

NATIONAL HONEY REPORT



United States
Department of
Agriculture

Agricultural Marketing Service
Specialty Crops Program
Market News Division

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HONEY MARKET FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 2020 IN VOLUMES OF 10,000 POUNDS OR GREATER UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

Prices paid to beekeepers for extracted, unprocessed honey in major producing states by packers, handlers & other large users, cents per pound, f.o.b. or delivered nearby, containers exchanged or returned, prompt delivery & payment unless otherwise stated.

- REPORT INCLUDES BOTH NEW AND OLD CROP HONEY - (# Some in Small Lot --- +Some delayed payments or previous commitment)

CALIFORNIA

Buckwheat	Light Amber	\$1.60	
Mixed Flower	Light Amber	\$1.80	
Sage	White	\$1.60	
Orange	White	\$2.25	
Valley	Light Amber	\$1.60	

DAKOTAS

Canola	White	\$1.50	- \$1.60
Canola	Extra Light Amber	\$1.60	
Canola	Light Amber	\$1.60	
Clover	White	\$1.40	- \$1.65
Clover	Extra Light Amber	\$1.60	
Clover	Light Amber	\$1.60	
Mixed Flower	Light Amber	\$1.25	
Sunflower	White	\$1.65	

FLORIDA

Gallberry	Extra Light Amber	\$1.75	
Gallberry	Amber	\$1.85	
Mixed Flower	Extra Light Amber	\$2.05	
Mixed Flower	Light Amber	\$1.75	
Mixed Flower	Amber	\$1.75	
Orange Blossom	Light Amber	\$2.25	
Orange Blossom	Extra Light Amber	\$2.00	
Tallow	Amber	\$1.75	

IDAHO

Clover	White	\$1.60	
Clover	Extra Light Amber	\$1.65	
Mint	Amber	\$1.60	

LOUISIANA

Tallow	Light Amber	\$1.75	
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MICHIGAN

Basswood	Light Amber	\$1.60	- \$2.00
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MISSISSIPPI

Tallow	Extra Light Amber	\$1.65	
Tallow	Light Amber	\$1.60	- \$1.65
Tallow	Amber	\$1.50	
Tallow	Dark	\$1.50	

MONTANA

Clover	White	\$1.65	- \$1.68
Clover	Extra Light Amber	\$1.68	

TEXAS

Clover	White	\$1.65	
Tallow	Light Amber	\$1.60	

Prices paid to Canadian Beekeepers for unprocessed, bulk honey by packers and importers in U. S. currency, f.o.b. shipping point, containers included unless otherwise stated. Duty and crossing charges extra. Cents per pound.

Canola	White	No sales reported
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Prices paid to importers for bulk honey, duty paid, containers included, cents per pound, ex-dock or point of entry unless otherwise stated.

ARGENTINA

Mixed Flowers	White	\$1.15	- \$1.43
Mixed Flowers	Extra Light	\$1.14	- \$1.41

BRAZIL

ORGANIC	Extra Light	\$0.99	
ORGANIC	Light Amber	\$0.91	- \$1.17
ORGANIC	Amber	\$0.94	

INDIA

Mixed Flower	White	\$0.76	- \$0.93
Mixed Flower	Extra Light	\$0.71	- \$0.82
Mixed Flower	Light Amber	\$0.70	- \$0.76
Mustard	Extra Light	\$0.80	- \$0.83
Mustard	Light Amber	\$0.80	- \$0.83

UKRAINE

Sunflower	White	\$0.89	
Sunflower	Extra Light	\$0.89	- \$0.97

VIETNAM

Mixed Flower	Light Amber	\$0.67	- \$0.79
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COLONY, HONEY PLANT AND MARKET CONDITIONS DURING JUNE 2020

APPALACHIAN DISTRICT (MD, PA, VA, WV): June started out with very nice weather and by mid-month the heat and humidity arrived and never left. Daytime temperatures were in the nineties, humidity, and scattered thunderstorms.

Beekeepers are reporting good colony populations with swarming and splitting occurring through to the end of the month. Some are providing supplemental feeding due to a reduction in nectar and pollen sources and others are reporting they still have nectar and pollen gathering occurring depending on their location in the District. The isolated thunderstorms have resulted in some areas to be drier than normal resulting in a dearth of nectar. Many reported bearding occurring due to the hot, humid weather. Beekeepers were also harvesting honey and are many are pleased with the volume.

Pollen sources for the month were tulip poplars, clover and wildflowers at the beginning and button bush, clovers, lizard tail & other wildflowers at the end of the month. A few beekeepers were providing sugar water to encourage brood rearing, comb building and making honey for the winter.

All types of honey reported to be trading mostly at \$10.00/pound at local retail farm markets and stands. Jessup wholesale market prices per pound at \$7.75 for clover and wildflower.

Penn State continued with their webinar series on various bee topics for free during the continued pandemic. Beekeeping groups are still not meeting physically, but a few have met in on-line forums.

ALABAMA: Physical distancing measures as a result of COVID-19 continued to affect local gatherings of both beekeepers and state extension personnel. In-person group events were severely restricted; some small-group mentorship opportunities occurred. Throughout the state, nectar flow was moderate to good. Clover, vitex, and sourwood all bloomed at various times depending on latitude, and beekeepers pulled honey, then extracted and bottled it. Disease levels remained relatively low. Varroa mite counts were reported to be mostly below the recommended treatment threshold of 3 mites per 100 bees, although sentinel apiaries spread around the state suggested beekeepers should remain vigilant. European foulbrood was reported in pockets in the north, and small hive beetle counts continued to rise throughout the state.

ARIZONA: Temperatures were at above normal levels across the state of Arizona during the month of June, reaching into the 110s.

Drier than normal, and near drought conditions continue to persist across the state. During parts of June, four forest fires of note were raging across the state at the same time. No precipitation has been received by the central Arizona region since early April.

Although not having a major impact on honey in Arizona, continued and additional shutdowns and restrictions due to Covid-19 have also negatively impacted honey sales in Arizona, especially in relation to sales and transactions out of state.

ARKANSAS: During the month of June temperatures were below normal across most of the state. Precipitation during June was above normal across most of the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Arkansas had mostly normal soil moisture for May.

Commercial beekeepers are reporting that their bees are generally healthy and have only minimal colony losses. Few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey. Beekeepers are seeing a spike in prices caused by increased retail sales due to the Corona virus pandemic. Pricing for single load and immediate delivered honey has jumped to \$1.80-\$1.90 with a few loads at \$2.00 as packers try to meet the retail demand. No one knows how long this will last but at this point most beekeepers are happy to get it.

CALIFORNIA: Droughts continued to deprive California honeybees of much needed nectar through June, which forced beekeepers to keep feeding hives syrup well into July. "Colony strength is OK, but the lack of rainfall here in Central California this year has resulted in much less forage for the bees," one beekeeper said. "We have extracted only small amounts of honey so far due to the lack of good forage."

"We are feeding more sugar syrup than we have in any previous year," another said. By early July, some beekeepers were able to wean their bees off syrup but continued feeding them protein supplements, which could continue till fall.

Some hives had already been removed from California alfalfa to avoid pesticide sprays. Some sought honey flow from cotton. "Pesticide pressure from cotton and other crops has been light so far and we hope that continues to be the case as the summer progresses," one said.

