



FRUITS **part I: noncitrus by states, 1970-71**

**Production
Use
Value**

FRNT 4-1 (5-72)

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GROWERS' MARKETING SEASONS FOR SPECIFIED CROPS

Apricots:	<u>Fresh fruit</u> --May 25 to August 20. <u>Canning</u> --June 15 to August 15. <u>Dried</u> --California, June 20 to August 20.
Cherries:	<u>Fresh fruit</u> --Sweet varieties, May 1 to August 15. Tart varieties, June 15 to August 20.
Figs:	<u>Fresh fruit</u> --June 5 to October 15. <u>Canning</u> --August 1 to October 15. <u>Dried</u> --California, June 20 to October 30.
Grapes:	<u>Fresh fruit</u> --California, May 25 to April 30; Arizona, June 5 to July 15; all other States, July 10 to October 31. <u>Crushed for juice, wine, and brandy</u> --August 1 to December 15. <u>Dried for raisins</u> --California, September 1 to May 30.
Nectarines:	California, June 10 to August 31.
Peaches:	<u>Fresh fruit</u> --Georgia and South Carolina, May 20 to August 31; other South Atlantic States, South Central States, and California, June 1 to September 30; New England States, New York, Michigan, and Idaho, August 1 to September 30; all other States, July 1 to September 30. <u>Canning</u> --California, July 1 to September 10. <u>Dried</u> --California, August 1 to October 10.
Pears:	<u>Fresh fruit</u> --California, July 1 to April 30; Washington and Oregon, August 10 to May 31; other States, July 1 to December 15. <u>Canning and Dried</u> --California, Washington, and Oregon, August 1 to November 30.
Plums:	<u>Fresh fruit</u> --May 25 to September 30. <u>Canning</u> --June 1 to September 30.
Prunes:	<u>Fresh fruit and Canning</u> --August 10 to October 20. <u>Dried</u> --August 15 to April 15.
Bush Berries:	<u>Fresh and Processing</u> --Washington and Oregon: Red Raspberries, Black Raspberries and Loganberries, June 20 to August 5; Blueberries, July 5 to September 5; Boysenberries and Young- berries, July 5 to August 25; Currants, June 25 to July 20; Blackberries, July 1 to October 10.

May 1, 1972

FRUITS - NONCITRUS

By States, 1970 and 1971
Production, Use and Value

Part I

The 11 noncitrus fruits (other than bush berries) included in this publication usually represent about two-thirds of the total noncitrus fruit tonnage. The 1971 fresh equivalent tonnage for the 11 crops amounted to 7.2 million tons -- 12 percent more than for 1970.

This report (Part I) presents statistics on production, utilization, price, and value for apricots, cherries, figs, grapes, nectarines, peaches, pears, persimmons, plums, pomegranates, and prunes. Estimates of bush berries for Washington and Oregon are also included in this publication. Part II, scheduled for release July 3, 1972, will contain statistics for five other noncitrus fruits: apples, avocados, cranberries, dates, and olives. The July 3, 1972 release will also include summary tables for the above 16 noncitrus fruits.

Estimates of production and value for 1971 crops have been revised, where necessary, from the preliminary estimates published in the Annual Crop Summary and Crop Value reports released January 1972. Revisions are based on more complete data available at the end of the marketing season from: marketing agreement records, truck and rail movement, inspection records, and records of quantities used by commercial processors. Final determination of utilization of sales necessitated revisions in the preliminary season average price and estimates of value for some crops.

Beginning with the 1971 crop, estimates for home use and farm disposition have been discontinued. Home use quantities are now included with fresh utilization. Data for 1970 has been revised accordingly so that statistics for both years presented in this publication are comparable.

Statistics on utilization of fruit by commercial processors refer to the first utilization, not necessarily the final utilization. For example, frozen fruit which may later be used for preserves is included as frozen fruit.

Prices used for computing value of fruit processed are the equivalent returns for fruit delivered to the processing plant door. Season average prices for fruit for fresh use are usually the average returns at the point of first sale. Exceptions as shown in footnotes to the table are: In Washington and Oregon for certain crops, fresh fruit prices are the equivalent returns at the packinghouse door and in California, the price of fruit for fresh use is based on the first delivery point.

