 520	305 700	306 150	100.1

1/ HARVESTED FOR PRINCIPAL USE OF EACH CROP, I.E., GRAIN, BEANS, NUTS, ETC.

1982 PLANTING PROGRESS

Arctic air dominated most of the Nation during January. Freezing temperatures plunged southward into the Valleys of California, the lower Rio Grande Valley in southern Texas, and Florida. Damage to vegetables in California and Texas was slight, but a hard freeze through most of Florida caused severe damage to citrus and vegetables. Freezing rain and very cold weather across the south caused severe hardships and property damage. Precipitation was above normal in most of the Nation; snow piled to record depths in parts of the northern Mississippi Valley.

Very cold weather during the first half of February broke records in the central Plains and in parts of the Midwest. Snow cover, extending southward into northern Texas, helped protect winter grains from the frigid weather. Outdoor activities were held to a minimum during most of the month by cold and wet weather. However, mild temperatures at the end of February melted much of the snow and encouraged growth of crops and pastures. Early planting got underway in southern areas. Wet fields persisted in the Southeast and delayed spring fieldwork. By the end of February, corn planting had started in the extreme South from Texas to Georgia. Grain sorghum planting was underway in southern Texas. Tobacco growers prepared plantbeds and began seeding the crop. Transplanting was underway in Florida on a limited scale. Cotton growers prepared land for planting. Deciduous fruit growers pruned and sprayed trees. Vegetable planting and harvesting activities centered in California, the Southwest, Texas, and Florida.

Rain and wet fields delayed spring fieldwork in much of the Southeast during March. Melting snow and heavy rains at midmonth caused flooding in many areas, especially south of the Great Lakes. This halted spring fieldwork and caused damage to some winter grains. At the end of March, freezing temperatures moved southward, damaging early blooming fruit trees from Virginia to Georgia. Some freeze damage also became evident from the extremely cold winter weather. Corn planting extended as far north as Virginia and into parts of Kansas as March ended. In the South, the crop was emerging; stands were fair to good. Grain sorghum planting centered in Texas and was running slightly ahead of normal. Cotton planting was concentrated in Arizona and Texas. Planting in these two States was in full swing as the month ended and was getting underway in other areas. Earliest plantings produced good stands. Cool, wet weather delayed cotton and rice planting in California. Tobacco transplanting was well along in Georgia and neared completion in Florida.

Unusually cool weather dominated most of the Nation during April. The cool weather slowed crop development in southern areas and delayed early planting in other areas. Untimely rains and wet fields slowed land preparations and spring planting during most of April. Clear weather throughout the Corn Belt during the last week of the month allowed fields to dry and permitted farmers to make up for time lost in previous weeks. However, in the Southeast, continued wet conditions slowed fieldwork and promoted plant diseases. Timely rains fell in the central and southern Plains at the end of April providing much-needed moisture for winter wheat. Corn planting started in the Corn Belt during the last week of the month, slightly later than normal. By May 2, 20% of the acreage had been seeded in the 17 major producing States, 2 points behind both last year and average. Planting was underway in all major States except Michigan and South Dakota. Cotton planting advanced to 27% complete by May 2, well behind last year's rapid pace of 45% finished. Progress lagged the average in all major States because of the late, wet spring. Early-planted cotton in the Lower Valley of Texas was starting to square. Spring wheat was only 30% seeded by May 2, 19 points behind average and 45 points later than last year's rapid pace. Planting was behind schedule in all States except Idaho, because of the late spring and wet field conditions. Grain sorghum planting moved northward into Missouri and Oklahoma, although most activity centered in southern areas. Planting in Texas was 66% finished by May 2, 4 points behind average. Soybean seeding was just getting underway at the end of April. Rice seeding reached 38% completion by May 2, 29 points slower than a year earlier. Progress was behind normal in all areas.

During May, warmer, clear weather in eastern portions of the Corn Belt allowed rapid planting of corn and soybeans. However, nearly continuous rain in western areas of the Corn Belt through the central Plains kept farmers out of the fields most of the month. Timely rains and warmer weather in the eastern Corn Belt allowed planting to approach completion and promoted excellent germination and early growth of crops. Planting progress in the western region fell far behind schedule as producers waited for fields to dry. By the end of May, corn planting was 82% finished -- average progress is 90%. Planting was 49 percentage points slower than average in Nebraska, 25 points late in Iowa, and 27 points slower than average in South Dakota. Producers in Georgia, Indiana, and Ohio had finished planting corn by the end of the month.

Early-planted fields in the South were beginning to silk. Soybean planting reached 50% completion by the end of May, lagging the average progress of 58%. Planting in Iowa fell 66 percentage points behind average, and in Nebraska, planting was 57 points behind average. In contrast, planting in Ohio neared completion, 39 points ahead of schedule. At the end of May, sorghum planting was 38% finished, lagging the average progress of 55%. Because of wet weather, progress fell 56 percentage points behind average in Nebraska, 22 in South Dakota and 15 points behind in Kansas. As May ended, 74% of the cotton acreage had been planted, compared with 88% a year earlier. Early-planted fields in southern Texas were squaring. Spring wheat seeding reached 87% completion at the end of the month, 6 points slower than average. The crop had emerged on 68% of the acreage. Ample soil moisture supplies should promote good growth of the crop. Peanut planting neared completion in the Southeast; some fields began blooming. Tobacco transplanting was in full swing where weather permitted.

The percentage of major U.S. crop acreages planted by June 1 are shown below:

ACREAGE PLANTED BY JUNE 1, U.S., 1978-82

CROP	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
CORN	80	95	97	87	82
SORGHUM	50	57	59	54	38
OATS	96	95	100	100	97
BARLEY	86	86	100	100	92
SOYBEANS	41	60	65	46	50
COTTON	77	80	81	88	74
SPRING WHEAT	93	82	100	100	87

SPRING WEATHER REVIEW

SUMMARY -- Winter weather persisted early in March as a cold outbreak plunged southward through the Plains and spread over the Nation. Subsequent warm weather melted snow and caused flooding in the area south of the Great Lakes. Freezes in late March and early April severely damaged fruit from New Jersey to Georgia and in the west coast region. Warm, open weather began in late April in the eastern Corn Belt but near continuous wet weather occurred in the western Corn Belt. Thunderstorms produced deluges of rain in the central Plains and elsewhere during May.

MARCH...Pacific storms lashed the west coast with wind and rain early in the month. Snow accumulated in the mountains and over the central Plateau. Showers brought needed moisture to the Southwest during the first three weeks of the month. Snow covered the central Plains early in the second week before a cold outbreak carried freezing temperatures southward into Mexico. The cold air spread over all of the Nation except the extreme Southeast and the west coastal region. After the cold outbreak, warm weather spread over the East. Snow began melting as far north as the Great Lakes and thunderstorms brought heavy rains to the South. Early morning freezing temperatures reached the Pacific coast in Washington and Oregon, and late in the month, thunderstorms brought hail to parts of California. In the last days of the month a cold front brought freezing temperatures into the Southeast from Virginia to Georgia.

APRIL...Unusually cool weather dominated most of the Nation. Early in the month, record cold temperatures were reported across the northern tier of States, and another freeze occurred from the mid-Atlantic States to Georgia. Heavy rain and snow in the mountains continued over much of the west coast. Some heavy snow fell in the northern Rockies. Rain in the Southeast further delayed spring fieldwork. Winter wheat greened in the southern Plains but cool weather slowed development. Dry weather occurred in parts of an area from western Texas through eastern Colorado.

MAY...Warm, open weather prevailed in the Corn Belt from Illinois eastward but wet weather later in the month slowed development. Heavy rain frequented the western Corn Belt. Thunderstorms produced severe weather and some heavy downpours from central Texas to southeastern Minnesota. Showers and thunderstorms spread into the dry areas of eastern Colorado and western Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas. The weather was cool through the Rockies. Some snow fell in the northern Rockies while cold rain reached out over the High Plains and stressed livestock.

CORN: Corn planted for all purposes is estimated at 82.1 million acres (33.2 million hectares), down 3 percent from the February 1 intentions and 2 percent from the 1981 planted acres. All regions showed a decrease in planted acres from last year except the Western States, which showed a 10 percent increase. The major producing North Central Region showed a 1 percent decline while the Northeast showed a 3 percent reduction in planted acres. In the southern States, the planted acreage was down 14 percent from last year. Farmers in this region are showing large increases in winter wheat acreage and soybeans.

Growers expect to harvest 73.6 million acres (29.8 million hectares) for grain in 1982, down 1 percent from 1981. This is 90 percent of the planted acres.

Planting was running behind average with 82 percent of the crop planted by May 30 compared with an average of 90 percent. Indiana and Ohio planting progress was well ahead of normal and by May 30 the entire crop was planted. These same two States were plagued with very wet weather a year ago and planting ran well behind normal. In the western portions of the Corn Belt, particularly Nebraska, South Dakota and Iowa, nearly continuous rains in May delayed planting. By May 30, only 45 percent of the crop was planted in Nebraska compared with a 94 percent average. Iowa was 71 percent complete compared with 96 percent for the average and South Dakota was 55 percent complete compared with the average of 82 percent. Moisture conditions throughout most of the country are very favorable and in some places in the eastern Corn Belt, there may be excess moisture.

SORGHUM: Sorghum planted for all purposes is estimated at 15.1 million acres (6.10 million hectares), down 6 percent from 1981 and 4 percent less than 1980.

Acreage planted in Texas, at 4.90 million acres, is 2 percent more than a year earlier. Kansas producers planted 3.90 million acres, down 8 percent from last year and Nebraska growers planted 1.86 million acres, down 19 percent from 1981. Plantings in Missouri, at 1.00 million acres, were down 4 percent from last year.