Some bees continued to pollinate watermelon, cantaloupe and vegetables in the Salinas Valley. Others were being sent to the High Sierra for wildflowers. Some meadows along creeks still had flowers, albeit limited supplies. "It's not lush up there this year, that's for sure," one beekeeper said.

Markets for California honey hovered around \$2. Some said the Midwest, with a heavier presence of imports, was keeping prices down.

Beekeepers say that during their daily routines they've remained mostly isolated and avoided much of the risks associated with the COVID-19 virus. "I'm not around people at all," one beekeeper said. "I don't worry too much about it." Others voiced doubts over how the honey industry would be able to hold in-person conferences in the months ahead. "I, for one, would not attend as we are in the high-risk category," another said. "The associations need to address this issue. Maybe they will have all presenters make an electronic copy of their topics for distribution through the associations."

A few beekeepers have had some labor difficulties, especially with H-2A workers from certain countries. Other concerns ahead include controlling varroa mites, which feed on bees like parasites and spread viruses and infections among hives. Others voiced concerns over bees heavily working California buckeye, whose trees "produce a very toxic poison pollen that deforms the bees' wings and (causes) other development problems." "Many times, the young larvae fail to develop, and the house bees throw out the dead and dying larvae as well as those bees that do make it to emergence, but are of no use to the colony," a beekeeper said. "This die off is very extreme and can kill the entire colony as there are no replacement bees for the old work force."

FLORIDA: It was hot and humid with below normal precipitation for most areas until late in the month. The rainy season appears to have started about a week later than the normal time which is the middle of the month. Bee health was considered good. Supplemental feeding was only necessary for hives that were being split as there were several sources of food for the bees. Some beekeepers were splitting hives about three months before the Brazilian Pepper season would be expected to begin in early September to increase numbers and bee health. Early in the month mangrove, Gallberry and palmetto were still available in small amounts in many areas. Cabbage palm appeared to be in good supply. Some hives were still being located to northern areas for clover honey production in the Dakotas and goldenrod honey production, primarily in New York. Some were still involved in pollinating a variety of northern crops in several states. There was little honey produced in Florida for commercial consumption as the hives were using most of it. Stored supplies of honey at the end of the month were very light.

GEORGIA: For most of the beekeepers the spring crop was about average and in some areas losses of up to forty percent reported after the hives returned from the watermelon fields. It may have been from starving caused by so much rain in some areas that washed the pollen off the flowers. Retail sales have been up and down. Farmers have cut back on planting due to the uncertainty caused by the covid-19 virus and that has made beekeepers scramble for places to put the hives for the fall. Prices are running \$2.00 a pound in the barrel and \$3.00 a pound in five-gallon buckets.

IDAHO, COLORADO, UTAH: During the month of June temperatures across much of Idaho and Utah were slightly higher than normal. Colorado had above normal temperatures during the same period. Precipitation during June was normal to slightly above normal for most Idaho, with the exception, of Central Idaho which had below normal precipitation. Utah and Colorado had below normal precipitation for the month. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Central Idaho continues to have abnormally dry conditions in June. All other areas in Idaho had normal soil moisture. Utah and Colorado had abnormally dry to severe drought conditions during the month of June.

The unusually dry conditions made for a below average dandelion crop. Most beekeepers stated that their bees were working extra hard to find pollen and nectar even with the extra flying time.

Most beekeepers are reporting that their bees are looking healthy with few losses.

Mite control is a constant battle for beekeepers. Many beekeepers have applied two treatments already this spring prior to the start of the main nectar flow. Beekeepers have enough experience to know that even though their mite samples may be low, this is not a recipe to stop treatments. Demand for Idaho, Utah and Colorado honey is good for locally sourced honey. Much of the commercial honey has been committed to packers, except for small amounts saved back for retail sales. Few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey.

ILLINOIS: The weather in June was normal with lots of rainfall at the beginning and end of the month. Beekeepers report that most of their bees are in very good condition. Beekeepers also report the bees are feeding on wildflowers, such as honeysuckle, basswood and white Dutch clover. Honey production has started and is in good quantities. Demand for honey is very good at the retail level and slow at wholesale level. Prices are generally unchanged.

INDIANA: Temperatures were normal for the most part with a small cold spell in the middle of the month. There was very little rain except for the last week and a half for the month. Beekeepers report that their bees continue to feed on wildflowers, such as Dutch Clover. Beekeepers report that their bees are in mostly good condition. Beekeepers report a small amount of honey flow. Demand for honey is good at the retail level and fairly good at the wholesale level. Prices are generally unchanged.

IOWA, KANSAS, MISSOURI, NEBRASKA: No report issued.

KENTUCKY: Kentucky beekeepers are happily engaged in honey harvest in June, with timely rains extending nectar flows well past normal and milder temperatures making for a more pleasant experience. White clovers, purple coneflowers, smartweed, poison ivy and hemlock and herbs have given honeybees' plenty of diverse nectar and pollen sources to choose. There have been very few health issues reported. Health issues ranged from a few cases of European foulbrood and chalkbrood. For the most part very low varroa mite populations were seen due in part to the polar plunge in mid-May and a prolific swarm season. Mite populations have been on average about 2 mites per 100 bees. Beekeepers are facing challenges with equipment orders being delayed due to supply-line disruptions because of Covid-19. The earliest arrive for an order of wooden frames at one KY-based bee supply equipment business is at least 3 weeks. Phone lines are continually busy. Many orders are partially filled, necessitating return trips, etc. But these are "first-world" problems for the most part. Many beekeepers have been creating small markets for their crop. The Kentucky State Fair Board will be allowing the Kentucky State Beekeepers Association to have a booth to sell honey and a booth to promote its Kentucky Certified Honey Program. The American Honey Princess is scheduled to attend in August, and much work is being done to make the KY State Fair a healthy and profitable experience for all KY beekeepers involved.

LOUISIANA: During the month of June temperatures were normal to slightly above normal across most of the state. Precipitation during June was normal to above normal across most of the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Louisiana had mostly normal soil moisture for June.

Commercial beekeepers are reporting that their bees are looking healthy. Few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey. Beekeepers are seeing a spike in prices caused by increased retail sales due to the Corona virus pandemic. Pricing for single load and immediate delivered honey has jumped to \$1.80-\$1.90 with a few loads at \$2.00 as packers try to meet the retail demand. No one knows how long this will last but at this point most beekeepers are happy to get it.

MICHIGAN: The early days of June saw very little nectar collected, although the second half of the month had white Dutch and Yellow sweet clover and some Basswood nectar. It was much warmer this month with ample rainfall for good nectar flows as hives continued to build their populations. Unfortunately, in stronger hives, the varroa mite populations were also growing with some beekeepers applying mite treatments. Prices and demand remain steady for local honey at markets, stores and restaurants. Sales have increased 10-20% since the pandemic. For the smaller scale beekeepers, interest is still high, and education is on-going. Most education is being held virtually online or from a safe distance in neighboring bee yards.

MINNESOTA: During the month of June temperatures were above normal across most of the State of Minnesota. Precipitation in June was slightly below normal to normal across the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, an area of abnormally dry soil moisture conditions was present from the Northeast part of the State down into Central Minnesota during the month. The rest of the state had normal soil moisture conditions during the same period.

Beekeepers depend so much on good weather to survive in their business. Overall the spring has been cooler and wetter than normal. This type of weather has held back a lot of process and advancement of foraging plants.

