

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Release:-
September 9, 1938,
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

GENERAL CROP REPORT AS OF SEPTEMBER 1, 1938

The Crop Reporting Board of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics makes the following report from data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians, and cooperating State agencies.

UNITED STATES

CROP	YIELD PER ACRE			TOTAL PRODUCTION (IN THOUSANDS)			
	Average 1927-36	1937	Indicated Sept. 1, 1938 ¹	Average 1927-36	1937	August 1, 1938	Sept. 1, 1938 ¹
Corn, all.....bu.	22.9	28.2	26.6	2,306,157	2,644,995	2,566,221	2,454,526
Wheat, all....."	13.5	13.6	13.2	752,891	873,993	955,989	939,972
Winter....."	14.5	14.6	13.8	546,396	685,102	688,458	688,458
All spring....."	11.1	10.8	11.9	206,494	188,891	267,531	251,514
Durum....."	9.8	10.1	12.0	40,085	27,791	41,148	42,011
Other spring....."	11.3	10.9	11.9	166,410	161,100	226,383	209,503
Oats....."	27.1	32.7	29.1	1,042,461	1,146,258	1,041,009	1,034,347
Barley....."	21.0	22.1	23.5	234,895	219,635	248,283	250,360
Rye....."	11.3	12.9	13.4	36,454	49,449	52,500	52,500
Buckwheat....."	15.9	15.9	16.9	8,569	6,777	7,406	7,194
Flaxseed....."	6.0	7.5	8.0	13,751	6,974	8,185	7,992
Rice....."	46.8	48.5	50.0	42,304	53,004	53,595	54,018
Grain sorghums....."	12.4	13.2	13.5	89,331	97,097	126,498	109,265
Hay, all tame.....ton	1.25	1.35	1.42	69,754	73,785	80,315	81,750
Hay, wild....."	.79	.81	.90	9,979	9,302	10,643	10,490
Hay, clover and timothy ²"	1.11	1.25	1.30	28,333	24,335	27,717	28,424
Hay, alfalfa....."	1.97	1.96	2.17	23,948	27,056	29,361	29,628
Beans, dry edible 100-lb. bag	³ 699	³ 920	³ 840	12,053	15,839	14,252	14,209
Peanuts (for nuts).....lb.	694	781	732	1,039,469	1,291,655	-----	1,321,050
Potatoes.....bu.	110.6	123.8	123.6	369,693	393,289	385,515	377,875
Sweetpotatoes....."	86.1	89.4	89.8	70,274	75,393	82,743	80,055
Tobacco.....lb.	792	897	875	1,325,243	1,553,405	1,478,851	1,470,224
Sugarcane for sugar.....ton	⁴ 16.0	21.5	23.2	⁴ 3,355	5,874	7,156	7,156
Sugar beets....."	11.0	11.6	11.8	8,383	8,749	11,138	10,823
Hops.....lb.	1,195	1,302	1,160	⁵ 32,753	⁵ 44,399	37,920	37,805
Condition September 1							
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.				
Apples, total crop bu.	52	73	49	⁵ 150,728	⁵ 210,673	134,867	132,231
Apples, com'l. crop "	---	---	---	92,821	115,501	-----	82,187
Peaches, total crop "	56	67	60	⁵ 52,498	59,724	53,140	52,780
Pears, total crop...."	61	67	71	⁵ 24,326	⁵ 29,548	31,662	31,779
Grapes ⁶ton	71	83	80	⁵ 2,197	⁵ 2,777	2,490	2,521
Pecans.....lb.	48	52	38	61,274	76,893	54,201	50,832
Pasture.....	63	68	76	-----	-----	-----	-----
Beans.....	75	83	87	-----	-----	-----	-----
Cowpeas.....	69	75	74	-----	-----	-----	-----

¹ For certain crops, figures are not based on current indications, but are carried forward from previous reports. ² Excludes sweetclover and lespedeza. ³ Pounds. ⁴ Short-time average. ⁵ Includes some quantities not harvested. ⁶ Production includes all grapes for fresh fruit, juice, wine, and raisins.