Growers expect to harvest 13.2 million acres (5.33 million hectares) of sorghum for grain, a decrease of 4 percent from last year but 5 percent more than in 1980. Acreage for grain in Texas, at 4.60 million acres, is up 4 percent from last year. Producers in Kansas expect to harvest 3.30 million acres, down 7 percent from 1981 and Nebraska growers expect to harvest 1.70 million acres, down 17 percent from last year.

Planting of sorghum in the 7 major producing States on June 1 was 38 percent complete, 17 points behind average. Progress was behind in all States except Missouri, which was 7 points ahead of average and Colorado which was 1 point ahead of average. Nebraska lagged behind with only 4 percent planted compared with an average of 60 percent. Texas plantings were 74 percent complete, 8 points behind average on June 1. Over 25 percent of the Texas crop had headed compared with 29 percent last year. Only 4 percent of the crop was turning color on the first of June.

OATS: Seeding of oats last fall and this spring totaled 14.2 million acres (5.75 million hectares), a 4 percent increase from 1981, and 6 percent above 1980.

Area to be harvested for grain is expected to total 10.5 million acres (4.24 million hectares). This is an 11 percent increase from the previous year and 21 percent above the 1980 acreage.

Planting progressed slower than the average pace in the major areas because of a wet spring, but seeding gained momentum by late May. The crop was in mostly good condition with adequate to surplus topsoil moisture on June 1st.

BARLEY: Acreage of barley planted last fall and this spring totaled 9.64 million acres (3.90 million hectares), a 1 percent decline from 1981 and 4 percent below the February 1 intentions. Area for harvest is indicated at 9.20 million acres (3.72 million hectares), up fractionally from 1981.

The barley crop in most of the major producing areas is in good condition. Harvest is underway in the southern States. In Montana, planting had progressed to 90 percent complete by June 1 compared with 95 percent normally seeded by this date. Soil moisture is adequate with 65 percent of the acreage emerged. Seeding in North Dakota started late because of cool, wet conditions but was being completed at a near normal pace by May 31.

ALL WHEAT: Acres seeded last fall and this spring for the 1982 crop is estimated at 87.2 million acres (35.3 million hectares), down 2 percent from the record high 88.9 million acres (36.0 million hectares) seeded last year but 8 percent more than 1980. Acres to be harvested for grain, estimated at 79.5 million acres (32.2 million hectares), is down 2 percent from the record high 80.9 million acres (32.8 million hectares) harvested in 1981. Abandonment is expected to total 7.7 million acres.

WINTER WHEAT seedings last fall are now estimated at a record high 66.3 million acres (26.8 million hectares), up 1 percent from 1981 and 15 percent above 1980. This is the second consecutive year for winter wheat seedings to reach record levels. Producers are expected to harvest a record high 59.0 million acres (23.9 million hectares) 1 percent above the previous record set last year, and 15 percent above 1980. The current estimate is 2 percent greater than the June 1 estimate. Current surveys indicate more wheat planted than was estimated earlier, mainly in the southern and eastern States where there were sharp increases over last year. These increases were partially offset by decreases mainly in the north central States. Abandonment at the U.S. level is expected to be 11 percent, the same as last year. Abandonment in Kansas, the leading winter wheat producing State, is expected to be much less than a year ago when an early May freeze caught a large acreage of the crop in the flowering stage. Considerably less abandonment is also expected in Oklahoma, while Texas expects abandonment to be considerably more than a year earlier because of heavy rain and hail in the High and Low Plains.

DURUM WHEAT growers seeded an estimated 4.35 million acres (1.76 million hectares) this spring, 26 percent less than a year earlier and 21 percent less than in 1980. This reverses the trend of the past two years when near record acreages were seeded. All durum producing States indicated substantial reductions in acreage. North Dakota with over 80 percent of the U.S. acreage is down 23 percent from 1981, while Montana, accounting for 8 percent of the U.S. acreage, is down 29 percent.

Durum acreage to be harvested for grain, is expected to total 4.27 million acres (1.73 million hectares), down 26 percent from last year. The area harvested for grain is expected to be 98 percent of planted acreage, the same as last year. Seeding of durum wheat was delayed by cool, wet conditions early in the season in the Dakotas and Minnesota. By late May and early June however, progress was near normal. In Montana, surplus moisture occurred in late May and early June, and some of the crop was not seeded because of the lateness of the season.

OTHER SPRING WHEAT seedings totaled 16.6 million acres (6.71 million hectares), 3 percent less than last year, and 5 percent less than the acreage seeded in 1980. North Dakota, the major producing State with over 40 percent of the total acreage, decreased seedings 3 percent from last year. Seeded acreage in Minnesota and South Dakota is down 10 and 6 percent, respectively, while Montana seeded acreage is up 4 percent from last year. These four States account for over 90 percent of the U.S. acreage. For the northwestern States, Idaho and Washington registered increases of 5 and 26 percent, respectively, while Oregon indicated a decrease in seedings of 8 percent.

Harvested acreage is expected to reach 16.2 million acres (6.56 million hectares) for grain. This is 2 percent below last year's acreage, but 11 percent above the acreage harvested for grain in 1980. Seeding in the major producing States was later than normal. By June 1, only 87 percent of the crop was planted, compared with 98 percent in 1981 and the 5 year average of 93 percent. By mid-June, 91 percent of the crop had emerged in these States, compared with 98 percent last year and the 5 year average of 95 percent.

Seeding of spring wheat was delayed by cool, wet conditions early in the season in much of Minnesota and the Dakotas, while an abundance of moisture later in the season delayed progress in Montana and resulted in some of the spring wheat crop not being planted. Crop development in Oregon was also later than average because of the cool weather this spring.

RICE: Acreage seeded for the 1982 rice crop is estimated at 3.32 million acres (1.34 million hectares), down 14 percent from last year's record high acreage of 3.84 million acres (1.55 million hectares). Harvested area is estimated at 3.29 million acres (1.33 million hectares), also a decrease of 14 percent from a year earlier. All States are indicating decreases in planted acreage except Missouri, which was up 4 percent from 1981.

Of the three grains being estimated, medium grain seedings showed the sharpest decrease -- 18 percent less than last year. Long grain seedings were down 12 percent, while short grain seedings decreased 4 percent from 1981.

Rice seedings were 93 percent finished by the end of May, 4 percentage points slower than a year ago. Seeding was virtually completed in all States except California, where planting had reached the 78 percent mark. Rice had emerged on 77 percent of the acreage and was in fair to good condition. Cool weather in California delayed planting and held progress about two weeks behind the normal schedule. Warm weather and good planting conditions helped the Missouri crop get a good start. Development of the Texas crop was slowed by cool, cloudy weather. However, rice responded to hot weather in early June and improvement in conditions was noted. Weeds have become a problem; spraying for control is underway.

RYE: Acreage seeded to rye totaled 2.62 million acres (1.06 million hectares), 1 percent or 27 thousand acres higher than 1981 plantings. Acreage to be harvested for grain in 1982 is expected to total 700 thousand acres (283 thousand hectares), up fractionally from the 697 thousand acres (282 thousand hectares) harvested last year.

Cool spring temperatures kept rye development slower than normal, but should not prove a hindrance to the crop. Prospects generally appear to be good in the major rye-for-grain States as there is ample moisture to carry the crop through to maturity.

SOYBEANS: The area planted to soybeans is estimated at a record high 72.2 million acres (29.2 million hectares), up 6 percent from 1981 and 3 percent above 1980. This estimate is 4 percent larger than the acreage farmers expected to plant as of February 1. Acreage for harvest for beans is estimated at a record high 70.9 million acres (28.7 million hectares), up 6 percent from last year.

The North Central States account for 44.4 million planted acres, up 7 percent from 1981. Increases range from 1 percent in Illinois to 49 percent in North Dakota. Indiana showed a 1 percent decrease.

The 18.7 million acres planted in the South Central States, were up about 1 percent from 1981. Kentucky and Louisiana show a 3 and 7 percent drop, respectively. Texas was up 43 percent, Oklahoma showed a 7 percent increase and Arkansas rose 2 percent. Acreage in the remaining States in this area remained unchanged from a year ago.

Area planted in the Atlantic States, at 9.06 million acres, increased 15 percent from last year.

A table showing survey data on soybean acreage expected to be planted following another crop, is shown on page B-12.

FLAXSEED: Flaxseed plantings in 1982 are estimated at 860 thousand acres (348 thousand hectares), up 33 percent from last year and 10 percent more than 1980. Area for harvest is currently estimated at 830 thousand acres (336 thousand hectares), up 35 percent from last year and 22 percent above 1980.

In North Dakota, the leading State in flax acreage, wet field conditions this spring slowed flax planting. As of May 30, 44 percent of the State's acreage was planted compared with 51 percent normally seeded by that date. Good progress was made in early June and by mid-month planting was only slightly behind normal.

PEANUTS: Acreage of peanuts planted for all purposes in the United States in 1982 is down 13 percent from 1981 with the decline resulting largely from growers' reactions to the new peanut program. The 1982 total of 1.32 million acres (536 thousand hectares) also represents the lowest planted acreage since 1915, when only 1.06 million acres (431 thousand hectares) were planted. Included in the total are peanuts planted for hay, nuts, and other uses. The 1.30 million acres (524 thousand hectares) to be harvested for nuts are 13 percent below a year ago, as well as being at the lowest level in 49 years. The above comparisons include Mississippi for 1981, but that State was eliminated from the estimating program in 1982.

Southeastern growers (Alabama, Florida, Georgia and South Carolina) planted 736 thousand acres (298 thousand hectares) of peanuts in 1982. Georgia, Alabama and Florida's acreages are down 16, 19 and 13 percent respectively, from last year. Across the region, the crop is considered to be in mostly good condition. Planting in Georgia was slowed earlier in the year by wet soils and cool temperatures. As a result, crop progress as of June 20 lagged behind normal with 61 percent blooming (71 percent average) and 19 percent pegging (32 percent average).