The season average price is applied to production to compute value of production. The average price shown for the United States is obtained by dividing the U. S. value of production by the U. S. quantity produced.

The value estimates in this report cover the marketing season or crop year and should not be confused with calendar year cash receipts from these crops.

A similar report on tree nuts is scheduled for release August 1, 1972. A report on citrus fruit will be published October 2, 1972.

Table 1. APRICOTS: Production, utilization, season average price and value, by States, 1970 and 1971

State and season	Production 1/	Utilization of production				Price per ton 2/	Value of production 1,000 dollars
		Fresh	Processing		Frozen		
			Canned	Dried			
		Tons				Dollars	
<u>Utah</u>							
1970	2,000	2,000	3/		3/	136.00	272
1971	3,200	3,200	3/		3/	140.00	448
<u>Washington</u>							
1970	4,400	3,240	4/1,160			199.00	876
1971	2,350	2,020	4/330			205.00	482
<u>California</u>							
1970	170,000	11,000	114,900	36,400	7,700	109.00	18,530
1971	144,000	12,400	99,200	26,000	6,400	96.50	13,896
<u>United States</u>							
1970	176,400	16,240	116,060	36,400	7,700	112.00	19,678
1971	149,550	17,620	99,530	26,000	6,400	99.10	14,826

1/ Additional quantities not harvested for economic reasons or excess cullage of harvested fruit are shown on page 17.

2/ Fresh fruit prices are equivalent returns at the first delivery point for California and returns at first point of sales for other States. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door.

3/ Some quantities canned or otherwise processed are included with fresh to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

4/ Some quantities used for juice, jam, dried, or frozen are included with canned to avoid disclosure of individual operation.

Table 2. NECTARINES AND PLUMS, CALIFORNIA: Production, utilization, season average price, and value, 1970 and 1971

Crop and season	Production	Utilization		Price per ton 1/	Value of production 1,000 dollars
		Fresh	Processed		
		Tons		Dollars	
<u>Nectarines</u>					
1970	66,000	64,800	1,200	152.00	10,032
1971	69,000	68,100	900	155.00	10,695
<u>Plums</u>					
1970	123,000	119,300	3,700	160.00	19,680
1971	101,000	98,200	2,800	229.00	23,129

1/ Fresh fruit prices are equivalent returns at first delivery point. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door.

Table 3. PRUNES (DRIED BASIS), PERSIMMONS, POMEGRANATES, AND FIGS, CALIFORNIA:
Production, season average price, and value, 1970-1971

Crop	Production		Price per ton 1/		Value of production	
	1970	1971	1970	1971	1970	1971
	Tons		Dollars		1,000 dollars	
Prunes (Dried Basis) 2/	200,000	131,000	202.00	264.00	40,400	34,584
Persimmons 3/	2,000	1,200	122.00	126.00	244	151
Pomegranates 4/	3,300	3,200	121.00	128.00	399	410
	(Canned and used fresh (fresh basis))					
Figs	7,400	5,300	275.00	230.00	2,035	1,219
	Dried (dried basis)					
	14,000	12,900	220.00	202.00	3,080	2,606

1/ Fresh fruit prices are equivalent returns at first delivery point. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door.

2/ All dried. The drying ratio is 3.03:1 for 1970 and 3.00:1 for 1971.

3/ All sold fresh.

4/ Includes 200 tons processed for juice in 1970, and 100 tons in 1971.

Table 4. FIGS, CALIFORNIA: Utilization, 1970 and 1971

Season	Fresh figs (fresh basis)		Dried figs (dried basis)			Total
	Fresh	Canned	Total	Standard	Sub-standard	production (equivalent fresh basis) 1/
	Tons					
1970	1,400	6,000	14,000	12,300	1,700	49,400
1971	1,400	3,900	12,900	10,000	2,900	44,000

1/ The drying ratio is about 3 pounds fresh to 1 pound dried.