GENERAL CROP REPORT AS OF SEPTEMBER 1, 1938
(Continued)

September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.).

UNITED STATES

CROP	ACREAGE (IN THOUSANDS)			
	Harvested		For harvest, 1938	1938 Percent of 1937
	Average 1927-36	1937		
Corn, all.....	100,259	93,810	92,146	98.2
Wheat, all.....	55,325	64,460	71,069	110.3
Winter.....	37,281	46,946	49,915	106.3
All spring.....	18,044	17,514	21,154	120.8
Durum.....	3,620	2,756	3,508	127.3
Other spring.....	14,424	14,758	17,646	119.6
Oats.....	37,961	35,079	35,540	101.3
Barley.....	10,967	9,959	10,668	107.1
Rye.....	3,140	3,839	3,914	102.0
Buckwheat.....	542	427	426	99.8
Flaxseed.....	2,218	924	995	107.7
Rice.....	905	1,093	1,080	98.8
Grain sorghums.....	7,246	7,379	8,097	109.7
Cotton.....	35,496	34,001	26,449	77.8
Hay, all tame.....	55,815	54,792	57,576	105.1
Hay, wild.....	12,462	11,552	11,676	101.1
Hay, clover and timothy ¹	25,189	19,481	21,870	112.3
Hay, alfalfa.....	12,197	13,787	13,675	99.2
Beans, dry edible.....	1,731	1,721	1,691	98.3
Soybeans ²	3,834	6,139	6,743	109.8
Cowpeas ²	2,223	3,448	3,333	96.7
Peanuts (for nuts).....	1,497	1,653	1,806	109.3
Velvetbeans ²	94	120	128	106.7
Potatoes.....	3,343	3,177	3,056	96.2
Sweetpotatoes.....	824	843	891	105.7
Tobacco.....	1,681	1,732	1,681	97.1
Sorgo for sirup.....	213	193	198	102.6
Sugarcane for sugar.....	³ 206	273	308	112.8
Sugarcane for sirup.....	126	146	143	97.9
Sugar beets.....	760	752	918	122.1
Hops.....	28	34	33	95.6
Total (excl. dupl.).....	333,162	330,139	332,825	100.8

¹ Excludes sweetclover and lespedeza.

² Grown alone for all purposes.

³ Short-time average.