Acreege in the Southwest (New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas) is estimated at 325 thousand acres (131 thousand hectares), 7 percent below a year ago. As of June 20, peanut planting in Texas was 53 percent complete, 24 percentage points off the normal pace. Wet weather continues to hamper Oklahoma's planting efforts. Only 50 percent of the crop had been planted by June 20, about 40 percentage points behind the average pace.

Growers in the Virginia-North Carolina area indicated 264 thousand acres (107 thousand hectares) planted to peanuts this year, a decline of 7 percent from last year. Planting was virtually completed in North Carolina and Virginia by the end of May and the crop is in mostly good condition.

SUNFLOWERS: Planted acreage of sunflowers for all purposes in 1982 in the 4-State area of North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, and Texas is estimated at 4.94 million acres (2.00 million hectares), up 28 percent from 1981 and 26 percent above 1980. Acreage planted to oil varieties, at 4.69 million acres (1.90 million hectares), is up 32 percent from last year and makes up 95 percent of the total planted acres.

North Dakota, the leading sunflower State, has increased planted acreage of all sunflowers from last year by 36 percent. South Dakota and Texas also showed a large increase over a year ago, while Minnesota's acreage declined by 27 percent.

COTTON: The planted acreage of all cotton in the United States is estimated at 11.6 million acres (4.68 million hectares) as of June 1, 19 percent below the 1981 planted acreage and down 8 percent from February 1 intentions. Upland acreage is estimated at 11.5 million acres and American-Pima at 71.1 thousand acres.

Acreege in the Southeastern States--Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina--is estimated at 625 thousand acres, 18 percent less than the 759 thousand acres planted in 1981 and 7 percent less than expected on February 1. Planting got off to an early start in Georgia and Alabama but cool, wet weather in April and May delayed the completion of planting until mid May. Early fields were setting squares in late June.

In the Delta States--Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri and Tennessee--planted acreage is estimated at 2.63 million acres, down 15 percent from last year and 5 percent below February 1 intentions. Planting was virtually complete by June 1 and the crop is making good progress.

Upland acreage in Oklahoma and Texas is expected to total 6.26 million acres, down 23 percent from 1981 and 10 percent below February 1 intentions. Planting was delayed by excessive rainfall and was about 60 percent complete in Texas and about one-third finished in Oklahoma by June 1. Since June 1, unfavorable planting and growing conditions have continued. Heavy rains, hail and blowing sand have damaged or destroyed considerable acreage in Texas.

Growers in the Western States--Arizona, California and New Mexico--planted 1.97 million acres of Upland cotton, 14 percent less than last year and 7 percent less than expected on February 1. Planting was complete by June 1 except for a small acreage in New Mexico. Favorable growing conditions have prevailed and the crop is in good condition.

American-Pima acreage is estimated at 71.1 thousand acres, 21 percent above 1981 but 7 percent below February 1 intentions.

HAY: Producers expect to harvest 60.5 million acres (24.5 million hectares) during 1982. This is 1 percent more than the 60.2 million acres (24.4 million hectares) harvested last year and 2 percent more than harvested in 1980. Ample moisture throughout most of the Nation has provided for excellent growth, but growers are looking for better drying weather.

Acreege of alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures to be harvested is estimated at 26.5 million acres (10.7 million hectares), up 1 percent from both 1981 and 1980. Of the leading alfalfa producing States, Iowa, California and Minnesota expect to decrease harvested acres by 1, 9 and 2 percent, respectively. Wisconsin's acreage is up 3 percent and Nebraska is unchanged. All other hay acreage for harvest in 1982 is estimated at 34.0 million acres (13.8 million hectares), up fractionally from 1981 and 3 percent above the acreage harvested in 1980.

DRY EDIBLE BEANS: U.S. farmers are reducing dry bean acreage by 17 percent this year. With seeding in progress, 1982 planted area is estimated at 1.92 million acres (777 thousand hectares). This compares with 2.32 million acres (939 thousand hectares) planted last year, and 1.88 million acres (762 thousand hectares) planted in 1980.

Most leading States are reducing bean acreage substantially. Idaho's planted acreage is off 42 percent; Washington's acreage is down by more than half; while North Dakota's acreage is down 26 percent. Michigan farmers intend 12 percent fewer planted acres; acreage is off 7 percent in Nebraska and down 10 percent in Colorado. Only California growers expect to increase dry bean plantings from last year -- 8 percent. U.S. harvested area of dry beans is forecast at 1.86 million acres (751 thousand hectares), down 16 percent from last year, but 2 percent above the 1980 harvest.

Dry bean planting started in the last half of May and will continue into July in late areas. Planting progress lagged behind last year in most of the northern States, but soil moisture is good and crop progress, although late, is favorable. High winds caused some damage to early fields in Nebraska. In Colorado, generally favorable planting conditions placed dry bean development slightly ahead of last year. Planting in California is active and will continue into July.

SUMMER POTATOES: Area planted to summer potatoes in 1982 estimated at 98.3 thousand acres (39.8 thousand hectares), up 2 percent from last year and 6 percent above the record low set in 1980. Harvested acreage is expected to total 96.5 thousand acres, (39.1 thousand hectares), 2 percent more than in 1981 and 7 percent above the 1980 record low.

Area planted to summer potatoes in Virginia is estimated at 17.0 thousand acres, up 6 percent from 1981. Crop progress has been hampered by abnormal spring weather. Wet conditions in March delayed planting and, dry weather in late April and May slowed growth. Excessively wet conditions have existed since the end of May.

Planted acreage in Texas is placed at 8,800 acres, up 29 percent from the small 1981 acreage. With adequate moisture supplies, the Texas crop is off to a good start. There have been some reports of hail, but effects are expected to be minor. Alabama's planted acreage is also estimated at 8,800 acres, off 4 percent from a year earlier.

In California, planted acreage of summer potatoes is estimated at 8,400 acres, 5 percent more than a year ago. Planting in the central areas of California was delayed by spring rains and plant development has been slowed by cool weather. As a result, harvest in the Delta and Santa-Maria areas will be 2 to 3 weeks later than normal. Harvest in the Perris-Hemet area should be on schedule.

Michigan growers planted an estimated 8,000 acres, 500 acres below 1981. Acreage planted in New Jersey is estimated at 8,000 acres, 4 percent below last year.

SWEETPOTATOES: Area planted to sweetpotatoes in 1982 is estimated at 117 thousand acres (47.5 thousand hectares), 4 percent above last year and 9 percent greater than the record low acreage set in 1980. Planted acreage estimates are up from last year in 9 of the 12 major producing States. Harvested acreage in the U.S. is expected to total 114 thousand acres (46.1 thousand hectares), 4 percent more than last year and 12 percent greater than the 1980 record low.

North Carolina's acreage for harvest is expected to be 41.0 thousand acres, 5 percent greater than in 1981. The North Carolina crop is in mostly good condition as transplanting nears completion. In Louisiana, harvested acreage is expected to total 27.0 thousand acres, 4 percent more than a year earlier. Transplanting progressed normally and crop condition is currently rated as fair to good.

Area for harvest in California is estimated at 9,200 acres, 3 percent more than in 1981. Transplanting is complete and growing conditions have been favorable. Harvested acreage in Texas is expected to be down 8 percent from last year. Transplanting in Texas got off to slow start but progressed well. This year's crop is making good progress following adequate moisture received during May. Crop condition is currently good, but additional moisture is now needed.

TOBACCO: Acreage of all tobacco for harvest in 1982 is estimated at 919 thousand acres (372 thousand hectares), 6 percent below 1981 and virtually the same as 1980. Most of the decline from 1981 can be attributed to a reduction in acres of flue-cured tobacco for harvest.

Producers of flue-cured tobacco expect to harvest 493 thousand acres (200 thousand hectares), 9 percent less than in 1981. This will be the smallest acreage harvested of record. Acreage is down from a year earlier in all producing States. North Carolina registered the largest acreage decline from 1981 -- 24.0 thousand acres. Harvest is underway in Florida and should be in full swing by the first of July. The crops in North Carolina and Virginia are in good condition. Harvest is expected to get underway in the North Carolina Border Belt Region soon after July 4. South Carolina's crop is in mostly fair to good condition but plants in parts of Dillon, Marion and Marlboro counties suffered severe wind and hail damage in early June. Georgia's harvest started in early June and is progressing faster than normal.

Burley growers expect to harvest 336 thousand acres (136 thousand hectares), 1 percent more than 1981 and 21 percent larger than the 1980 crop. Acreage for harvest increased in all States except Kentucky and Virginia. Kentucky's acreage held steady but Virginia's growers indicated a 2 percent decline in their acreage. The crop is in generally good condition throughout the belt. Blue mold presence has been minor so far, even with the wet conditions.

Combined acreage of all other classes and types of tobacco totals 90.8 thousand acres, (36.8 thousand hectares), 11 percent below 1981. Most of the decline resulted from growers in North Carolina and South Carolina electing not to plant Type 32 tobacco this year.

SUGARBEETS: Planted acreage of sugarbeets is estimated at 1.06 million acres (431 thousand hectares), down 15 percent from the 1.26 million acres (509 thousand hectares) in 1981. With plant closings in California, Colorado, Nebraska and Ohio, acreage declined in these States. Acreage is also off in all but 3 of the other producing States. Minnesota moved to first place in total planted acreage with 254 thousand acres, 2 percent below 1981. California plantings, at 175 thousand acres, dropped 35 percent from 1981.

North Dakota's plantings of 147 thousand acres are up 1 percent from last year. Idaho plantings, at 139 thousand acres, are off 6 percent. Michigan's planted acreage, at 98.0 thousand acres, declined 4 percent from 1981.