Table 5. SWEET CHERRIES: Production, utilization, season average price, and value, by States, 1970 and 1971

State and season	Production 1/	Utilization			Price per ton 3/	Value of production
		Fresh	Processed	2/		
		Tons	Canned	Brined	Dollars	1,000 dollars
<u>New York</u>						
1970	3,200				284.00	909
1971	6,500				246.00	1,599
<u>Pennsylvania</u>						
1970	800				502.00	402
1971	1,000				461.00	461
<u>Michigan</u>						
1970	21,000				202.00	4,242
1971	23,500				191.00	4,489
<u>Great Lakes States</u>						
1970	25,000	3,380	2,560	19,060	222.00	5,553
1971	31,000	3,800	3,260	23,940	211.00	6,549
<u>Montana</u>						
1970	1,270				311.00	395
1971	2,840				416.00	1,181
<u>Idaho</u>						
1970	1,600				410.00	656
1971	2,800				450.00	1,260
<u>Colorado</u>						
1970	280				520.00	146
1971	300				534.00	160
<u>Utah</u>						
1970	2,300				360.00	828
1971	4,600				243.00	1,118
<u>Washington</u>						
1970	25,800	18,280	3,160	4,360	400.00	10,320
1971	33,900	27,600	2,600	3,700	340.00	11,526
<u>Oregon</u>						
1970	40,000	6,600	5,700	27,700	330.00	13,200
1971	32,700	7,800	3,900	21,000	273.00	8,927
<u>California</u>						
1970	25,400	15,400	400	9,600	476.00	12,090
1971	32,000	21,000	1,500	9,500	424.00	13,568
<u>Western States</u>						
1970	96,650	45,032	9,260	42,358	389.00	37,635
1971	109,140	64,977	8,098	36,065	346.00	37,740
<u>United States</u>						
1970	121,650	48,412	11,820	61,418	355.00	43,188
1971	140,140	68,777	11,358	60,005	316.00	44,289

1/ Additional quantities not harvested for economic reasons and excess cullage of harvested fruit are shown on page 17. 2/ Some quantities used for juice, canned, frozen, etc. are included with brined to avoid disclosure of individual operations. 3/ Fresh fruit prices are equivalent returns at the packinghouse door for Washington and Oregon, and returns at first delivery point for California. For other States, returns at point of first sale. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door.

Table 6. TART CHERRIES: Production, utilization, season average price, and value, by States, 1970 and 1971

State and season	Production 1/	Utilization				Price per ton 3/	Value of production
		Fresh	Processed	Canned 2/	Frozen		
		Tons				Dollars	1,000 dollars
<u>New York</u>							
1970	18,200					158.00	2,876
1971	20,500					199.00	4,080
<u>Pennsylvania</u>							
1970	8,090					166.00	1,343
1971	7,600					235.00	1,786
<u>Ohio</u>							
1970	1,000					210.00	210
1971	500					230.00	115
<u>Michigan</u>							
1970	79,000	2,000	30,000	47,000		143.00	11,297
1971	89,000	2,000	25,500	61,500		198.00	17,622
<u>Wisconsin</u>							
1970	3,490					166.00	579
1971	8,350					209.00	1,745
<u>Great Lakes States</u>							
1970	109,780	4,340	40,900	64,540		149.00	16,305
1971	125,950	4,665	38,070	83,215		201.00	25,348
<u>Idaho</u>							
1970	500					220.00	110
1971 4/							
<u>Colorado</u>							
1970	1,010					184.00	186
1971	1,610					197.00	317
<u>Utah</u>							
1970	4,900					142.00	696
1971	6,700					161.00	1,079
<u>Washington</u>							
1970	450					320.00	144
1971 4/							
<u>Oregon</u>							
1970	2,000					249.00	498
1971	5,000					189.00	945
<u>Western States</u>							
1970	8,860	1,322	2,458	5,080		184.00	1,634
1971	13,310	955	3,210	9,145		176.00	2,341
<u>United States</u>							
1970	118,640	5,662	43,358	69,620		151.00	17,939
1971	139,260	5,620	41,280	92,360		199.00	27,689

1/ Additional quantities not harvested for economic reasons and excess cullage of harvested fruit are shown on page 17. 2/ Small quantities used for juice, jam, jelly, brining, etc. are included with canning to avoid disclosure of individual operations. 3/ Fresh fruit prices are equivalent returns at the packinghouse door for Washington and Oregon and returns at point of first sale for other States. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door. 4/ Discontinued 1971.