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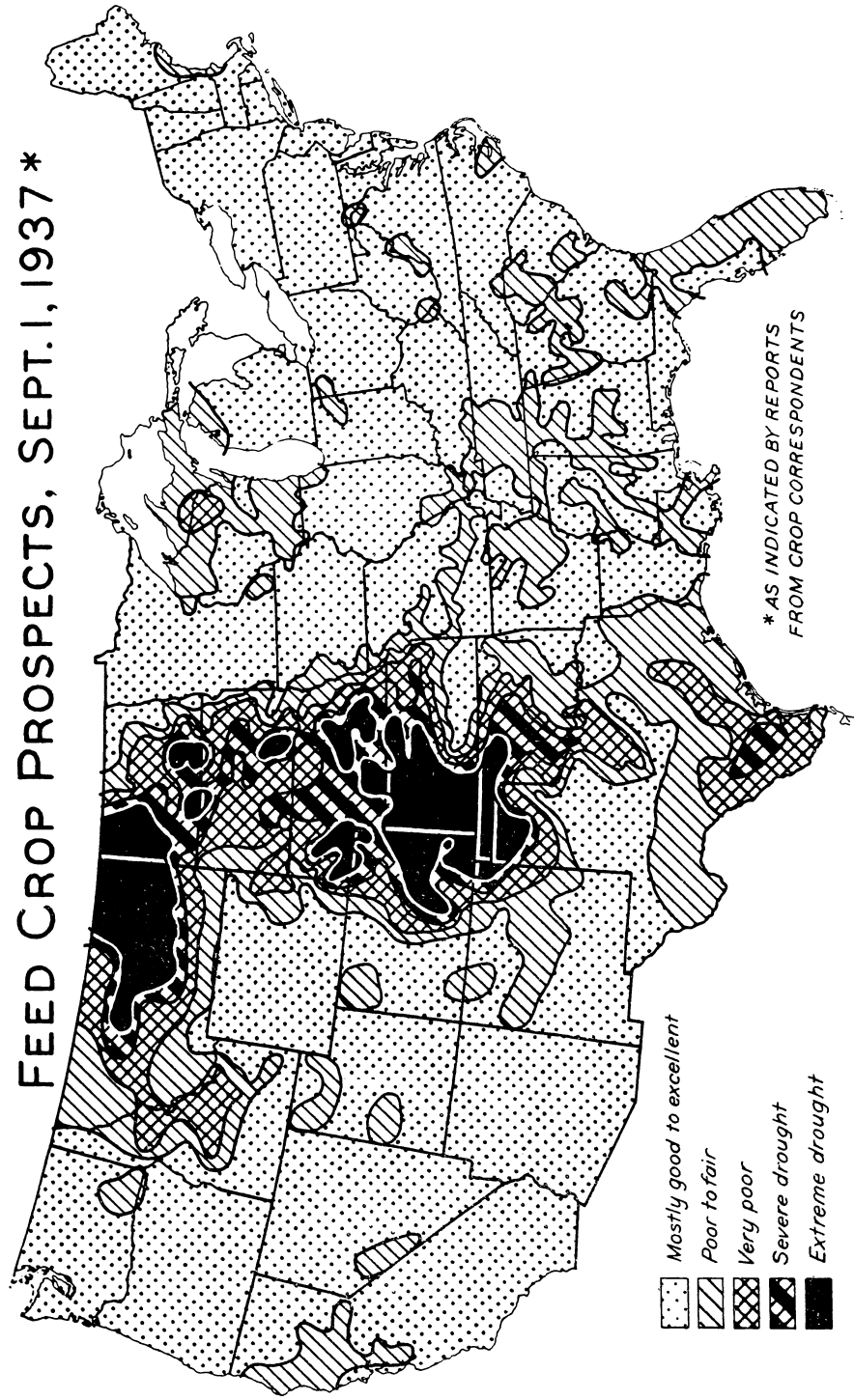
Harry L. Brown

ACTING SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.