Planting in North Dakota and Minnesota was slowed by wet weather and was completed about a week later than usual. Fungus disease potential is high and is being monitored closely. Wet weather in California delayed harvest of overwintered beets. Growers in southwest Idaho experienced freeze damage in late April. Planting progressed rapidly in Michigan this spring with favorable weather, but hot dry weather slowed germination and hampered herbicide activation.

SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR AND SEED: Growers intend to harvest 757 thousand acres (306 thousand hectares) of sugarcane in 1982, up fractionally from the 755 thousand acres (306 thousand hectares) harvested in 1981. Increased acreage in Florida was largely offset by a decrease in Louisiana.

Florida sugarcane has made good recovery from the January freeze. The moisture supply is greater than a year ago. Cool weather slowed early growth of the Louisiana crop. Some second stubble acreage was plowed up because of poor stands. Remaining stands are good and moisture generally adequate. Some sugarcane smut has been identified but last year's outbreak did not significantly reduce production. In Hawaii, wet weather hampered field operations during the first quarter of the year but planting and harvesting accelerated in the second quarter with drier weather. The Texas crop has progressed well with adequate moisture.

AREA PLANTED AND HARVESTED, UNITED STATES, 1973-82

YEAR	CORN			SORGHUM		
	ALL	HARVESTED	HARVESTED FOR GRAIN	ALL	HARVESTED	HARVESTED FOR GRAIN
	PLANTED	HARVESTED		PLANTED	HARVESTED	
1,000 ACRES						
1973	72,253	71,733	62,143	18,994	18,629	15,700
1974	77,935	76,875	65,405	17,588	16,694	13,809
1975	78,719	78,033	67,625	18,080	17,604	15,403
1976	84,588	83,642	71,506	18,143	17,061	14,466
1977	84,328	81,537	71,614	16,636	16,192	13,797
1978	81,675	80,987	71,930	16,197	15,583	13,410
1979	81,393	80,783	72,400	15,277	14,876	12,901
1980	84,047	82,855	73,030	15,644	14,664	12,522
1981	84,153	83,207	74,624	16,024	15,564	13,726
1982	82,129	80,486	73,593	15,074	14,320	13,159
	OATS		BARLEY		FEED GRAINS	
	PLANTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED	HARVESTED 1/	
	1,000 ACRES					
1973	18,605	13,770	11,045	10,295	101,908	
1974	17,013	12,608	8,713	7,930	99,752	
1975	16,434	13,038	9,373	8,617	104,683	
1976	16,620	11,834	9,301	8,439	106,245	
1977	17,732	13,485	10,778	9,728	108,624	
1978	16,407	11,126	9,989	9,248	105,714	
1979	13,957	9,679	8,110	7,522	102,502	
1980	13,377	8,652	8,339	7,275	101,479	
1981	13,646	9,411	9,741	9,151	106,912	
1982	14,211	10,466	9,641	9,196	106,414	
	WHEAT					
	ALL	WINTER	DURUM	OTHER SPRING		
	HARVESTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED
1,000 ACRES						
1973	54,148	38,747	2,952	2,884	12,801	12,517
1974	65,368	46,778	4,174	4,099	14,847	14,491
1975	69,499	51,376	4,830	4,680	14,116	13,443
1976	70,927	49,578	4,748	4,584	17,825	16,765
1977	66,686	48,772	3,183	3,025	15,758	14,889
1978	56,495	38,491	4,110	4,024	14,330	13,980
1979	62,454	43,427	4,042	3,932	15,595	15,095
1980	70,984	51,494	5,525	4,840	17,492	14,650
1981	80,948	58,589	5,876	5,755	17,071	16,604
1982	79,510	59,038	4,350	4,267	16,576	16,205
	RICE	RYE		FOOD GRAINS		SOYBEANS
	PLANTED	HARVESTED	HARVESTED	HARVESTED 2/	PLANTED	HARVESTED FOR BEANS
	1,000 ACRES					
1973	2,181.3	2,170.2	955	57,273	56,549	55,667
1974	2,550.0	2,531.0	784	68,683	52,479	51,341
1975	2,833.0	2,818.0	728	73,045	54,590	53,617
1976	2,489.0	2,480.0	719	74,126	50,269	49,401
1977	2,261.0	2,249.0	677	69,612	58,978	57,830
1978	2,993.0	2,970.0	926	60,391	64,708	63,663
1979	2,890.0	2,869.0	869	66,192	71,632	70,566
1980	3,380.0	3,312.0	675	74,971	70,037	67,856
1981	3,842.0	3,804.0	697	85,449	68,000	66,688
1982	3,320.0	3,286.0	700	83,496	72,157	70,881

SEE FOOTNOTES ON PAGE B-2.

AREA PLANTED AND HARVESTED, UNITED STATES, 1973-82 - CONTINUED

YEAR	FLAXSEED		PEANUTS		SUNFLOWERS 3/	
	PLANTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED FOR NUTS	PLANTED	HARVESTED
1,000 ACRES						
1973	1,749	1,700	1,530.2	1,495.7		
1974	1,742	1,659	1,519.6	1,472.1		
1975	1,621	1,511	1,531.9	1,500.0	787	709
1976	1,045	955	1,544.6	1,517.5	834	810
1977	1,330	1,239	1,540.6	1,512.4	2,321	2,205
1978	710	687	1,540.8	1,509.1	2,840	2,798
1979	922	878	1,545.9	1,519.7	5,555	5,410
1980	779	683	1,521.4	1,398.8	3,910	3,683
1981	645	617	1,517.7	1,493.3	3,865	3,811
1982	860	830	1,324.5	1,295.4	4,940	4,870
		COTTON		ALL HAY	DRY EDIBLE BEANS	
		PLANTED	HARVESTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED
1,000 ACRES						
1973	12,479.7	11,970.2	61,828		1,358.7	1,331.7
1974	13,679.4	12,546.6	60,195		1,587.4	1,517.8
1975	9,477.6	8,796.0	61,353		1,514.2	1,466.1
1976	11,635.5	10,913.5	60,377		1,531.8	1,489.3
1977	13,679.5	13,275.3	60,988		1,402.7	1,269.9
1978	13,375.1	12,400.0	62,113		1,503.9	1,454.4
1979	13,977.5	12,830.9	61,666		1,423.0	1,383.7
1980	14,533.8	13,214.8	59,362		1,882.0	1,821.0
1981	14,330.1	13,841.2	60,212		2,320.0	2,201.0
1982	11,568.4		60,521		1,920.0	1,856.0
		POTATOES		SWEETPOTATOES		
		PLANTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED	
1,000 ACRES						
1973	1,329.8		1,306.6	116.0	111.6	
1974	1,421.6		1,391.6	121.9	118.1	
1975	1,298.5		1,259.5	117.8	114.3	
1976	1,404.2		1,371.4	119.8	114.8	
1977	1,398.9		1,360.2	111.8	107.1	
1978	1,401.0		1,374.5	115.7	112.2	
1979	1,310.4		1,270.3	117.9	114.2	
1980	1,182.0		1,154.3	107.8	102.2	
1981	1,257.5		1,231.6	112.7	109.3	
1982				117.4	114.0	
TOBACCO		SUGARBEETS		SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR & SEED	PRINCIPAL CROPS	
HARVESTED		PLANTED	HARVESTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED 4/	HARVESTED 5/
1,000 ACRES						
1973	886.6	1,280.1	1,217.5	741.0	318,682	310,241
1974	962.6	1,251.5	1,212.6	734.1	326,495	316,342
1975	1,086.7	1,595.0	1,516.6	774.0	332,664	324,453
1976	1,046.9	1,525.4	1,478.8	747.0	336,436	325,657
1977	965.8	1,272.6	1,216.2	759.4	345,207	333,604
1978	963.7	1,305.4	1,269.2	743.7	336,787	326,766
1979	827.2	1,160.7	1,119.7	732.7	346,756	337,686
1980	920.5	1,231.3	1,189.5	732.7	356,544	340,893
1981	973.7	1,257.6	1,229.1	755.4	365,260	356,300
1982	919.3	1,064.8	1,041.8	756.5	362,447	353,132

1/ CORN FOR GRAIN, OATS, BARLEY AND SORGHUM FOR GRAIN. 2/ WHEAT, RYE, RICE. 3/ MINN, N DAK, S DAK, AND TEX; PRIOR TO 1977, MINN AND N DAK. 4/ CROP ACREAGES INCLUDED ARE PLANTED FOR CORN, SORGHUM, OATS, BARLEY, DURUM AND OTHER SPRING WHEAT, RICE, SOYBEANS, FLAXSEED, PEANUTS, SUNFLOWERS (BEGINNING 1975), COTTON, DRY EDIBLE BEANS, POTATOES (CURRENT YEAR INCLUDES FALL 1981 CROP AS 1982 FALL CROP NOT AVAILABLE), SWEETPOTATOES, AND SUGARBEETS (FOR 1973-1981, DRY EDIBLE PEAS AND POPCORN ARE ALSO INCLUDED); HARVESTED ACREAGE FOR WINTER WHEAT, RYE, ALL HAY, TOBACCO, AND SUGARCANE. 5/ CROP ACREAGES INCLUDED ARE CORN, SORGHUM, OATS, BARLEY, WHEAT, RICE, RYE, SOYBEANS, FLAXSEED, PEANUTS, SUNFLOWERS (BEGINNING 1975), COTTON (CURRENT YEAR DERIVED BY SUBTRACTING AVERAGE ABANDONMENT FROM PLANTED ACREAGE), ALL HAY, DRY EDIBLE BEANS, POTATOES (CURRENT YEAR INCLUDES FALL 1981 CROP AS 1982 FALL CROP NOT AVAILABLE), SWEETPOTATOES, TOBACCO, SUGARCANE, AND SUGARBEETS; FOR 1973-1981, DRY EDIBLE PEAS AND POPCORN ARE ALSO INCLUDED.