Table 7. GRAPES: Production, season average price, and value,
by States, 1970 and 1971

State	Production		Price per ton 1/		Value of production	
	1970	1971	1970	1971	1970	1971
	Tons		Dollars		1,000 dollars	
New York	152,000	200,000	169.00	152.00	25,688	30,400
New Jersey	1,400	1,300	161.00	183.00	225	238
Pennsylvania	45,000	57,000	147.00	123.00	6,615	7,011
Ohio	11,000	19,000	175.00	170.00	1,925	3,230
Michigan	62,000	69,000	141.00	103.00	8,742	7,107
Missouri	2,500	3,500	151.00	146.00	378	511
North Carolina	2,200	2,800	302.00	293.00	664	820
South Carolina	5,200	6,300	194.00	209.00	1,009	1,317
Georgia	1,430	1,220	172.00	193.00	246	235
Arkansas	8,200	9,200	147.00	150.00	1,205	1,380
Arizona	10,900	14,000	340.00	510.00	3,706	7,140
Washington	54,500	79,400	158.00	120.00	8,611	9,528
California:						
All	2,763,000	3,534,000	86.20	86.30	238,048	305,075
Wine	537,000	769,000	118.00	139.00	63,366	106,891
Table	336,000	448,000	109.00	95.10	36,624	42,605
Raisin 2/	1,890,000	2,317,000	73.00	67.10	138,058	155,579
Dried 3/	193,000	191,000	284.00	306.00	54,812	58,446
Not dried	1,070,000	1,439,000	77.80	67.50	83,246	97,133
United States	3,119,330	3,996,720	95.20	93.60	297,062	373,992

1/ Fresh fruit prices are equivalent returns at first delivery point for California and returns at point of first sale for other States. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door.

2/ Fresh equivalent of dried and not dried.

3/ Dried basis: 1 ton of raisins equivalent to 4.25 tons of fresh grapes for 1970 and 4.60 tons for 1971. Includes substandard raisins diverted to other uses.

Table 8. GRAPES: Utilization, 1970 and 1971

State and season	Fresh	Processed			Total
		Canned	Dried :(fresh basis)	Crushed for :wine, juice, etc.:	
					Tons
<u>New York</u>					
1970	2,000			150,000	152,000
1971	2,000			198,000	200,000
<u>New Jersey</u>					
1970	200			1,200	1,400
1971	190			1,110	1,300
<u>Pennsylvania</u>					
1970	1,800			43,200	45,000
1971	2,170			54,830	57,000
<u>Ohio</u>					
1970	1,500			9,500	11,000
1971	1,900			17,100	19,000
<u>Michigan</u>					
1970	3,600			58,400	62,000
1971	3,400			65,600	69,000
<u>Arkansas</u>					
1970	824			7,376	8,200
1971	800			8,400	9,200
<u>Washington</u>					
1970	930			53,570	54,500
1971	1,100			78,300	79,400
<u>California</u>					
<u>Raisin varieties</u>					
1970	165,300	53,700	820,000	851,000	1,890,000
1971	176,600	58,400	878,000	1,204,000	2,317,000
<u>Wine varieties</u>					
1970	42,000			495,000	537,000
1971	47,000			722,000	769,000
<u>Table varieties</u>					
1970	174,200		1,800	160,000	336,000
1971	158,100		2,900	287,000	448,000
<u>All varieties</u>					
1970	381,500	53,700	1/821,800	1,506,000	2,763,000
1971	381,700	58,400	1/880,900	2,213,000	3,534,000
<u>Other States 2/</u>					
1970	13,652			8,578	22,230
1971	17,013			10,807	27,820
<u>United States</u>					
1970	406,006	53,700	1/821,800	1,837,824	3,119,330
1971	410,273	58,400	1/880,900	2,647,147	3,996,720

1/ Equivalent raisins produced (dried basis): 1970-193,450 tons; 1971-191,730 tons.

2/ Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Arizona.