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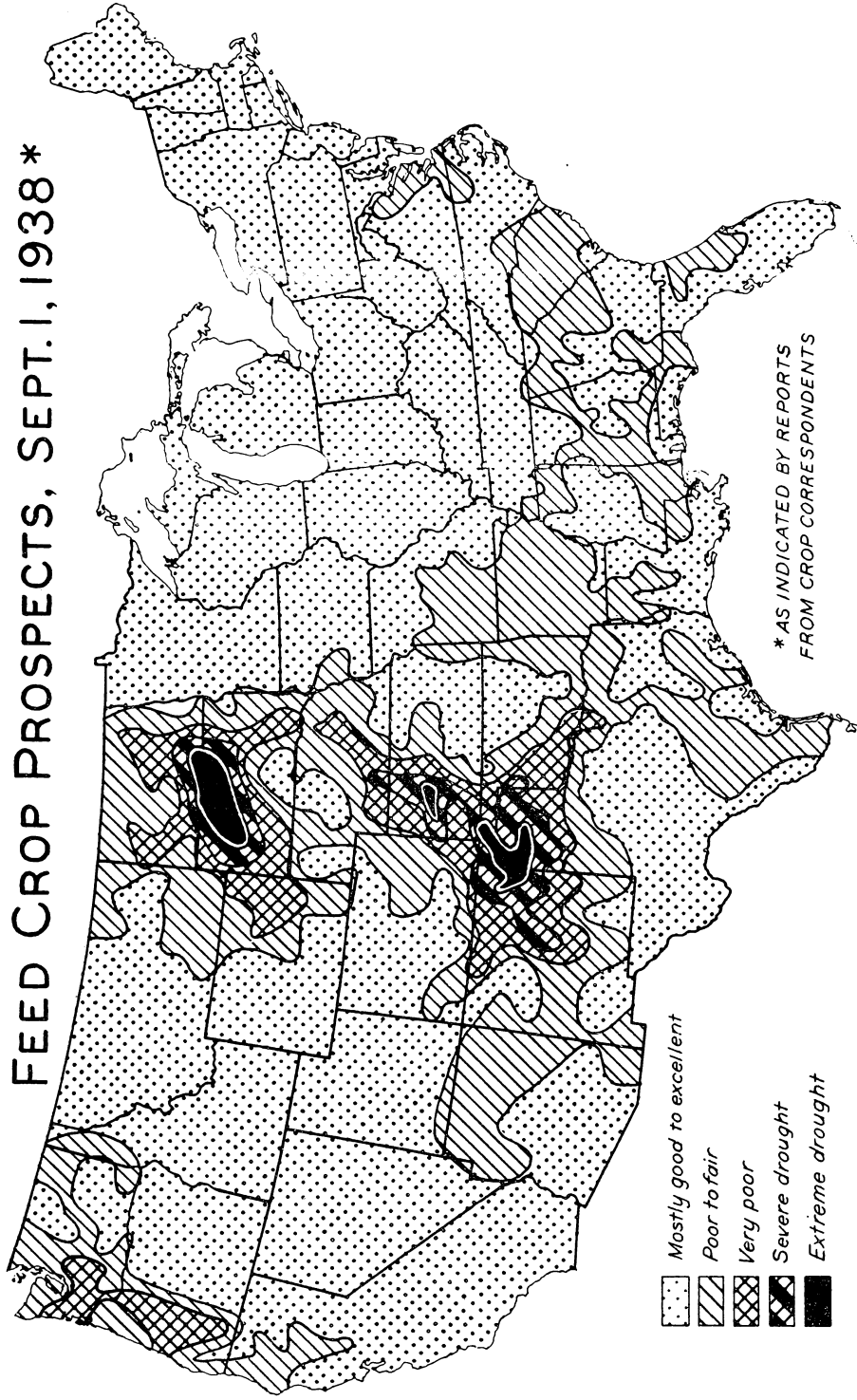
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FEED CROP PROSPECTS, SEPT. 1, 1937 *