AREA PLANTED, PRINCIPAL CROPS BY STATES, 1982 WITH COMPARISONS 1/

STATE	1980	1981	1982 2/
	1,000 ACRES		
ALA	4,336	4,818	4,806
ARIZ	1,211	1,223	974
ARK	8,978	9,775	9,515
CALIF	7,056	7,356	6,785
COLO	7,063	6,805	6,781
CONN	147	148	145
DEL	541	562	583
FLA	1,574	1,632	1,682
GA	6,265	6,746	6,719
HAW	105	105	104
IDAHO	4,742	4,998	4,890
ILL	24,126	24,287	24,124
IND	12,958	13,241	13,154
IOWA	26,029	26,106	26,051
KANS	22,167	22,108	23,116
KY	5,537	6,037	5,979
LA	5,421	5,659	5,624
MAINE	419	417	414
MD	1,629	1,669	1,711
MASS	169	171	169
MICH	7,156	7,486	7,324
MINN	22,716	22,768	22,254
MISS	6,608	6,843	7,035
MO	15,011	15,149	15,437
MONT	9,268	9,982	9,875
NEBR	19,294	19,627	19,423
NEV	576	539	574
N H	122	122	119
N J	562	558	544
N MEX	1,480	1,448	1,498
N Y	4,387	4,320	4,261
N C	5,639	5,779	5,825
N DAK	21,647	23,520	23,516
OHIO	11,154	11,040	11,160
OKLA	10,412	10,244	10,254
OREG	2,833	2,845	2,795
PA	4,616	4,703	4,640
R I	19	19	17
S C	3,057	3,273	3,645
S DAK	16,443	16,723	16,456
TENN	5,562	5,892	5,833
TEX	25,353	25,913	24,188
UTAH	1,175	1,160	1,164
VT	567	561	563
VA	3,078	3,228	3,246
WASH	4,922	5,192	4,959
W VA	728	761	781
WIS	9,776	9,791	9,853
WYO	1,910	1,911	1,882
U S	356,544	365,260	362,447

1/ CROP ACREAGES INCLUDED ARE PLANTED FOR CORN, SORGHUM, OATS, BARLEY, DURUM AND OTHER SPRING WHEAT, RICE, SOYBEANS, FLAXSEED, PEANUTS, SUNFLOWERS, COTTON, DRY EDIBLE BEANS, POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES AND SUGARBEETS (FOR 1980 AND 1981 DRY EDIBLE PEAS AND POPCORN ARE ALSO INCLUDED); HARVESTED ACREAGE FOR WINTER WHEAT, RYE, ALL HAY, TOBACCO, AND SUGARCANE. 2/ ALL POTATOES IN THESE TOTALS INCLUDE FALL 1981 CROP AS 1982 FALL CROP NOT AVAILABLE.

CORN

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED FOR GRAIN		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ALA	540	700	530	423	620	450
ARIZ	55	55	40	40	35	30
ARK	60	65	40	37	49	30
CALIF	450	470	550	270	275	310
COLO	970	990	1,040	760	790	850
CONN	56	57	57	0	0	0
DEL	190	196	188	177	181	175
FLA	410	451	311	328	327	245
GA	1,600	1,600	900	1,300	1,380	790
IDAHO	146	147	152	50	62	55
ILL	11,700	11,500	11,600	11,460	11,260	11,300
IND	6,450	6,250	6,500	6,280	6,000	6,300
IOWA	14,000	14,300	13,700	13,300	13,700	13,200
KANS	1,700	1,450	1,400	1,180	1,260	1,240
KY	1,650	1,680	1,680	1,480	1,490	1,500
LA	50	45	55	30	33	44
MAINE	45	44	42	0	0	0
MD	750	775	750	640	690	680
MASS	45	46	46	0	0	0
MICH	2,950	3,200	3,150	2,600	2,850	2,800
MINN	7,250	7,700	7,300	6,290	6,770	6,350
MISS	170	180	140	88	115	90
MO	2,600	2,100	2,250	2,070	1,940	2,100
MONT	85	86	80	8	10	10
NEBR	7,800	7,500	7,600	7,100	6,980	7,100
N H	29	30	30	0	0	0
N J	158	170	152	118	125	112
N MEX	115	100	120	85	75	87
N Y	1,350	1,440	1,380	730	800	760
N C	1,900	2,000	1,800	1,730	1,830	1,650
N DAK	700	900	950	290	513	600
OHIO	4,150	4,100	4,350	3,900	3,750	4,100
OKLA	125	110	110	75	55	55
OREG	47	53	55	13	22	24
PA	1,800	1,870	1,820	1,280	1,400	1,370
R I	5	5	4	0	0	0
S C	585	645	390	515	570	340
S DAK	3,480	3,400	3,200	2,300	2,580	2,700
TENN	810	770	740	640	640	600
TEX	1,500	1,150	1,200	1,300	1,090	1,150
UTAH	100	90	90	15	15	15
VT	111	113	112	0	0	0
VA	830	820	780	595	625	620
WASH	145	160	250	88	103	190
W VA	98	102	103	58	68	69
WIS	4,200	4,450	4,300	3,350	3,500	3,450
WYO	87	88	92	37	46	52
U S	84,047	84,153	82,129	73,030	74,624	73,593

SORGHUM

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED FOR GRAIN		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ALA	65	90	100	34	58	70
ARIZ	35	30	16	26	26	15
ARK	275	330	280	203	298	250
CALIF	165	150	170	152	138	158
COLO	490	510	475	350	365	400
GA	150	225	200	82	135	125
ILL	75	110	100	62	88	80
IND	14	19	20	8	12	13
IOWA	30	30	25	19	20	18
KANS	4,500	4,250	3,900	3,480	3,560	3,300
KY	40	41	48	26	30	38
LA	32	100	200	14	72	175
MISS	75	105	150	38	88	110
MO	950	1,040	1,000	860	940	920
NEBR	2,200	2,300	1,860	2,030	2,060	1,700
N MEX	340	335	350	257	272	280
N C	103	110	100	62	78	70
OKLA	700	700	530	480	525	360
PA	14			5		
S C	30	35	60	15	18	35
S DAK	485	600	480	325	455	360
TENN	55	90	90	35	67	70
TEX	4,800	4,800	4,900	3,950	4,410	4,600
VA	21	24	20	9	11	12
U S	15,644	16,024	15,074	12,522	13,726	13,159

1/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1980 CROP.

OATS

STATE	AREA PLANTED 1/			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ALA	90	90	85	30	40	40
ARK	56	60	45	33	36	30
CALIF	350	340	310	70	60	50
COLO	100	99	115	33	35	50
GA	150	160	160	65	75	90
IDAHO	62	62	66	46	46	50
ILL	280	255	330	230	205	220
IND	120	115	130	90	85	110
IOWA	1,300	1,200	1,350	1,000	960	920
KANS	175	240	200	120	170	170
KY	29	31	31	6	6	7
MAINE	46	46	43	42	43	40
MD	22	23	22	19	20	20
MICH	355	360	475	335	340	450
MINN	1,650	1,600	1,800	1,450	1,430	1,660
MO	100	190	120	46	90	80
MONT	220	220	260	73	110	150
NEBR	525	550	520	380	395	410
N J	8	8	7	7	7	6
N Y	320	325	320	280	280	280
N C	160	170	155	75	83	85
N DAK	1,050	1,200	1,300	450	960	1,150
OHIO	330	300	380	290	270	340
OKLA	220	240	190	100	105	120
UREG	125	130	140	60	65	80
PA	360	375	360	340	345	335
S C	83	95	80	40	48	55
S DAK	2,200	2,250	2,450	1,500	1,640	2,000
TENN	45	50	40	12	16	12
TEX	1,460	1,500	1,300	340	410	380
UTAH	26	26	28	15	14	15
VA	50	48	48	20	20	20
WASH	75	72	68	30	32	32
W VA	15	16	18	11	12	14
WIS	1,120	1,120	1,180	963	907	940
WYO	80	80	85	51	51	55
U S	13,377	13,646	14,211	8,652	9,411	10,466

1/ INCLUDES AREA PLANTED IN PRECEDING FALL.

BARLEY

STATE	AREA PLANTED 1/			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ARIZ	60	50	50	50	43	48
CALIF	800	740	700	712	640	620
COLO	265	315	300	245	300	290
DEL	33	33	44	25	25	38
IDAHO	900	1,100	1,130	880	1,070	1,110
ILL	2/: 7			6		
KANS	60	63	70	51	52	62
KY	33	37	37	29	32	32
MO	91	97	110	70	84	102
MICH	23	27	30	21	26	29
MINN	900	1,050	900	815	1,030	860
MONT	1,180	1,400	1,650	1,050	1,320	1,600
NEBR	29	28	28	25	23	25
NEV	31	33	35	28	30	32
N J	27	24	28	15	17	20
N MEX	43	38	47	35	28	40
N Y	2/: 12			11		
N C	69	71	75	60	62	65
N DAK	1,850	2,250	2,080	1,500	2,200	2,040
OHIO	2/: 9			8		
OKLA	75	65	50	50	50	42
OREG	170	210	220	155	195	205
PA	80	86	75	75	76	72
S C	26	30	36	23	27	33
S DAK	590	650	560	460	590	530
TENN	2/: 7			4		
TEX	70	75	60	36	50	40
UTAH	162	164	171	148	149	158
VA	105	116	124	90	97	104
WASH	450	800	850	430	760	810
W VA	10	11	9	9	10	7
WIS	27	33	37	26	31	35
WYO	145	145	135	133	134	127
U S	8,339	9,741	9,641	7,275	9,151	9,196

1/ INCLUDES AREA PLANTED IN PRECEDING FALL.
 2/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1980 CROP.