With normal soil moisture and near normal temperatures during June, foraging plant growth has been favorable across Minnesota. In late June there were many foraging plants that bees were utilizing for pollen and nectar including yellow sweet clover and white dutch clover.

Beekeepers have reported that their bees are looking healthy and well during the month of June with very few losses. The Queens seem to be laying good amounts of brood. Very few drone layers have been noticed in some recent colony check-ups.

Earlier applied mite controls still seem to be effective based upon what beekeepers are seeing in the colonies. Bears have already made their presence known. Beekeepers have either installed electric fences or positioned portable radios to deter them.

Demand for Minnesota honey continues to be very good for locally sourced honey. Prices for 2020 new crop have not been established at this time.

MISSISSIPPI: Rain has caused many to hold off on pulling honey and the bees are still making honey. Beekeepers are waiting for a good chance to check on the bees and start collecting honey soon. Prices are running \$1.90-2.10 a pound for a barrel.

MONTANA: No report issued.

NEW ENGLAND: New England weather for the month of June generally ranged from cool to mild with a few very hot and humid days and plenty of rainfall for ideal soil moisture conditions. Topsoil moisture levels have been perfectly suited to foster a full and complete ornamental/floral bloom. Many floral, pollen and nectar sources were blooming earlier than usual such as grass clovers, honeysuckle, wildflowers, herbs, knapweed, looserstrife, catalpa, and buckwheat as well as linden (basswood), tulip popular, sumac, black locust and blooming fruit trees and vegetable crop plantings. Vegetable crops showing good bloom were tomatoes, peppers, squash and pumpkins. The higher elevation areas have extremely high floral nectar levels such that when

good summer weather occurs, these regions will offer heavy honey flow possibilities. Northern regions are now offering heavy bloom of Korean Evodia, catalpa, autumn olive, black locust, linden and tulip popular trees. The main pollen and nectar sources currently are black locust, lavender, anise hyssop, holly, cinquefoil, vetch, ailanthus, swamp dogwood, chickweed, sumac, catalpa, sweet clover, especially white clover, sour wood, buckwheat, sage as well as a variety of flowering trees and wild woodland flowers.

Early harvested honey was reportedly some of the highest quality and lightly colored ever harvested. Commercial beekeepers have moved pollination services from apples to cranberries. Farmers are ahead of schedule on the pollination of squash and cucumbers which started the beginning of June such that these produce commodities are seasonally ahead of normal activities. We already have available in the Boston Terminal Market fresh local English peas, string beans, and rhubarb.

Reports of swarm activity have been extremely high especially in regional areas near salt and/or fresh water sources. The swarm season is always prevalent around Mother's Day. In regional pocket areas where weather was clearly seasonal, colony strength numbers increased dramatically, and swarms were numerous. Many keepers have expressed their delight in the early extraction of extremely lightly colored honey from black locust trees. The amber colored seems to be sourced from dandelion, Dutch clover and yellow sweet clover. Regionally, over the last two weeks of the month, New England has experienced strong nectar collection however; much of the present nectar has not been capped. June is a major honey producing month for the Northeast.

This year there seems to be an overabundance of burr comb and Propolis and mite populations are noticeably low as well. Reportedly so far, there have been very few pest problems. No American foul brood or pronounced tracheal mites' infestations have been reported to date. Additionally, the varroa mite and hive beetle counts have not been high enough to seriously hurt hives. Resourceful beekeepers are implementing the drone brood frame program which seriously interrupts the mite breeding cycle.

In reference to the effect the corona virus is having on New England beekeeping, there is the constant issue of not having the ability to have face to face gatherings of keepers together so that they can share their expertise and compare notes on methodology that they are using in the everyday practice of beekeeping as well as examine samples of honey and honey products. However, all the beekeeping associations in New England are having their meetings with their members being signed into Zoom media options. Zoom has allowed members to participate in up-dated information and witness lectures from noted authorities in apiculture. There has been the ongoing problem of finding several chemical miticides, that if imported from outside the United States, would be facing a wait time to obtain them. Secondly, there is still the consistent issue of locating the full face protection needed for administering oxalic acid in a vapor format as this (IPM) integrated pest management method is very effective in controlling varroa mites and has quickly become the preferred and most effective method in ridding ones hives of those highly destructive mites.

NEW YORK: Cooler May temperatures gave way to very warm and dry conditions in June around the state. The unusual weather pattern delayed the normal phenology of plants and timing that beekeepers depend on for management of colonies and buildup. The dandelion crop normally has been a builder crop that only ended up with a small surplus due to being two weeks later than usual during a period of warmer temperatures during both day and night. Black locust was also running behind and before the trees could bloom, they abruptly stopped. Sumac is not opening and running yet a week behind. Recent rains should improve chances of a single digit weight increase. Prior to the recent few days of rain, the area was entering a very dry period. Looking ahead, the basswood blossoms are few and indicates a poor flow. Basswood is the largest flow between now and Goldenrod and is important for colony health. Sweet clover does not look very extensive along the roadways. While there has been a constant trickle of nectar coming in, the colonies look fairly strong with only a few signs of stress due to lack of food.

Honey sales usually are slower in the summer, although prices have remained strong. Many stores have USDA Grade A honey from large packers, with mixtures of imported honey (at lower prices) than the local honey prices. Farmers' markets are the normal outlet for local honey and have been slower due to the COVID pandemic. Local honey prices have maintained price levels, both in wholesale and retail markets. Hives always appear to be healthy during strong honey flows and less well during a dearth. Beekeepers will need to be vigilant during July and August when mite counts can mount up and weaken the colonies.

NORTH CAROLINA: Temperatures in North Carolina were slightly below normal for June with a statewide average temperature of 73.3°F. Precipitation was slightly above normal. Overall statewide soil moisture levels were rated 0% very short, 9.5% short, 78% adequate, and 12.5% surplus the week ending June 27. Once again, the North Carolina Drought Management Advisory Council reported zero counties as having outstanding drought or dryness.

Colonies were in fairly good condition, however, pest pressures from varroa mites and hive beetles were on the rise. Apiary inspectors also received several reports of swarming; presumably due to the bees being congested in their hives from the unseasonably wet weather. When available bees could be seen working Sumac across the state. Dandelion; Raspberry; Tulip Poplar; and Basswood, Linden were available in the Mountain region. Persimmon and Clovers (Ladino, White and Sweet) were available throughout the Mountain and Piedmont regions. Also, available in the Piedmont region were Aslike Clover and Vetch; while Gallberry was blooming in the Coastal Plains region. Commercial pollinator hives in eastern North Carolina spent the month working cucurbits; while others let hives rest and restore in preparation for fall.

Supplies of honey are fairly light as many beekeepers in the southeastern part of the state reported little to no honey crop due to the cool, wet weather during the honey flow. Retail prices at the Raleigh State Farmers' Market were unchanged: \$7.00-\$8.00 per 8-ounce jar, \$12.00-\$13.00 per 16-ounce jar, \$22.00 per 32-ounce jar, and \$18.00 per 44-ounce jar. Prices at the Piedmont Triad Farmers' Market in Greensboro were also unchanged at: \$8.00-\$12.00 per 8-ounce jar, \$12.00-\$18.00 per 22-ounce jar, and \$20.00 per 32-ounce jar.

NORTH & SOUTH DAKOTA: Weather was fair but limiting some field work. Crop plantings and emergence near or slightly behind last year. Most continued the pattern through mid-June except sunflowers which were well ahead of last season. Improving weather and field conditions helped to bring many crops along. Alfalfa cuttings picked up steadily as the month went on thanks to improved weather.