Table 9. PEACHES: Production, season average price, and value, by States, 1970 and 1971

State	Production 1/				Price per		Value of	
	1970		1971		pound 2/		production	
	48 pound : equivalents:	Million : pounds	48 pound : equivalents:	Million : pounds	1970	1971	1970	1971
	1,000 units		1,000 units		Cents		1,000 dollars	
New Hampshire	19	.9	21	1.0	10.50	11.00	95	110
Massachusetts	83	4.0	92	4.4	11.00	10.50	440	462
Rhode Island	13	.6	13	.6	10.00	10.50	60	63
Connecticut	113	5.4	146	7.0	11.00	11.00	594	770
New York	400	19.2	417	20.0	9.36	8.05	1,797	1,610
New Jersey	1,896	91.0	2,604	125.0	9.10	8.50	8,281	10,625
Pennsylvania	1,750	84.0	2,188	105.0	7.70	6.52	6,468	6,846
Ohio	354	17.0	583	28.0	10.70	9.50	1,819	2,660
Indiana	177	8.5	229	11.0	9.30	9.80	791	1,078
Illinois	406	19.5	485	23.3	7.20	7.10	1,404	1,654
Michigan	1,563	75.0	1,708	82.0	7.22	5.80	5,415	4,756
Missouri	419	20.1	419	20.1	6.77	10.00	1,361	2,010
Kansas	167	8.0	125	6.0	7.60	8.80	608	528
Delaware	63	3.0	83	4.0	7.80	8.60	234	344
Maryland	479	23.0	479	23.0	9.00	8.20	2,070	1,886
Virginia	885	42.5	875	42.0	5.51	5.90	2,342	2,478
West Virginia	500	24.0	542	26.0	6.41	5.50	1,538	1,430
North Carolina	875	42.0	729	35.0	7.29	8.88	3,062	3,108
South Carolina	5,625	270.0	6,042	290.0	7.58	8.08	20,466	23,432
Georgia	3,333	160.0	2,500	120.0	8.87	8.70	14,192	10,440
Kentucky	260	12.5	323	15.5	7.60	7.10	950	1,101
Tennessee	142	6.8	171	8.2	6.77	6.77	460	555
Alabama	833	40.0	563	27.0	9.65	12.70	3,860	3,429
Mississippi	333	16.0	313	15.0	10.30	10.50	1,648	1,575
Arkansas	833	40.0	896	43.0	6.72	7.30	2,688	3,139
Louisiana	135	6.5	125	6.0	12.40	14.00	806	840
Oklahoma	188	9.0	175	8.4	7.00	7.65	630	643
Texas	688	33.0	104	5.0	8.00	14.00	2,640	700
Idaho	188	9.0	313	15.0	9.40	7.70	846	1,155
Colorado	427	20.5	477	22.9	7.98	9.26	1,636	2,121
Utah	271	13.0	271	13.0	6.35	6.50	826	845
Washington	833	40.0	844	40.5	7.74	7.39	3,096	2,993
Oregon	208	10.0	292	14.0	9.20	8.90	920	1,246
California, Freestone	8,333	400.0	8,417	404.0	5.20	5.50	3/20,868	22,220
Total Above	32,792	1,574.0	33,564	1,610.9	7.30	7.38	3/114,911	118,852
California, Clingstone	4/30,042	4/1,442.0	26,625	1,278.0	4.93	4.77	5/61,428	5/55,141
United States	4/62,834	4/3,016.0	60,189	2,888.9	6.25	6.29	3/5/176,339	5/173,993

1/ Additional quantities not harvested for economic reasons and excess cullage of harvested fruit are shown on page 17, except for California Clingstones.

2/ Fresh fruit prices are returns at point of first sale. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door.

3/ Includes payments of \$68,000 to California growers for green-dropped tonnage.

4/ Includes culls, and cannery diversions of 196.0 million pounds, 1970 and 122.0 million pounds, 1971.

5/ Excludes culls and cannery diversions.

Table 10. PEACHES: Utilization, by regions, 1970 and 1971

Region and season	Fresh	Processed				Total
		Canned 1/	Dried	Frozen	Other 2/	
Million pounds						
<u>North Atlantic</u> 3/						
1970	192.8	10.5		1.8		205.1
1971	243.9	15.1	4/	4.0		263.0
<u>South Atlantic</u> 5/						
1970	485.9	60.8		10.9	6.9	564.5
1971	450.8	66.4		9.7	13.1	540.0
<u>North Central</u> 6/						
1970	137.8	7.3		3.0		148.1
1971	147.7	22.7		1/	1/	170.4
<u>South Central</u> 7/						
1970	163.8	4/				163.8
1971	128.1	4/				128.1
<u>Western</u> 8/						
1970	242.1	1,392.6	36.4	58.0	9.4	1,738.5
1971	263.2	1,291.4	29.8	67.6	13.4	1,665.4
<u>United States</u>						
1970	1,222.4	1,471.2	36.4	73.7	16.3	2,820.0
1971	1,233.7	1,395.6	29.8	81.3	26.5	2,766.9