ALL WHEAT

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ALA	325	650	970	260	565	850
ARIZ	225	261	145	215	258	143
ARK	950	1,750	1,850	865	1,650	1,800
CALIF	1,235	1,450	1,200	1,150	1,365	1,125
COLO	3,554	3,504	3,480	3,400	3,101	3,097
DEL	33	45	50	27	43	49
GA	660	1,150	1,590	600	1,070	1,480
IDAHO	1,635	1,590	1,590	1,550	1,510	1,500
ILL	1,600	1,900	1,600	1,570	1,850	1,470
IND	1,150	1,400	1,200	1,100	1,350	1,080
IOWA	100	120	115	92	115	100
KANS	13,000	14,000	14,200	12,000	12,200	13,300
KY	450	810	810	350	680	675
LA	100	310	550	67	275	500
MD	100	140	145	97	137	138
MICH	820	840	695	800	830	640
MINN	3,615	3,670	3,240	3,169	3,610	3,184
MISS	375	650	1,100	300	600	1,050
MO	2,200	3,200	2,500	2,070	2,750	2,200
MONT	5,970	6,040	5,750	5,100	5,820	5,405
NEBR	3,000	3,100	3,100	2,850	2,950	2,950
NEV	32	34	32	29	31	29
N J	52	64	69	43	56	53
N MEX	650	700	780	500	500	550
N Y	160	170	145	150	160	130
N C	325	440	520	300	410	480
N DAK	11,735	11,945	10,735	9,620	11,690	10,545
OHIO	1,400	1,690	1,500	1,370	1,650	1,250
OKLA	7,500	7,900	8,000	6,500	6,400	7,000
OREG	1,410	1,350	1,290	1,350	1,310	1,200
PA	260	280	235	250	270	228
S C	205	430	630	192	410	600
S DAK	4,050	4,110	3,900	3,245	3,820	3,545
TENN	550	1,025	1,100	450	850	945
TEX	6,800	7,800	8,200	5,200	6,550	6,300
UTAH	292	282	275	272	257	252
VA	317	420	420	286	390	390
WASH	3,320	3,180	3,020	3,160	3,050	2,840
W VA	11	12	11	9	10	9
WIS	119	130	130	111	121	125
WYO	352	322	325	315	284	303
U S	80,637	88,864	87,197	70,984	80,948	79,510

WINTER WHEAT

STATE	AREA PLANTED 1/			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ALA	325	650	970	260	565	650
ARIZ	65	45	65	60	43	64
ARK	950	1,750	1,850	865	1,650	1,800
CALIF	1,130	1,280	1,070	1,050	1,200	1,000
COLO	3,500	3,450	3,430	3,350	3,050	3,050
DEL	33	45	50	27	43	49
GA	660	1,150	1,590	600	1,070	1,480
IDAHO	980	1,020	990	910	960	920
ILL	1,600	1,900	1,600	1,570	1,850	1,470
IND	1,150	1,400	1,200	1,100	1,350	1,080
IOWA	100	120	115	92	115	100
KANS	13,000	14,000	14,200	12,000	12,200	13,300
KY	450	810	810	350	680	675
LA	100	310	550	67	275	500
MD	100	140	145	97	137	138
MICH	820	840	695	800	830	640
MINN	75	130	90	69	125	66
MISS	375	650	1,100	300	600	1,050
MO	2,200	3,200	2,500	2,070	2,750	2,200
MONT	2,600	2,700	2,450	2,150	2,550	2,185
NEBR	3,000	3,100	3,100	2,850	2,950	2,950
NEV	13	16	16	12	15	15
N J	52	64	69	43	56	53
N MEX	650	700	780	500	500	550
N Y	160	170	145	150	160	130
N C	325	440	520	300	410	480
N DAK	135	145	175	70	130	145
OHIO	1,400	1,640	1,500	1,370	1,650	1,250
OKLA	7,500	7,900	8,000	6,500	6,400	7,000
OREG	1,250	1,250	1,180	1,200	1,200	1,100
PA	260	280	235	250	270	228
S C	205	430	630	192	410	600
S DAK	1,200	1,300	1,350	950	1,170	1,100
TENN	550	1,025	1,100	450	850	945
TEX	6,800	7,800	8,200	5,200	6,550	6,300
UTAH	260	250	240	242	227	219
VA	317	420	420	266	390	390
WASH	2,900	2,950	2,730	2,750	2,830	2,560
W VA	11	12	11	9	10	9
WIS	94	100	100	88	93	97
WYO	325	305	300	295	275	280
U S	57,620	65,917	66,271	51,494	58,589	59,038

1/ INCLUDES AREA PLANTED IN PRECEDING FALL.

WINTER WHEAT

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ARIZ	160	216	80	155	215	79
CALIF	105	170	130	100	165	125
MINN	140	140	80	120	135	78
MONT	470	490	350	400	480	340
N DAK	4,400	4,600	3,560	3,850	4,510	3,500
S DAK	250	260	150	215	250	145
U S	5,525	5,876	4,350	4,840	5,755	4,267

RYE

STATE	AREA PLANTED 1/			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
COLO	29	35	50	6	7	9
DEL	30	30	32	3	3	3
GA	450	450	450	95	105	70
ILL	70	60	55	16	14	12
IND	35	40	40	7	9	10
IOWA	19	21	20	5	5	4
KANS	60	75	50	10	12	17
KY	54	55	47	3	3	2
MO	60	66	70	6	8	9
MICH	130	130	135	21	19	21
MINN	85	100	120	76	93	110
MO	40	50	45	5	4	4
NEBR	65	65	65	37	38	39
N J	82	76	80	8	9	9
N Y	98	100	100	9	9	11
N C	140	142	145	20	20	25
N DAK	100	90	110	70	80	95
OHIO	80	85	80	7	5	5
OKLA	200	230	200	34	34	24
OREG	35	40	35	6	6	4
PA	55	55	60	14	11	12
S C	126	120	112	28	33	27
S DAK	150	135	150	130	115	130
TEX	150	140	155	26	25	28
VA	150	160	175	13	13	12
WIS	40	44	40	16	17	8
WYO	2/ 4			2		
U S	2,537	2,594	2,621	675	697	700

1/ AREA PLANTED IN PRECEDING FALL.
2/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1980 CROP.

OTHER SPRING WHEAT

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
COLO	54	54	50	50	51	47
IDAHO	655	570	600	640	550	580
MINN	3,400	3,400	3,070	2,980	3,350	3,020
MONT	2,900	2,850	2,950	2,550	2,790	2,880
NEV	19	18	16	17	16	14
N DAK	7,200	7,200	7,000	5,700	7,050	6,900
OREG	160	120	110	150	110	100
S DAK	2,600	2,550	2,400	2,080	2,400	2,300
UTAH	32	32	35	30	30	33
WASH	420	230	290	410	220	280
WIS	25	30	30	23	28	28
WYO	27	17	25	20	9	23
U S	17,492	17,071	16,576	14,650	16,604	16,205

RICE

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES					
LONG GRAIN RICE						
ARK	1,077.0	1,297.0	1,157.0	1,062.0	1,283.0	1,140.0
CALIF	1/	1/	14.0	1/	1/	14.0
LA	266.0	290.0	270.0	250.0	289.0	269.0
MISS	246.0	330.0	265.0	236.0	328.0	260.0
MO	50.0	68.0	70.0	50.0	67.0	70.0
TEX	576.0	536.0	432.0	572.0	535.0	430.0
U S	2,215.0	2,521.0	2,208.0	2,170.0	2,502.0	2,183.0
MEDIUM GRAIN RICE						
ARK	198.0	235.0	154.0	194.0	230.0	152.0
CALIF	455.0	475.0	428.0	452.0	466.0	424.0
LA	349.0	380.0	330.0	335.0	378.0	329.0
MISS	4.0	10.0		4.0	9.0	
MO	4.6	8.2	9.4	4.6	8.2	9.4
TEX	14.0	44.0	28.0	14.0	44.0	28.0
U S	1,024.6	1,152.2	949.4	1,003.6	1,135.2	942.4
SHORT GRAIN RICE						
ARK	25.0	28.0	39.0	24.0	27.0	38.0
CALIF	114.0	140.0	123.0	113.0	139.0	122.0
MO	1.4	.8	.6	1.4	.6	.6
U S	140.4	168.8	162.6	138.4	166.6	160.6
ALL RICE						
ARK	1,300.0	1,560.0	1,350.0	1,280.0	1,540.0	1,330.0
CALIF	569.0	615.0	565.0	565.0	605.0	560.0
LA	615.0	670.0	600.0	585.0	667.0	598.0
MISS	250.0	340.0	265.0	240.0	337.0	260.0
MO	56.0	77.0	80.0	56.0	76.0	80.0
TEX	590.0	580.0	460.0	586.0	579.0	458.0
U S	3,380.0	3,842.0	3,320.0	3,312.0	3,804.0	3,286.0

1/ COMBINED WITH MEDIUM GRAIN.

PEANUTS

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES					
ALA	209.0	224.0	182.0	200.0	222.0	180.0
FLA	65.0	69.0	60.0	55.0	60.0	51.0
GA	530.0	570.0	480.0	514.0	565.0	475.0
MISS	1/ 7.5	7.0		6.0	6.7	
N MEX	8.9	9.7	9.5	8.8	9.6	9.4
N C	169.0	179.0	165.0	166.0	177.0	163.0
OKLA	123.0	95.0	90.0	105.0	91.0	85.0
S C	15.0	15.0	14.0	13.0	15.0	14.0
TEX	290.0	244.0	225.0	230.0	242.0	220.0
VA	104.0	105.0	99.0	101.0	105.0	98.0
U S	1,521.4	1,517.7	1,324.5	1,398.8	1,493.3	1,295.4

1/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1981 CROP.