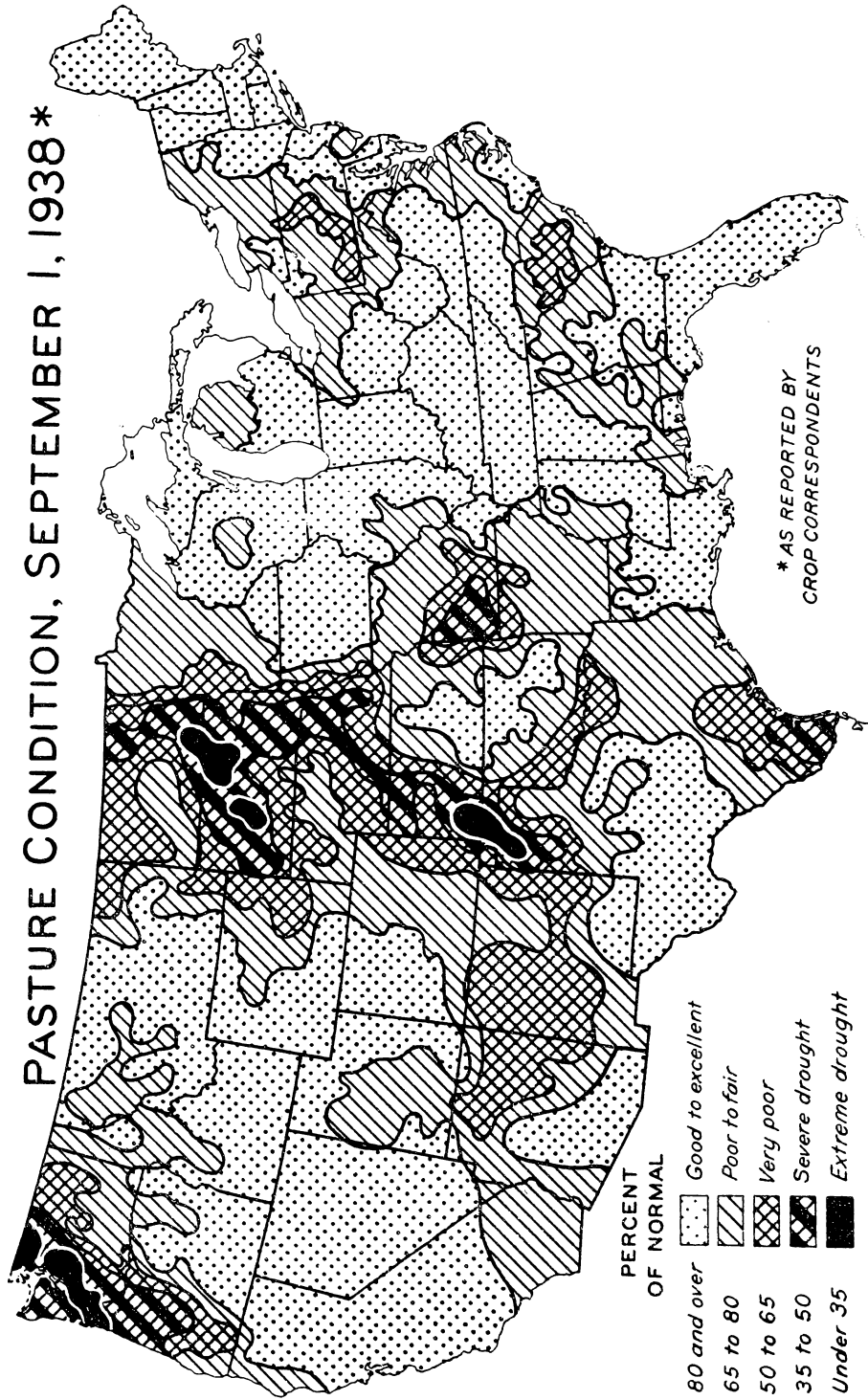
- Mostly good to excellent
- Poor to fair
- Very poor
- Severe drought
- Extreme drought

FEED CROP PROSPECTS, SEPT. 1, 1938*



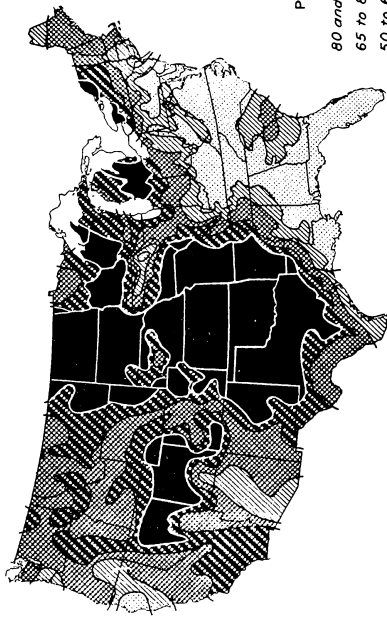
- Mostly good to excellent
- Poor to fair
- Very poor
- Severe drought
- Extreme drought