1/ Some quantities otherwise processed are included with canned to avoid disclosure of individual operations. 2/ Used for jams, preserves, brandy, etc. 3/ N. H., Mass., R. I., Conn., N. Y., N. J., and Pa. 4/ Some quantities canned or otherwise processed are included with fresh to avoid disclosure of individual operations. 5/ Del., Md., Va., W. Va., N. C., S. C., and Ga. 6/ Ohio, Ind., Ill., Mich., Mo., and Kans. 7/ Ky., Tenn., Ala., Miss., Ark., La., Okla., and Texas. 8/ Idaho, Colo., Utah, Wash., Oreg., and Calif.

Table 11. PEACHES, CALIFORNIA: Utilization, by types, 1970 and 1971

Variety and season	Production	Utilization of production			
		Fresh	Processed		
			Canned	Dried	Frozen
		1,000 tons			
<u>Clingstone</u>					
1970	<u>1/721</u>	1.4	621.6		
1971	<u>1/639</u>	1.3	576.7		
<u>Freestone</u>					
1970	200	82.0	70.8	18.2	29.0
1971	202	85.6	67.7	14.9	33.8
<u>All</u>					
1970	<u>1/921</u>	83.4	692.4	18.2	29.0
1971	<u>1/841</u>	86.9	644.4	14.9	33.8

1/ Production includes culls and cannery diversion as follows: 1970 - 98,000 tons; 1971 - 61,000 tons.

Table 12. PEARS: Production, utilization, season average price, and value, by States, 1970

State and variety	Production: 1/	Utilization			Price per ton 4/	Value of production 1,000 dollars
		Fresh 2/	Canned 3/	Dried		
		Tons			Dollars	
Connecticut	1,650				210.00	347
New York	13,500				132.00	1,782
Pennsylvania	3,400				153.00	520
Michigan	16,000				93.00	1,488
Eastern and Central	34,550	18,910	15,640		120.00	4,137
Idaho	1,200				116.00	139
Colorado	4,530				110.00	498
Utah	4,300				102.00	439
Washington, all	144,500	69,500	75,000		119.00	17,140
Bartlett	99,800	24,800	75,000	3/	118.00	11,776
Other	44,700	44,700		2/	120.00	5,364
Oregon, all	90,000	60,300	29,700		122.00	11,013
Bartlett	39,000	9,300	29,700		115.00	4,485
Other	51,000	51,000		2/	128.00	6,528
California, all	258,000	48,200	206,300	3,500	142.00	36,623
Bartlett	245,000	41,500	200,000	3,500	142.00	34,790
Other	13,000	6,700	6,300		141.00	1,833
Hardy 5/	6,000		6,000		139.00	834
Western	502,530	185,113	313,917	3,500	131.00	65,852
United States	537,080	204,023	329,557	3,500	130.00	69,989

1/ Additional quantities not harvested for economic reasons and excess cullage of harvested fruit are shown on page 17.

2/ Some quantities canned, dried, or otherwise processed are included with fresh to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

3/ Some quantities dried or otherwise processed are included with canned to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

4/ Fresh fruit prices are equivalent returns at packinghouse door for Washington and Oregon and at first delivery point for California. For other States, returns at point of first sale. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door.

5/ Included in total "Other" and all varieties.