SOYBEANS

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ALA	2,200	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,050	2,050
ARK	4,800	4,550	4,650	4,350	4,500	4,600
DEL	265	265	275	260	260	270
FLA	475	475	660	460	460	646
GA	2,450	2,300	2,700	2,140	2,180	2,600
ILL	9,300	9,400	9,500	9,250	9,330	9,420
IND	4,400	4,650	4,600	4,380	4,600	4,550
IOWA	4,300	8,200	8,600	8,270	8,150	8,550
KANS	1,550	1,540	1,650	1,450	1,510	1,800
KY	1,650	1,750	1,700	1,600	1,700	1,660
LA	3,450	3,210	3,000	3,350	3,130	2,950
MD	400	375	410	390	370	395
MICH	960	980	1,050	950	970	1,040
MINN	4,800	4,500	4,950	4,760	4,400	4,850
MISS	4,000	3,700	3,700	3,850	3,600	3,600
MO	5,700	5,180	6,100	5,530	5,050	6,000
NEBR	1,830	2,150	2,350	1,770	2,120	2,300
N J	200	170	172	194	168	170
N Y	1/ 20			19		
N C	2,030	1,920	2,150	1,930	1,880	2,100
N DAK	210	235	350	200	230	345
OHIO	3,800	3,550	3,750	3,760	3,500	3,730
OKLA	350	280	300	300	270	280
PA	112	105	110	103	100	100
S C	1,700	1,600	1,900	1,600	1,550	1,850
S DAK	780	780	840	770	770	820
TENN	2,650	2,450	2,450	2,550	2,350	2,350
TEX	700	560	800	630	480	740
VA	620	645	680	610	635	665
WIS	335	380	460	330	375	450
U S	70,037	68,000	72,157	67,856	66,688	70,881

1/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1980 CROP.

PERCENT OF SOYBEAN ACREAGE PLANTED
FOLLOWING ANOTHER CROP, SELECTED STATES 1/

STATE	1979	1980	1981	1982	STATE	1979	1980	1981	1982
ALA	12	15	26	37	MISS	3	6	12	25
ARK	11	18	33	35	MO	11	13	19	16
DEL	23	36	45	43	N J	25	32	32	29
FLA	14	16	16	50	N C	11	24	35	37
GA	23	38	52	59	OHIO	1	0	1	1
ILL	2	3	7	4	OKLA	35	20	45	52
IND	2	3	4	5	PA	8	9	10	17
KANS	10	24	24	12	S C	17	15	36	44
KY	12	18	35	33	TENN	8	24	34	32
LA	2	1	5	16	TEX	1	9	14	18
MD	24	24	43	47	VA	28	37	51	43
					U S	6	9	15	16

1/ DATA AS OBTAINED FROM AREA FRAME SAMPLES. THESE DATA DO NOT REPRESENT OFFICIAL ESTIMATES OF THE CROP REPORTING BOARD BUT PROVIDE RAW DATA AS OBTAINED FROM SURVEY RESPONDENTS. THE PURPOSE OF THESE DATA ARE TO PORTRAY TRENDS IN SOYBEAN PRODUCTION PRACTICES.

SUNFLOWERS

STATE AND VARIETAL TYPE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
OIL VARIETIES						
MINN	860	650	505	835	631	492
N DAK	2,200	2,420	3,390	2,050	2,400	3,350
S DAK	524	448	698	499	440	696
TEX	65	27	100	58	25	99
U S	3,649	3,545	4,693	3,442	3,496	4,637
NON-OIL VARIETIES						
MINN	60	85	35	55	82	33
N DAK	200	230	210	185	228	208
S DAK	1	2	2	1	2	2
TEX	0	3	0	0	3	0
U S	261	320	247	241	315	243
TOTAL						
MINN	920	735	540	890	713	525
N DAK	2,400	2,650	3,600	2,235	2,628	3,548
S DAK	525	450	700	500	442	698
TEX	65	30	100	58	28	99
U S	3,910	3,865	4,940	3,683	3,811	4,870

FLAXSEED

STATE	AREA PLANTED 1/			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
MINN	140	115	120	125	104	110
N DAK	350	350	500	290	340	490
S DAK	285	180	240	265	173	230
TEX	2/ 4			3		
U S	779	645	860	683	617	830

1/ INCLUDES AREA PLANTED IN PRECEDING FALL.
2/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1980 CROP.

ALASKA 1/

CROP	AREA PLANTED			IND 1982	1982/1981
	1980	1981	1982		
	ACRES			PERCENT	
ALL OATS	3,100	6,000	3,200		53
ALL BARLEY	14,000	16,500	9,000		55
MIXED GRAIN CROPS	500	700	900		129
GRAIN HAY OR SILAGE 2/ 3/	4,300	4,600	3,500		76
GRASS HAY OR SILAGE 3/	12,100	12,800	13,000		102
POTATOES	480	590	560		95

1/ ALASKA ESTIMATES ARE PROVIDED TO MEET SPECIAL NEEDS OF DATA USERS FOR CROP AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION STATISTICS. ESTIMATES ARE EXCLUDED FROM COMMODITY DATA TABLES. 2/ INCLUDED IN THE ABOVE GRAIN CROP ESTIMATES. 3/ AREA HARVESTED.

COTTON

CROP AND STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED			IND 1982 1/
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	1982	
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES			
COTTON, UPLAND							
ALA	325.0	377.0	270.0	321.0	372.0		
ARIZ	550.0	600.0	490.0	549.0	599.0		
ARK	700.0	610.0	450.0	645.0	560.0		
CALIF	1,550.0	1,540.0	1,380.0	1,540.0	1,530.0		
FLA	6.0	18.0	16.0	5.9	17.0		
GA	170.0	180.0	170.0	160.0	175.0		
LA	570.0	700.0	620.0	560.0	695.0		
MISS	1,150.0	1,230.0	1,100.0	1,125.0	1,200.0		
MO	245.0	242.0	200.0	241.0	183.0		
NEV	1.0	1.1	.9	.9	.9		
N MEX	151.0	136.0	95.0	120.0	106.0		
N C	66.0	83.0	80.0	65.0	82.0		
OKLA	715.0	650.0	560.0	565.0	640.0		
S C	122.0	119.0	105.0	120.0	118.0		
TENN	290.0	325.0	260.0	275.0	305.0		
TEX	7,850.0	7,460.0	5,700.0	6,850.0	7,200.0		
VA	.3	.4	.4	.3	.3		
U S	14,461.3	14,271.5	11,497.3	13,143.1	13,783.2		
COTTON, AMER-PIMA							
ARIZ	42.3	33.8	40.0	42.1	33.6		
CALIF	.1	.0	.0	.1	.0		
N MEX	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	6.8		
TEX	23.0	17.7	24.0	22.5	17.6		
U S	72.5	58.6	71.1	71.7	58.0		
COTTON, ALL							
ALA	325.0	377.0	270.0	321.0	372.0		
ARIZ	592.3	633.8	530.0	591.1	632.6		
ARK	700.0	610.0	450.0	645.0	560.0		
CALIF	1,550.1	1,540.0	1,380.0	1,540.1	1,530.0		
FLA	6.0	18.0	16.0	5.9	17.0		
GA	170.0	180.0	170.0	160.0	175.0		
LA	570.0	700.0	620.0	560.0	695.0		
MISS	1,150.0	1,230.0	1,100.0	1,125.0	1,200.0		
MO	245.0	242.0	200.0	241.0	183.0		
NEV	1.0	1.1	.9	.9	.9		
N MEX	158.1	143.1	102.1	127.0	112.8		
N C	66.0	83.0	80.0	65.0	82.0		
OKLA	715.0	650.0	560.0	565.0	640.0		
S C	122.0	119.0	105.0	120.0	118.0		
TENN	290.0	325.0	260.0	275.0	305.0		
TEX	7,873.0	7,477.7	5,724.0	6,872.5	7,217.6		
VA	.3	.4	.4	.3	.3		
U S	14,533.8	14,330.1	11,568.4	13,214.8	13,841.2		

1/ ESTIMATES TO BE RELEASED AUGUST 11, 1982.