OHIO: The weather in Northwestern Ohio has been almost perfect during the month, with lots of sunny days and cooler nights with little rainfall. Most swarming has past and bees have been building up and producing lots of dry honey. Yellow sweet and white dutch clovers have been blooming for quite a while, with milkweed and basswood just getting underway. Some areas in central regions have had enough rain to keep the clover families producing nectars. Daily temperatures are above average; corn and beans are very dry. Some areas of Ohio have a new nectar-producing plant called Birds Foot Trefoil which has been spreading rapidly. Some strong colonies have produced well over 100 pounds of honey during the month. Some swarming problems were evident due to the warm and rainy weather. A record number of swarms have been reported in many areas around the state. Some colonies are honey bound while others are nearly starving. The health and vigor of the hive has been dependent upon available forage. Blooming plants ranged from early bloom of Hawthorne, Catalpa and Sweet Mockorange across the Central regions to Bottlebrush Buckeye and early bloom of Rose of

Sharon by the end of the month. In Southern Ohio, a strong honey flow was reported. Most hives with two shallows are full and working on their third. Pollen is still coming in strong, facilitating strong brood-rearing. Queen grafts are being readily accepted and well fed by the starter colonies. Beekeepers are now checking for mite populations. Honey demand is slow as is normal for early summer. Prices remain \$5-6 per pound wholesale and \$8-10 at the retail level.

OKLAHOMA: During the month of June temperatures were normal across most of the state. Precipitation during June was below normal across most of the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Southeast Oklahoma had normal soil moisture for June. The rest of the state shows abnormally dry to extreme drought conditions for the month.

Commercial beekeepers are reporting that their bees are looking healthy. According to beekeepers, there have been only minimal colony losses this year. Varroa mites seem to be under control.

Few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey. Beekeepers report a spike in prices caused by increased retail sales due to the Corona virus pandemic. No one knows how long this will last but at this point most beekeepers are happy to get it.

OREGON: No report issued.

SOUTH CAROLINA: No report issued.

TENNESSEE: No report issued.

TEXAS: During the month of June temperatures were normal to slightly above normal across most of the state. Precipitation during June was slightly below normal across most of the state. The exception being Northeast Texas where precipitation was slightly above normal. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, the Panhandle and most of West Texas had abnormally dry to a few spots of extreme drought conditions for the month. The remainder of the state shows mostly normal conditions with a few spots that were abnormally dry.

Unlike Spring, Summer arrived early in Texas which it often does. Temperatures were already in the triple digits by time Summer got here. The wildflower bloom was fading fast as the end of the month approached. But even with the heat, beekeepers are seeing good foraging options for the bees this spring and into summer. The wildflower bloom across most of the state was very good.

Commercial beekeepers are reporting that their bees are looking healthy. According to beekeepers, there have been only minimal colony losses this year. Varroa mites seem to be under control.

Few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey. Beekeepers are still seeing a spike in prices caused by increased retail sales due to the Corona virus pandemic. Pricing for single load and immediate delivered honey has jumped to \$1.80-\$1.90 with a few loads at \$2.00 as packers try to meet the retail demand. No one knows how long this will last but at this point most beekeepers are happy to get it.

WASHINGTON: June was cool early with some rain all over the state. Berries blooming as well as many wildflowers. With the rain and cooler temperatures continued through mid-June delaying some early hay cutting and slowed early fruit development. Later in June the weather warmed up and dried out bringing fruit harvest on. Bees continued to work various floral sources including wildflowers.

WISCONSIN: Temperatures were higher than normal at the start and end month with a small cold spell in the middle. There was a lot of rain at the end of the month. For the most part, beekeepers report a normal, healthy population of bees. Beekeepers report wild foliage for their bees includes Clover, wild parsnips, Basswood and Black Mustard and other wildflowers. Honey production has started. Demand for honey is good at the retail level and fairly good at the wholesale level. Prices are generally unchanged.

The export data is sourced from the Census Bureau.

U.S Exports of Honey By Country, Quantity, and Value

	Year to Date		May 2020	
	Quantity Kilograms	Value Dollars	Quantity Kilograms	Value Dollars
COMB & NATURAL HONEY PACKAGED FOR RETAIL SALE - - -				
Austria	8,034	19,500	0	0
Bahamas, The	13,899	39,863	1,634	3,966
Bahrain	9,088	22,060	0	0
Barbados	25,223	110,736	7,356	22,062
Bermuda	630	3,403	0	0
British Indian Ocean Territory	327	3,421	0	0
Cayman Islands	857	4,657	0	0
China	77,239	196,757	554	7,046
Costa Rica	3,129	7,594	3,129	7,594
France(*)	2,931	7,114	0	0
Germany(*)	12,794	31,055	12,794	31,055
Ghana	1,360	3,000	0	0
Hong Kong	8,807	45,251	445	4,043
Japan	88,648	350,254	0	0
Korea, South	255,201	1,040,425	125,129	398,289
Kuwait	61,465	149,195	0	0
Leeward-Windward Islands(*)	1,480	9,990	836	4,706
Mexico	8,425	20,450	0	0

Netherlands Antilles(*)	20,326	85,712	0	0
Panama	43,446	223,077	12,398	38,630
Philippines	161,387	395,684	0	0
Singapore	870	3,867	0	0
Taiwan	6,658	25,145	0	0
United Arab Emirates	20,941	50,830	5,527	13,415
Vietnam	5,141	27,068	0	0
Yemen(*)	70,678	113,152	35,339	56,576

NATURAL HONEY, NOT ELSEWHERE INDICATED OR SPECIFIED - - -

Bahamas, The	34,397	145,071	18,418	63,861
Barbados	6,212	36,490	0	0
Bermuda	13,966	87,135	5,636	35,348
Canada	394,345	1,216,250	96,289	296,444
Cayman Islands	9,014	21,568	0	0
China	6,538	33,502	6,538	33,502
Guyana	1,190	3,016	1,190	3,016
Haiti	572	2,745	0	0
Hong Kong	1,956	12,359	0	0
Jamaica	3,629	17,680	0	0
Japan	2,339	17,857	431	3,168
Korea, South	408,670	1,340,782	125,138	392,127
Leeward-Windward Islands(*)	1,787	11,898	0	0
Mongolia	716	3,344	0	0
Nigeria	2,739	12,300	0	0
Philippines	372	3,090	0	0
Singapore	1,942	15,625	0	0
Trinidad and Tobago	22,727	79,422	4,854	15,747
United Arab Emirates	19,404	47,098	0	0
Vietnam	3,432	13,417	2,042	5,715

GRAND TOTAL	1,844,931	6,109,909	465,677	1,436,310
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The source for import data has changed from Foreign Agricultural Service's Global Agricultural Trade Systems (GATS) to Customs and Border Protection's Automated Commercial Environment (ACE). This will allow Specialty Crops Market News to provide current import information instead of historical import information.