Table 13. PEARS: Production, utilization, season average price, and value, 1971

State and variety	Production: 1/	Utilization			Price per: ton 4/	Value of production
		Fresh 2/	Canned 3/	Dried		
		Tons			Dollars	1,000 dollars
Connecticut	1,630				210.00	342
New York	19,000				114.00	2,166
Pennsylvania	2,600				127.00	330
Michigan	17,500				80.00	1,400
Eastern and Central	40,730	20,977	19,753		104.00	4,238
Idaho	2,300				89.00	205
Colorado	5,490				91.00	500
Utah	4,200				87.00	365
Washington, all	165,400	86,500	78,900		79.70	13,189
Bartlett	112,000	33,100	78,900	3/	82.00	9,184
Other	53,400	53,400		2/	75.00	4,005
Oregon, all	174,000	117,200	56,800		88.90	15,474
Bartlett	78,000	21,200	56,800		79.00	6,162
Other	96,000	96,000		2/	97.00	9,312
California, all	309,000	66,500	238,000	4,500	95.10	29,397
Bartlett	301,000	62,500	234,000	4,500	95.20	28,655
Other	8,000	4,000	4,000		92.80	742
Hardy 5/	4,000		4,000		93.00	372
Western	660,390	279,760	376,130	4,500	89.50	59,130
United States	701,120	300,737	395,883	4,500	90.40	63,368

1/ Additional quantities not harvested for economic reasons and excess cullage of harvested fruit are shown on page 17.

2/ Some quantities canned, dried, or otherwise processed are included with fresh to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

3/ Some quantities dried or otherwise processed are included with canned to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

4/ Fresh fruit prices are equivalent returns at packinghouse door for Washington and Oregon and at first delivery point for California. For other States, returns at point of first sale. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door.

5/ Included in total "Other" and all varieties.

Table 14. BUSH BERRIES: Acres harvested, yield per acre, production, utilization, season average price, and value, by kinds, 1970

Crop and State	Acreage harvested	Yield per acre	Production: 1/	Utilization of production		Price per pound 2/	Value of production
				Fresh	Processed		
	Acres	Pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds		Cents	1,000 dollars
<u>Red Raspberries:</u>							
Washington	2,900	5,000	14,500	996	13,504	22.4	3,248
Oregon	2,700	4,400	11,880	880	11,000	21.4	2,542
Total 2 States	5,600	4,711	26,380	1,876	24,504	21.9	5,790
<u>Black Raspberries:</u>							
Washington	140	1,900	266	14	252	25.3	67
Oregon	2,900	1,000	2,900	100	2,800	24.9	722
Total 2 States	3,040	1,041	3,166	114	3,052	24.9	789
<u>Tame Blackberries:</u>							
Washington	430	7,400	3,182	58	3,124	14.2	452
Oregon	4,300	7,700	33,110	300	32,810	15.2	5,033
Total 2 States	4,730	7,673	36,292	358	35,934	15.1	5,485
<u>Blueberries:</u>							
Washington	650	6,300	4,095	1,154	2,941	22.3	913
<u>Currants:</u>							
Washington	160	3,400	544	1	543	16.2	88
<u>Boysenberries and Youngberries:</u>							
Oregon	1,450	4,200	6,090	190	5,900	17.9	1,090
<u>Loganberries:</u>							
Oregon	450	5,600	2,520	50	2,470	20.0	504

1/ Additional quantities not harvested for economic reasons and excess cullage of harvested fruit are shown on page 18.

2/ Fresh fruit prices are returns at point of first sale. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door.

Table 15. BUSH BERRIES: Acres harvested, yield per acre, production, utilization, season average price, and value, by kinds, 1971

Crop and State	Acreage harvested	Yield per acre	Production 1/	Utilization of production		Price per pound 2/	Value of production
				Fresh	Processed		
	Acres	Pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds		Cents	1,000 dollars
<u>Red Raspberries:</u>							
Washington	2,800	5,300	14,840	1,052	13,788	23.9	3,547
Oregon	2,700	4,300	11,610	1,000	10,610	23.5	2,728
Total 2 States	5,500	4,809	26,450	2,052	24,398	23.7	6,275
<u>Black Raspberries:</u>							
Washington	130	1,200	156	1	155	25.0	39
Oregon	2,800	1,000	2,800	150	2,650	24.9	697
Total 2 States	2,930	1,009	2,956	151	2,805	24.9	736
<u>Tame Blackberries:</u>							
Washington	400	5,500	2,200	51	2,149	12.1	266
Oregon	4,100	6,800	27,880	480	27,400	12.0	3,346
Total 2 States	4,500	6,684	30,080	531	29,549	12.0	3,612
<u>BLUEBERRIES:</u>							
Washington	640	4,600	2,944	1,061	1,883	25.9	762
<u>Currants:</u>							
Washington	170	3,500	595	6	589	16.0	95
<u>Boysenberries and Youngberries:</u>							
Oregon	1,350	2,900	3,915	315	3,600	18.1	709
<u>Loganberries:</u>							
Oregon	400	5,500	2,200	100	2,100	20.2	444

1/ Additional quantities not harvested for economic reasons and excess cullage of harvested fruit are shown on page 18.