HAY

STATE	ALL HAY AREA HARVESTED			ALFALFA AND ALFALFA MIXTURES: AREA HARVESTED			ALL OTHER AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	IND 1982	1980	1981	IND 1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES								
ALA	625	640	670				625	640	670
ARIZ	195	190	175	165	160	160	30	30	15
ARK	921	950	900	78	60	70	843	870	830
CALIF	1,550	1,565	1,490	1,030	1,050	960	520	515	530
COLD	1,500	1,455	1,470	780	770	770	720	685	700
CONN	86	86	84	21	22	23	65	64	61
DEL	18	17	19	7	7	7	11	10	12
FLA	240	230	230				240	230	230
GA	460	475	500				460	475	500
IDAHO	1,380	1,390	1,410	1,090	1,100	1,090	290	290	320
ILL	1,160	1,140	1,110	720	705	680	440	435	430
IND	805	785	800	380	375	390	425	410	410
IOWA	2,270	2,230	2,270	1,760	1,750	1,740	510	480	530
KANS	2,125	2,300	2,350	975	1,000	1,000	1,150	1,300	1,350
KY	1,560	1,560	1,570	200	200	210	1,360	1,360	1,360
LA	355	365	370	13	13	10	342	352	360
MAINE	220	221	223	22	21	21	198	200	202
MD	235	228	245	70	63	70	165	165	175
MASS	119	121	119	27	28	29	92	93	90
MICH	1,310	1,270	1,250	1,020	1,000	950	290	270	300
MINN	2,950	2,860	2,870	2,100	2,000	1,950	850	860	920
MISS	650	675	625				650	675	625
MO	3,270	3,550	3,480	520	550	530	2,750	3,000	2,950
MONT	2,200	2,320	2,340	1,200	1,300	1,300	1,000	1,020	1,040
NEBR	3,700	3,700	3,800	1,650	1,650	1,650	2,050	2,050	2,150
NEV	500	460	495	215	210	215	285	250	280
N H	93	92	89	20	20	18	73	72	71
N J	107	110	112	41	40	42	66	70	70
N MEX	310	315	315	240	240	250	70	75	65
N Y	2,430	2,290	2,325	1,030	990	975	1,400	1,300	1,350
N C	382	384	395	25	27	35	357	357	360
N DAK	2,820	3,230	3,350	1,220	1,600	1,700	1,600	1,630	1,650
OHIO	1,430	1,380	1,400	540	460	550	890	920	850
OKLA	1,570	1,670	1,400	420	390	370	1,150	1,280	1,030
OREG	1,070	1,060	1,100	425	425	430	645	635	670
PA	1,950	1,950	2,000	840	830	860	1,110	1,120	1,140
R I	11	11	10	3	3	2	8	8	8
S C	208	218	220				208	218	220
S DAK	4,160	4,310	4,350	2,300	2,370	2,450	1,860	1,940	1,900
TENN	1,185	1,270	1,220	105	115	120	1,080	1,155	1,100
TEX	2,670	2,830	3,000	170	180	200	2,500	2,650	2,800
UTAH	595	600	605	470	475	475	125	125	130
VT	455	447	450	110	105	100	345	342	350
VA	967	975	1,010	87	100	95	860	875	915
WASH	865	855	800	505	500	475	360	355	325
W VA	595	620	640	80	80	90	515	540	550
WIS	3,900	3,600	3,675	3,050	2,850	2,925	850	750	750
WYO	1,185	1,212	1,190	520	540	550	665	672	640
U S	59,362	60,212	60,521	26,244	26,394	26,537	33,118	33,818	33,984

DRY EDIBLE BEANS

1/

CROP AND STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
LARGE LIMA BEANS						
CALIF	34.0	30.5	32.5	34.0	30.0	32.5
BABY LIMA BEANS						
CALIF	19.0	27.5	27.5	19.0	27.0	27.5
BEANS OTHER THAN LIMAS						
CALIF	160.0	173.0	190.0	160.0	164.0	190.0
ALL DRY EDIBLE BEANS						
CALIF	213.0	231.0	250.0	213.0	221.0	250.0
COLO	190.0	195.0	175.0	185.0	190.0	170.0
IDAHO	181.0	246.0	143.0	179.0	243.0	141.0
KANS	25.0	35.0	19.0	24.0	34.0	18.0
MICH	590.0	650.0	570.0	570.0	590.0	550.0
MINN	90.0	110.0	95.0	84.0	103.0	89.0
MONT	12.0	14.0	9.0	11.0	13.0	9.0
NEBR	160.0	230.0	215.0	150.0	220.0	205.0
N Y	51.0	51.0	50.0	48.0	47.0	48.0
N DAK	265.0	430.0	320.0	255.0	415.0	305.0
UTAH	12.0	15.0	11.0	11.0	14.0	10.0
WASH	55.0	70.0	33.0	54.0	69.0	32.0
WYO	38.0	43.0	30.0	37.0	42.0	29.0
U S	1,882.0	2,320.0	1,920.0	1,821.0	2,201.0	1,856.0

1/ EXCLUDES BEANS GROWN FOR GARDEN SEED.

SUMMER POTATOES

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ALA	9.5	9.2	8.8	9.5	9.1	8.6
CALIF	7.6	8.0	8.4	7.6	8.0	8.4
COLO	6.0	7.0	6.5	5.8	6.8	6.4
DEL	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.1	5.2	5.3
ILL	1.9	2.2	2.3	1.8	2.1	2.2
IND	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.6	1.9
IOWA	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.6
MO	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.6
MICH	8.5	8.5	8.0	8.3	8.3	7.8
MINN	5.5	6.2	6.4	5.4	6.1	6.3
NEBR	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.1
N J	8.5	8.3	8.0	8.2	8.1	7.8
N MEX	3.5	4.5	4.0	3.0	4.5	3.9
N C	3.9	4.1	3.9	3.7	4.0	3.8
OHIO	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.2
TENN	2.8	3.1	3.1	2.8	3.1	3.1
TEX	8.0	6.8	8.8	7.5	6.7	8.5
VA	14.0	16.0	17.0	14.0	16.0	17.0
TOTAL	92.9	96.6	98.3	90.1	95.0	96.5

TOBACCO BY CLASS AND TYPE

CLASS AND TYPE	AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	IND 1982
	ACRES		
CLASS 1, FLUE-CURED			
TYPES 11-14			
ALA	1/: 510		
FLA	: 9,600	9,600	9,000
GA	: 55,000	55,000	52,000
N C	: 374,000	353,000	329,000
S C	: 65,000	68,000	58,000
VA	: 51,000	55,000	45,000
U S	: 555,110	540,600	493,000
CLASS 3A, LIGHT AIR-CURED			
TYPE 31			
IND	: 7,300	8,300	9,000
KY	: 185,000	218,000	218,000
MO	: 2,500	2,800	2,900
N C	: 8,800	10,900	11,000
OHIO	: 9,800	11,400	12,000
TENN	: 52,000	65,000	68,000
VA	: 10,000	13,300	13,000
W VA	: 1,200	1,500	1,600
U S	: 276,600	331,200	335,500
ALL OTHER CLASSES AND TYPES			
CONN	: 3,300	3,200	2,400
KY	: 15,900	16,600	18,400
LA	2/: 80	50	
MO	: 23,000	23,000	24,000
MASS	: 1,190	1,140	500
N C	3/: 900	9,800	
OHIO	: 1,400	1,700	1,800
PA	: 13,000	13,300	13,000
S C	4/:	1,000	
TENN	: 12,760	13,650	14,700
VA	: 4,380	5,040	5,300
WIS	: 12,900	13,400	10,700
U S	: 68,810	101,880	90,800
ALL TOBACCO	: 920,520	973,680	919,300

1/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1980 CROP.

2/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1981 CROP.

3/ NOT PLANTED IN 1982.

4/ NOT PLANTED IN 1980 OR 1982.

ALL TOBACCO

STATE	AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	IND 1982
	ACRES		
ALA	1/: 510		
CONN	: 3,300	3,200	2,400
FLA	: 9,600	9,600	9,000
GA	: 55,000	55,000	52,000
IND	: 7,300	8,300	9,000
KY	: 200,900	234,600	236,400
LA	2/: 80	50	
MD	: 23,000	23,000	24,000
MASS	: 1,190	1,140	500
MO	: 2,500	2,800	2,900
N C	: 383,700	373,700	340,000
OHIO	: 11,200	13,100	13,800
PA	: 13,000	13,300	13,000
S C	: 65,000	69,000	58,000
TENN	: 64,760	78,650	82,700
VA	: 65,380	73,340	63,300
W VA	: 1,200	1,500	1,600
WIS	: 12,900	13,400	10,700
U S	: 920,520	973,680	919,300

1/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1980 CROP.
 2/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1981 CROP.

SWEETPOTATOES

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ALA	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.3	5.4	5.5
ANK	1/ .7			.6		
CALIF	8.4	8.9	9.2	8.4	8.9	9.2
GA	5.5	6.0	6.5	4.5	5.6	6.0
LA	26.0	27.0	28.0	25.0	26.0	27.0
MD	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
MISS	5.0	5.5	5.2	4.6	5.2	5.0
N J	2.4	2.5	2.9	2.4	2.5	2.9
N C	38.0	40.0	42.0	37.0	39.0	41.0
S C	2.8	3.5	4.5	2.5	3.5	4.5
TENN	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0
TEX	8.0	8.2	7.6	6.5	7.8	7.2
VA	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.1	2.3	2.4
U S	107.8	112.7	117.4	102.2	109.3	114.0

1/ ESTIMATES DISCONTINUED AFTER 1980 CROP.

SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR AND SEED

STATE	AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES		
FLA	339.2	348.2	365.0
MAH	104.5	104.8	104.0
LA	254.0	265.0	250.0
TEX	35.0	37.4	37.5
U S	732.7	755.4	756.5

SUGARBEETS

1/

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1980	1981	1982	1980	1981	IND 1982
	1,000 ACRES			1,000 ACRES		
ARIZ	9.4	13.0	13.9	9.1	12.6	13.6
CALIF	234.0	270.0	175.0	229.0	260.0	170.0
COLOR	94.0	80.0	50.0	91.0	77.0	49.0
IDAHO	139.4	147.6	139.0	137.9	144.4	136.0
KANS	16.0	14.8	10.0	14.5	14.0	9.4
MICH	99.0	102.0	98.0	97.0	99.0	96.0
MINN	260.0	260.0	254.0	243.0	257.0	250.0
MONT	44.2	44.7	43.5	43.3	44.5	43.3
NEBR	87.0	79.4	52.0	85.0	78.4	50.0
N MEX	1.6	2.2	.7	1.6	2.1	.7
N DAK	147.6	145.6	147.0	142.7	144.9	145.0
OHIO	16.3	15.5	.0	17.8	14.4	.0
OREG	7.3	11.2	10.6	7.2	10.7	10.3
TEX	27.2	26.0	31.3	24.4	25.2	29.0
UTAH	.7	.0	.0	.7	.0	.0
WYO	45.6	45.2	39.8	45.3	44.9	39.5
U S	1,231.3	1,257.6	1,064.8	1,169.5	1,229.1	1,041.8

1/ RELATES TO YEAR OF INTENDED HARVEST EXCEPT FOR OVERWINTERED SPRING PLANTED BEETS IN CALIF.

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2

3

4