Honey Imports (1)								
Values are whole U.S. dollars								
Natural Honey, Certified for Organic (HTS Code 0409000005)								
Country of Origin	Month: Jun 2020				2020 TOTAL TO DATE			
	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)
ALBERTA, CANADA	18,870	\$ 91,520	\$ 200	\$ 91,720	70,227	\$ 291,699	\$ 1,350	\$ 293,049
ARGENTINA	169,670	\$ 383,759	\$ 26,000	\$ 409,759	570,590	\$ 1,328,662	\$ 68,894	\$ 1,397,556
ARMENIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1,260	\$ 10,440	\$ 361	\$ 10,801
AUSTRALIA	6,600	\$ 274,312	\$ 3,966	\$ 278,278	27,088	\$ 907,169	\$ 21,929	\$ 929,098
BRAZIL	2,747,557	\$ 6,066,089	\$ 332,780	\$ 6,398,869	10,921,612	\$ 24,635,570	\$ 1,207,845	\$ 25,843,415
BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA	341	\$ 893	\$ 6	\$ 899	10,998	\$ 58,538	\$ 223	\$ 58,761
BULGARIA	2,766	\$ 14,365	\$ 1,000	\$ 15,365	6,177	\$ 38,137	\$ 3,615	\$ 41,752
CHILE	728	\$ 4,990	\$ 2	\$ 4,992	1,267	\$ 9,070	\$ 253	\$ 9,323
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	31,822	\$ 89,559	\$ 4,939	\$ 94,498	83,513	\$ 237,294	\$ 13,487	\$ 250,781
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1	\$ 23	\$ 6	\$ 29
GHANA	10	\$ 6	\$ 1	\$ 7	10	\$ 6	\$ 1	\$ 7
GREECE	3,672	\$ 11,016	\$ 1,805	\$ 12,821	87,373	\$ 424,617	\$ 38,128	\$ 462,745
GUINEA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	107	\$ 100	\$ 43	\$ 143
INDIA	93,016	\$ 130,752	\$ 12,072	\$ 142,824	295,108	\$ 455,583	\$ 39,180	\$ 494,763
ITALY	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	3,873	\$ 49,106	\$ 547	\$ 49,653
MEXICO	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	57,484	\$ 139,918	\$ 3,869	\$ 143,787
NEW ZEALAND	738	\$ 17,938	\$ 319	\$ 18,257	978	\$ 23,086	\$ 869	\$ 23,955
ONTARIO, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1,360	\$ 9,770	\$ 1,200	\$ 10,970
QUEBEC	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	5,691	\$ 13,077	\$ 250	\$ 13,327
REPUBLIC OF YEMEN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	854	\$ 1,335	\$ 143	\$ 1,478
ROMANIA	3,194	\$ 15,213	\$ 1,000	\$ 16,213	3,194	\$ 15,213	\$ 1,000	\$ 16,213
SASKATCHEWAN, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	95	\$ 620	\$ 4	\$ 624
SPAIN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	150	\$ 3,771	\$ 1	\$ 3,772
TANZANIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	6,127	\$ 44,379	\$ 400	\$ 44,779
UKRAINE	172,260	\$ 357,918	\$ 22,000	\$ 379,918	191,400	\$ 422,994	\$ 26,000	\$ 448,994
URUGUAY	130,095	\$ 235,151	\$ 3,927	\$ 239,078	260,190	\$ 497,735	\$ 16,682	\$ 514,417
VIETNAM	94,500	\$ 113,400	\$ 10,000	\$ 123,400	94,500	\$ 113,400	\$ 10,000	\$ 123,400
ZAMBIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	584	\$ 4,507	\$ 200	\$ 4,707
Grand Total	3,475,838	\$ 7,806,881	\$ 420,017	\$ 8,226,898	12,701,811	\$ 29,735,819	\$ 1,456,480	\$ 31,192,299

1. Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)

2. CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight

3. Total Value: Value + CIF Value

Honey Imports (1)

Values are whole U.S. dollars

Comb Honey and Honey Packaged for Retail Sale (HTS Code 0409000010)