2/ Fresh fruit prices are returns at point of first sale. Processing prices are equivalent returns at processing plant door.

Table 16. PRUNES AND PLUMS 1/: Production, utilization, season average price, and value, by States, 1970 and 1971

Season and State	Production: 2/	Utilization				Price per ton 4/	Value of production
		Fresh	Canned 3/	Dried	Frozen		
		Tons				Dollars	1,000 dollars
<u>1970</u>							
Michigan	: 10,000	5,000	3,850		1,150	126.00	1,260
Idaho	: 7,150	6,740	410			163.00	1,165
Washington	: 9,400	7,700	1,700			199.00	1,871
Oregon	: 20,300	7,100	9,250	5/3,950	3/	123.00	2,497
Total 4 States	: 46,850	26,540	15,210	3,950	1,150	145.00	6,793
<u>1971</u>							
Michigan	: 18,500	6,700	11,800		3/	72.00	1,332
Idaho	: 12,800	11,520	1,280			144.00	1,843
Washington	: 15,500	10,960	4,540	3/		148.00	2,294
Oregon	: 16,700	3,600	7,600	5/5,500	3/	75.00	1,253
Total 4 States	: 63,500	32,780	25,220	5,500	3/	106.00	6,722

1/ Mostly prunes, however, estimates include small quantities of plums in all States.

2/ Additional quantities not harvested for economic reasons and excess cullage of harvested fruit are shown on page 17.

3/ Some quantities frozen, dried, or otherwise processed are included with canned to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

4/ Fresh fruit prices are equivalent returns at the point of first sale. Processing prices are equivalent returns at the processing plant door.

5/ Equivalent fresh basis: The drying ratio in Oregon ranges from 3 to 4 pounds of fresh fruit to 1 pound of dried. The dried tonnage figures are: Oregon: 1970- 1,129 tons; 1971- 1,570 tons.

Table 17. Quantities of mature fruit not harvested for economic reasons, and excess cullage of harvested fruits, by kinds and States, 1970 and 1971

Crop and state	Not harvested		Excess cullage	
	1970	1971	1970	1971
T o n s				
<u>Apricots:</u>				
Utah		300		
Washington			300	300
California		37,000		
United States		37,300	300	300
<u>Sweet Cherries:</u>				
New York	200			
Montana	80		50	
Idaho				200
Washington			400	1,100
United States	280		450	1,300
<u>Tart Cherries:</u>				
New York	1,000		600	500
Pennsylvania			10	
Michigan	4,000			
Wisconsin	900	150		
United States	5,900	150	610	500
<u>Pears:</u>				
Michigan		2,000		
Colorado		220	25	30
Utah		420		
Washington:				
Bartlett	1,400	3,000	3,800	6,000
Other	500		4,300	1,600
California:				
Bartlett		29,000		
United States	1,900	34,640	8,125	7,630
<u>Prunes and Plums:</u>				
Michigan		5,000		
Idaho	2,000	5,130	850	1,070
Washington			300	1,000
Oregon		11,200		
United States	2,000	21,330	1,150	2,070
Million pounds				
<u>Peaches:</u>				
New Jersey		7.5	4.0	3.5
Illinois				.7
Michigan		13.0		
North Carolina	4.0	1.0		
Colorado			3.5	3.1
Washington			2.0	2.5
United States	4.0	21.5	9.5	9.8

Table 17. Quantities of mature fruit not harvested for economic reasons, and excess cullage of harvested fruits, by kinds and States, 1970-71 Continued

Crop and State	Not harvested		Excess cullage	
	1970	1971	1970	1971
	1,000 pounds			
<u>Red Raspberries:</u>				
Washington	125	225		40
<u>Black Raspberries:</u>				
Washington	8	14		
<u>Tame Blackberries:</u>				
Washington	96	1,000		
<u>Blueberries:</u>				
Washington	75	130		

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