Country of Origin	Month: Jun 2020				2020 TOTAL TO DATE			
	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)
ALBERTA, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,236	\$ 69,868	\$ 203	\$ 70,071
ARGENTINA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	16,921	\$ 67,029	\$ 5,301	\$ 72,330
ARMENIA	1,068	\$ 8,971	\$ 600	\$ 9,571	3,288	\$ 21,571	\$ 1,308	\$ 22,879
AUSTRALIA	77	\$ 2,417	\$ 133	\$ 2,550	118,526	\$ 1,272,555	\$ 128,513	\$ 1,401,068
AUSTRIA	792	\$ 6,558	\$ 303	\$ 6,861	4,283	\$ 53,841	\$ 2,207	\$ 56,048
BELARUS	14,775	\$ 64,829	\$ 251	\$ 65,080	28,162	\$ 128,755	\$ 253	\$ 129,008
BELGIUM	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1	\$ 8	\$ 3	\$ 11
BRAZIL	5,576	\$ 35,094	\$ 77	\$ 35,171	10,619	\$ 71,277	\$ 464	\$ 71,741
BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA	3	\$ 113	\$ 12	\$ 125	4	\$ 198	\$ 18	\$ 216
BULGARIA	27,047	\$ 151,687	\$ 10,341	\$ 162,028	73,147	\$ 356,434	\$ 24,637	\$ 381,071
CAMEROON	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	30	\$ 17	\$ 13	\$ 30
COLOMBIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	42	\$ 510	\$ 74	\$ 584
CYPRUS	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	15	\$ 181	\$ 33	\$ 214
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	8,467	\$ 27,897	\$ 606	\$ 28,503	9,940	\$ 33,859	\$ 607	\$ 34,466
ECUADOR	384	\$ 4,200	\$ 388	\$ 4,588	384	\$ 4,200	\$ 388	\$ 4,588
EGYPT	3,835	\$ 12,800	\$ 395	\$ 13,195	3,835	\$ 12,800	\$ 395	\$ 13,195
FRANCE	16,260	\$ 136,468	\$ 2,043	\$ 138,511	151,912	\$ 1,547,711	\$ 48,968	\$ 1,596,679
GAMBIA, THE	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	245	\$ 703	\$ 32	\$ 735
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	6,562	\$ 48,868	\$ 2,116	\$ 50,984	61,333	\$ 406,318	\$ 20,236	\$ 426,554
GHANA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	29	\$ 20	\$ 5	\$ 25
GREECE	14,477	\$ 180,064	\$ 4,560	\$ 184,624	86,806	\$ 697,418	\$ 20,940	\$ 718,358
GUATEMALA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,448	\$ 9,000	\$ 921	\$ 9,921
HONDURAS	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	800	\$ 220	\$ 21	\$ 241
HONG KONG	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	17	\$ 2,476	\$ 75	\$ 2,551
HUNGARY	8,880	\$ 123,000	\$ 4,539	\$ 127,539	125,518	\$ 1,425,906	\$ 43,422	\$ 1,469,328
INDIA	516	\$ 1,973	\$ 16	\$ 1,989	5,369	\$ 19,076	\$ 1,686	\$ 20,762
INDONESIA	9	\$ 2,402	\$ 75	\$ 2,477	21	\$ 7,375	\$ 225	\$ 7,600
IRELAND	6,582	\$ 92,202	\$ 3,500	\$ 95,702	6,582	\$ 92,202	\$ 3,500	\$ 95,702
ISRAEL	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	5,609	\$ 37,551	\$ 4,174	\$ 41,725
ITALY	496	\$ 7,952	\$ 406	\$ 8,358	15,166	\$ 166,847	\$ 9,031	\$ 175,878
JAPAN	109	\$ 2,919	\$ 37	\$ 2,956	221	\$ 4,683	\$ 84	\$ 4,767
KYRGYZSTAN	169	\$ 1,087	\$ 92	\$ 1,179	479	\$ 4,177	\$ 2,093	\$ 6,270
LATVIA	1	\$ 10	\$ 2	\$ 12	3	\$ 25	\$ 7	\$ 32
LEBANON	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	4,689	\$ 36,504	\$ 1,870	\$ 38,374
LIBERIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	19	\$ 100	\$ 25	\$ 125
LITHUANIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	5,286	\$ 47,370	\$ 4,098	\$ 51,468
MALAYSIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	49	\$ 3,890	\$ 94	\$ 3,984
MANITOBA, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	10,544	\$ 58,106	\$ 712	\$ 58,818
MEXICO	27,688	\$ 83,929	\$ 474	\$ 84,403	131,898	\$ 391,923	\$ 4,864	\$ 396,787
MOLDOVA	960	\$ 4,943	\$ 1	\$ 4,944	5,502	\$ 28,480	\$ 8	\$ 28,488
MONACO	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	43	\$ 630	\$ 40	\$ 670
NEW ZEALAND	84,148	\$ 2,812,606	\$ 49,279	\$ 2,861,885	358,168	\$ 11,262,859	\$ 292,983	\$ 11,555,842
NIGERIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	18	\$ 12	\$ 56	\$ 68
ONTARIO	13,771	\$ 111,834	\$ 2,780	\$ 114,614	56,023	\$ 426,255	\$ 9,338	\$ 435,593
PAKISTAN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	3,540	\$ 14,632	\$ 932	\$ 15,564
PERU	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	149	\$ 720	\$ 30	\$ 750
POLAND	12,592	\$ 49,928	\$ 4,654	\$ 54,582	32,811	\$ 106,119	\$ 9,566	\$ 115,685
PORTUGAL	5,626	\$ 42,110	\$ 951	\$ 43,061	11,711	\$ 91,873	\$ 1,210	\$ 93,083
ROMANIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,963	\$ 20,183	\$ 3	\$ 20,186
RUSSIA	14,458	\$ 49,844	\$ 4	\$ 49,848	52,656	\$ 211,207	\$ 191	\$ 211,398
SAUDI ARABIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	6,044	\$ 57,184	\$ 2,300	\$ 59,484
SERBIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	857	\$ 7,841	\$ 55	\$ 7,896
SIERRA LEONE	454	\$ 310	\$ 51	\$ 361	3,228	\$ 3,668	\$ 1,191	\$ 4,859
SLOVENIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	6	\$ 1,263	\$ 224	\$ 1,487
SPAIN	199,950	\$ 740,935	\$ 29,306	\$ 770,241	309,798	\$ 1,519,357	\$ 80,472	\$ 1,599,829
TAIWAN	126	\$ 1,500	\$ 108	\$ 1,608	32,755	\$ 70,265	\$ 3,208	\$ 73,473
THAILAND	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	185	\$ 1,280	\$ 28	\$ 1,308
TOGO	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,279	\$ 1,337	\$ 407	\$ 1,744
TURKEY	83,992	\$ 548,329	\$ 15,952	\$ 564,281	289,518	\$ 1,940,265	\$ 60,718	\$ 2,000,983
UKRAINE	29,095	\$ 92,069	\$ 2	\$ 92,071	69,509	\$ 202,275	\$ 6	\$ 202,281
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	1,272	\$ 4,041	\$ 450	\$ 4,491	1,716	\$ 5,392	\$ 714	\$ 6,106
UNITED KINGDOM	609	\$ 5,993	\$ 191	\$ 6,184	1,576	\$ 29,203	\$ 1,003	\$ 30,206
UZBEKISTAN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	8,026	\$ 18,058	\$ 1	\$ 18,059
VIETNAM	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	975	\$ 3,100	\$ 422	\$ 3,522
Grand Total	590,825	\$ 5,459,882	\$ 134,695	\$ 5,594,577	2,136,530	\$ 23,076,162	\$ 796,606	\$ 23,872,768

1. Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)

2. CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight

3. Total Value: Value + CIF Value

Honey Imports (1)

Values are whole U.S. dollars

Natural Honey, Not Packaged for Retail Sale, Light Amber
(HTS Code 0409000056)

Country of Origin	Month:		Jun 2020		2020 TOTAL TO DATE			
	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)
ARGENTINA	662,332	\$ 1,545,676	\$ 36,506	\$ 1,582,182	2,078,014	\$ 4,128,769	\$ 141,641	\$ 4,270,410
ARMENIA	1,449	\$ 9,242	\$ 566	\$ 9,808	1,449	\$ 9,242	\$ 566	\$ 9,808
AUSTRALIA	1,650	\$ 6,930	\$ 200	\$ 7,130	1,650	\$ 6,930	\$ 200	\$ 7,130
AUSTRIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	48,281	\$ 169,318	\$ 11,252	\$ 180,570
BRAZIL	114,208	\$ 290,767	\$ 13,409	\$ 304,176	983,892	\$ 1,915,186	\$ 70,207	\$ 1,985,393
BURMA (UNION OF BURMA)	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	325,380	\$ 420,319	\$ 44,020	\$ 464,339
CAMEROON	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	3,491	\$ 2,430	\$ 535	\$ 2,965
COLOMBIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1,980	\$ 13,550	\$ 1,355	\$ 14,905
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	24,000	\$ 19,200	\$ 1,800	\$ 21,000	31,148	\$ 43,120	\$ 2,977	\$ 46,097
EGYPT	27,744	\$ 37,672	\$ 5,085	\$ 42,757	28,947	\$ 40,838	\$ 5,368	\$ 46,206
FRANCE	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	529	\$ 6,344	\$ 4,209	\$ 10,553
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	16,250	\$ 64,675	\$ 2,400	\$ 67,075	119,596	\$ 614,715	\$ 31,765	\$ 646,480
GREECE	860	\$ 4,526	\$ 195	\$ 4,721	31,698	\$ 116,560	\$ 7,815	\$ 124,375
GUATEMALA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	6	\$ 82	\$ 443	\$ 525
INDIA	1,044,791	\$ 1,541,705	\$ 121,218	\$ 1,662,923	9,225,775	\$ 13,032,448	\$ 859,257	\$ 13,891,705
INDONESIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	520	\$ 8,190	\$ 64	\$ 8,254
ISRAEL	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1,934	\$ 10,047	\$ 252	\$ 10,299
ITALY	192	\$ 4,177	\$ 265	\$ 4,442	12,962	\$ 168,451	\$ 5,325	\$ 173,776
JAPAN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	4	\$ 12	\$ 1	\$ 13
LITHUANIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,688	\$ 15,325	\$ 2,433	\$ 17,758
MANITOBA, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	4,884	\$ 13,783	\$ 25	\$ 13,808
MEXICO	203,981	\$ 568,701	\$ 4,952	\$ 573,653	516,823	\$ 1,381,942	\$ 16,288	\$ 1,398,230
NEW ZEALAND	1,345	\$ 63,362	\$ 782	\$ 64,144	8,818	\$ 443,993	\$ 7,302	\$ 451,295
ONTARIO, CANADA	648	\$ 4,198	\$ 141	\$ 4,339	648	\$ 4,198	\$ 141	\$ 4,339
PAKISTAN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	4,231	\$ 20,279	\$ 1,161	\$ 21,440
POLAND	296	\$ 411	\$ 37	\$ 448	1,395	\$ 6,128	\$ 1,208	\$ 7,336
QUEBEC, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	424	\$ 5,674	\$ 70	\$ 5,744
REPUBLIC OF YEMEN	535	\$ 7,360	\$ 2	\$ 7,362	535	\$ 7,360	\$ 2	\$ 7,362
SPAIN	102	\$ 894	\$ 42	\$ 936	44,473	\$ 150,876	\$ 6,068	\$ 156,944
SWITZERLAND	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1,557	\$ 8,103	\$ 320	\$ 8,423
TAIWAN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	685	\$ 1,233	\$ 124	\$ 1,357
THAILAND	79,200	\$ 106,128	\$ 9,860	\$ 115,988	474,360	\$ 634,003	\$ 58,340	\$ 692,343
TURKEY	33,945	\$ 83,970	\$ 3,200	\$ 87,170	85,975	\$ 208,328	\$ 8,390	\$ 216,718
UKRAINE	18,604	\$ 31,627	\$ 2,500	\$ 34,127	75,844	\$ 252,991	\$ 17,138	\$ 270,129
URUGUAY	37,077	\$ 63,576	\$ 7,675	\$ 71,251	853,719	\$ 1,271,895	\$ 65,370	\$ 1,337,265
VIETNAM	3,607,795	\$ 4,411,833	\$ 436,778	\$ 4,848,611	15,630,782	\$ 18,416,121	\$ 23,294,592	\$ 41,710,713
Grand Total	5,877,004	\$ 8,866,630	\$ 647,613	\$ 9,514,243	30,605,097	\$ 43,548,783	\$ 24,666,224	\$ 68,215,007

1. Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)

2. CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight

3. Total Value: Value + CIF Value

Honey Imports (1)

Values are whole U.S. dollars

Natural Honey, Not For Retail Sale, Amber or Darker (HTS Code 0409000065)

Country of Origin	Month: Jun 2020				2020 TOTAL TO DATE			
	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)
ARGENTINA	34,800	\$ 73,080	\$ 4,000	\$ 77,080	72,480	\$ 145,724	\$ 7,352	\$ 153,076
ARMENIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,570	\$ 12,178	\$ 977	\$ 13,155
AUSTRALIA	1,500	\$ 79,312	\$ 1,545	\$ 80,857	15,369	\$ 314,615	\$ 7,399	\$ 322,014
BOTSWANA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	100	\$ 767	\$ 100	\$ 867
BRAZIL	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	4,560	\$ 12,768	\$ 4,000	\$ 16,768
BULGARIA	1,187	\$ 15,124	\$ 625	\$ 15,749	3,277	\$ 30,591	\$ 1,454	\$ 32,045
CHINA(MAINLAND)	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	21	\$ 180	\$ 10	\$ 190
DENMARK	11	\$ 75	\$ 3	\$ 78	25	\$ 174	\$ 10	\$ 184
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	38,572	\$ 110,560	\$ 10,537	\$ 121,097	112,161	\$ 346,584	\$ 35,937	\$ 382,521
EGYPT	520	\$ 2,250	\$ 498	\$ 2,748	2,700	\$ 12,020	\$ 1,111	\$ 13,131
FRANCE	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	5,051	\$ 66,853	\$ 796	\$ 67,649
GEORGIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	212	\$ 2,450	\$ 915	\$ 3,365
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	100	\$ 365	\$ 23	\$ 388	3,565	\$ 19,014	\$ 1,027	\$ 20,041
GREECE	3,587	\$ 36,017	\$ 3,159	\$ 39,176	45,992	\$ 366,333	\$ 25,665	\$ 391,998
GUATEMALA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,362	\$ 3,720	\$ 387	\$ 4,107
HONDURAS	1,966	\$ 2,500	\$ 280	\$ 2,780	1,983	\$ 2,510	\$ 320	\$ 2,830
HUNGARY	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	15,114	\$ 59,886	\$ 3,041	\$ 62,927
INDIA	220	\$ 734	\$ 41	\$ 775	60,786	\$ 112,041	\$ 10,788	\$ 122,829
INDONESIA	79	\$ 4,267	\$ 150	\$ 4,417	140	\$ 14,111	\$ 451	\$ 14,562
IRELAND	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	78	\$ 453	\$ 26	\$ 479
ISRAEL	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1,320	\$ 14,256	\$ 415	\$ 14,671
ITALY	31	\$ 439	\$ 103	\$ 542	2,033	\$ 23,957	\$ 1,685	\$ 25,642
JAPAN	9	\$ 1,244	\$ 7	\$ 1,251	57	\$ 1,922	\$ 41	\$ 1,963
KYRGYZSTAN	2,713	\$ 13,564	\$ 1,145	\$ 14,709	2,713	\$ 13,564	\$ 1,145	\$ 14,709
MALAYSIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	25	\$ 1,904	\$ 25	\$ 1,929
MANITOBA, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	48	\$ 440	\$ 45	\$ 485
MEXICO	52,332	\$ 58,095	\$ 436	\$ 58,531	169,360	\$ 230,416	\$ 1,716	\$ 232,132
NEW ZEALAND	73,397	\$ 1,970,116	\$ 137,561	\$ 2,107,677	378,541	\$ 11,546,068	\$ 566,957	\$ 12,113,025
NIGERIA	5	\$ 17	\$ 1	\$ 18	5	\$ 17	\$ 1	\$ 18
ONTARIO, CANADA	100	\$ 660	\$ 5	\$ 665	3,590	\$ 18,242	\$ 355	\$ 18,597
PAKISTAN	1,200	\$ 5,200	\$ 879	\$ 6,079	3,444	\$ 20,133	\$ 1,802	\$ 21,935
POLAND	3,293	\$ 17,332	\$ 1,819	\$ 19,151	19,626	\$ 112,362	\$ 11,376	\$ 123,738
PORTUGAL	6	\$ 73	\$ 2	\$ 75	27	\$ 348	\$ 10	\$ 358
QUEBEC, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,477	\$ 11,733	\$ 500	\$ 12,233
REPUBLIC OF YEMEN	261	\$ 19,385	\$ 1,306	\$ 20,691	513	\$ 38,912	\$ 1,876	\$ 40,788
RUSSIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1,664	\$ 10,476	\$ 718	\$ 11,194
SASKATCHEWAN, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	858	\$ 5,106	\$ 12	\$ 5,118
SENEGAL	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	132	\$ 25	\$ 15	\$ 40
SERBIA	11,634	\$ 46,020	\$ 2,265	\$ 48,285	21,870	\$ 84,924	\$ 4,294	\$ 89,218
SPAIN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	422	\$ 6,690	\$ 461	\$ 7,151
TAIWAN	5	\$ 79	\$ 3	\$ 82	531	\$ 5,792	\$ 189	\$ 5,981
TOGO	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2	\$ 4	\$ 16	\$ 20
TURKEY	3,334	\$ 14,715	\$ 830	\$ 15,545	23,672	\$ 115,312	\$ 1,650	\$ 116,962
UKRAINE	19,140	\$ 146,228	\$ 4,000	\$ 150,228	197,549	\$ 1,204,540	\$ 66,901	\$ 1,271,441
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	50	\$ 588	\$ 40	\$ 628
UNITED KINGDOM	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	9,778	\$ 205,687	\$ 3,349	\$ 209,036
VIETNAM	802,470	\$ 832,395	\$ 105,372	\$ 937,767	5,844,590	\$ 6,219,913	\$ 828,359	\$ 7,048,272
Grand Total	1,052,473	\$ 3,449,846	\$ 276,595	\$ 3,726,441	7,033,444	\$ 21,416,303	\$ 1,595,719	\$ 23,012,022

1. Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)

2. CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight

3. Total Value: Value + CIF Value

Honey Imports (1)								
Values are whole U.S. dollars								
Natural Honey, Not For Retail Sale, White (HTS Code 040900035)								
Country of Origin	Month: Jun 2020				2020 TOTAL TO DATE			
	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)
ALBERTA, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	294,412	\$ 975,222	\$ 7,709	\$ 982,931
ARGENTINA	1,310,109	\$ 3,012,562	\$ 203,098	\$ 3,215,660	6,013,794	\$ 13,580,229	\$ 617,767	\$ 14,197,996
BANGLADESH	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	200	\$ 1,740	\$ 1	\$ 1,741
BRAZIL	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	205,939	\$ 874,881	\$ 34,304	\$ 909,185
FRANCE	42	\$ 428	\$ 26	\$ 454	159	\$ 1,607	\$ 342	\$ 1,949
GEORGIA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	44	\$ 508	\$ 190	\$ 698
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	8,749	\$ 70,546	\$ 3,283	\$ 73,829
GREECE	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	6,202	\$ 28,507	\$ 2,749	\$ 31,256
INDIA	502,740	\$ 789,354	\$ 34,125	\$ 823,479	837,540	\$ 1,278,505	\$ 63,725	\$ 1,342,230
ISRAEL	1	\$ 50	\$ -	\$ 50	1	\$ 50	\$ -	\$ 50
ITALY	226	\$ 4,433	\$ 417	\$ 4,850	3,968	\$ 57,019	\$ 13,626	\$ 70,645
IVORY COAST	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	3,645	\$ 2,751	\$ 275	\$ 3,026
KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	228	\$ 3,808	\$ 5	\$ 3,813
KYRGYZSTAN	1,809	\$ 9,045	\$ 763	\$ 9,808	3,677	\$ 19,969	\$ 9,783	\$ 29,752
MANITOBA, CANADA	32,070	\$ 99,760	\$ 171	\$ 99,931	700,151	\$ 1,986,187	\$ 11,012	\$ 1,997,199
MEXICO	203,880	\$ 614,883	\$ 1,426	\$ 616,309	622,040	\$ 1,901,112	\$ 1,610	\$ 1,902,722
MOROCCO	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	4	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ 5
NEW ZEALAND	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	6,790	\$ 149,455	\$ 7,935	\$ 157,390
ONTARIO, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	86,933	\$ 334,462	\$ 823	\$ 335,285
PAKISTAN	1,488	\$ 7,440	\$ 460	\$ 7,900	2,088	\$ 10,440	\$ 650	\$ 11,090
QUEBEC, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	44,538	\$ 157,733	\$ 1,722	\$ 159,455
SASKATCHEWAN, CANADA	94,706	\$ 308,922	\$ 582	\$ 309,504	427,336	\$ 1,263,021	\$ 6,501	\$ 1,269,522
SERBIA	972	\$ 8,412	\$ 4	\$ 8,416	972	\$ 8,412	\$ 4	\$ 8,416
SIERRA LEONE	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1,198	\$ 1,276	\$ 128	\$ 1,404
SPAIN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	43	\$ 598	\$ 52	\$ 650
SWITZERLAND	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	258	\$ 1,627	\$ 72	\$ 1,699
TAIWAN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	100,750	\$ 174,375	\$ 6,727	\$ 181,102
UKRAINE	75,840	\$ 136,512	\$ 7,200	\$ 143,712	170,640	\$ 334,834	\$ 23,200	\$ 358,034
UNITED KINGDOM	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	14,895	\$ 93,742	\$ 3,784	\$ 97,526
URUGUAY	77,258	\$ 153,773	\$ 2,400	\$ 156,173	228,899	\$ 451,142	\$ 9,613	\$ 460,755
Grand Total	2,301,140	\$ 5,145,574	\$ 250,672	\$ 5,396,246	9,786,092	\$ 23,763,762	\$ 827,593	\$ 24,591,355

Honey Imports (1)								
Values are whole U.S. dollars								
Natural Honey, Not For Retail Sale, Extra Light (HTS Code 040900045)								
Country of Origin	Month: Jun 2020				2020 TOTAL TO DATE			
	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)	Kilograms	Value	CIF Value (2)	Total Value (3)
ALBERTA, CANADA	5,029	\$ 31,468	\$ 100	\$ 31,568	63,048	\$ 234,409	\$ 900	\$ 233,509
ARGENTINA	2,080,601	\$ 4,791,733	\$ 196,741	\$ 4,988,474	10,722,209	\$ 24,103,722	\$ 886,899	\$ 23,216,823
BRAZIL	148,983	\$ 368,537	\$ 16,092	\$ 384,629	883,633	\$ 1,801,573	\$ 84,256	\$ 1,717,317
FRANCE	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1,066	\$ 15,741	\$ 626	\$ 15,115
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	25,200	\$ 124,059	\$ 7,000	\$ 131,059	88,749	\$ 419,079	\$ 25,248	\$ 393,831
GREECE	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	3,242	\$ 12,227	\$ 708	\$ 11,519
INDIA	1,635,773	\$ 2,326,507	\$ 221,214	\$ 2,547,721	9,242,879	\$ 12,915,399	\$ 1,138,767	\$ 11,776,632
ITALY	409	\$ 6,861	\$ 541	\$ 7,402	1,444	\$ 26,861	\$ 3,744	\$ 23,117
KYRGYZSTAN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	86	\$ 550	\$ 422	\$ 128
MANITOBA, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	6,467	\$ 18,249	\$ 32	\$ 18,217
MEXICO	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	62,500	\$ 182,129	\$ 2,179	\$ 179,950
MONACO	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	105	\$ 822	\$ 99	\$ 723
NEW ZEALAND	3	\$ 155	\$ 1	\$ 156	86	\$ 7,038	\$ 19	\$ 7,019
QUEBEC, CANADA	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	4,997	\$ 24,133	\$ 250	\$ 23,883
REPUBLIC OF YEMEN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	65	\$ 4,542	\$ 1	\$ 4,541
SPAIN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	14,636	\$ 70,216	\$ 5,245	\$ 64,971
TAIWAN	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	669,900	\$ 827,613	\$ 1,400	\$ 826,213
THAILAND	87,000	\$ 124,845	\$ 22,000	\$ 146,845	305,400	\$ 478,005	\$ 43,245	\$ 434,760
UKRAINE	1,071,203	\$ 2,455,223	\$ 194,692	\$ 2,649,915	3,091,566	\$ 7,632,685	\$ 544,690	\$ 7,087,995
URUGUAY	56,899	\$ 132,118	\$ 3,600	\$ 135,718	208,775	\$ 392,699	\$ 11,510	\$ 381,189
VIETNAM	640,580	\$ 780,141	\$ 51,840	\$ 831,981	1,529,050	\$ 1,843,150	\$ 132,441	\$ 1,710,709
Grand Total	5,751,680	\$ 11,141,647	\$ 713,821	\$ 11,855,468	26,899,903	\$ 51,010,842	\$ 2,882,681	\$ 48,128,161

1. Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)

2. CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight

3. Total Value: Value + CIF Value