PASTURE CONDITION, SEPTEMBER 1, 1938 *

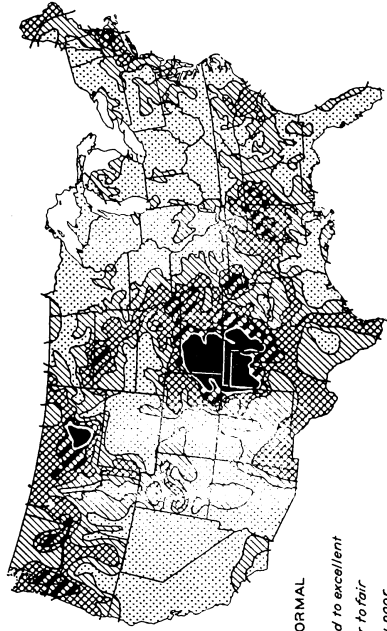


PASTURE CONDITION *

SEPTEMBER 1, 1934



SEPTEMBER 1, 1935

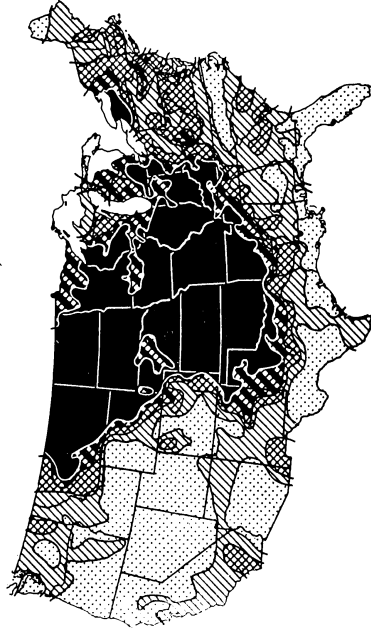


PERCENT OF NORMAL

80 and over	Good to excellent
65 to 80	Poor to fair
50 to 65	Very poor
35 to 50	Severe drought
Under 35	Extreme drought

* AS REPORTED BY CROP CORRESPONDENTS

SEPTEMBER 1, 1936



SEPTEMBER 1, 1937



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Washington, D. C.,

as of

CROP REPORTING BOARD

September 9, 1938.

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GENERAL CROP REPORT AS OF SEPTEMBER 1, 1938.

Crop prospects in the United States declined about 2 percent during August. Hot weather, lack of rainfall over several extensive areas, heavy infestation of grasshoppers in the Northern Plains area, and other local factors combined to cause a decrease of almost 112,000,000 bushels or more than 4 percent in the indicated production of corn, a decrease of 17,000,000 bushels, or 14 percent, in prospects for grain sorghums, a decrease of 16,000,000 bushels, or 6 percent, in spring wheat, and smaller decreases of 3 percent or less in the production indications for oats, cotton, buckwheat, flaxseed, potatoes, sweetpotatoes, tobacco, wild hay, sugar beets, and apples. Small increases of around 1 or 2 percent are indicated for barley, rice, tame hay, and grapes.

Although the nearly 50 percent reduction during August in the production of corn indicated for Nebraska and South Dakota and the heavy declines shown in parts of Kansas and Missouri represent a sharp reversal of prospects in those States, the national crop situation does not appear to have been fundamentally changed. With the exception of winter wheat, all the important field crops are still expected to give larger yields per acre than the average during the 1927-36 period. On a composite basis the crop yields secured or in prospect for 1938 are above yields in all recent seasons except 1937 and 1920, and are about 8 percent above the average during the 1923-32 period that preceded the more severe of recent droughts.

Considering both acreages and yields per acre, practically all of this year's crops will be above the 1927-36 average, the exceptions being a barely average crop of oats, a moderately light crop of apples, and quite small crops of buckwheat and flaxseed, which are less extensively grown than formerly.

The areas pinched by the drought in August quite generally report the production of feed crops to be substantially below normal, but total supplies in the country as a whole are unusually large and allowing for the reduction in livestock in the Great Plains as a result of droughts in recent years, supplies of hay and feed grain seem to be adequate for present number of livestock in nearly all areas except in the worst sections of the Dakotas.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT as of September 1, 1938
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The condition of pastures declined sharply in some areas in August, but on September 1 both pastures and ranges were still generally above average in condition and in some areas they are showing substantial recovery from the cumulative effects of past droughts.

The principal food crops are quite generally large. For wheat, rice, peanuts, and sugar beets, and fall vegetables in the Northern States present production indications are 25 percent or more above the 10-year (1927-36) average. The tonnage of the 4 principal canning crops will be perhaps 20 percent over average and beans and sweetpotatoes will be up 13 and 14 percent. Truck crops already harvested have totaled about 9 percent above average. Deciduous fruits as a group and potatoes are expected to be about 2 percent above average. The production of citrus fruits from this year's bloom has not yet been estimated but the condition of the new orange and grapefruit crops is above average in the principal producing states and the acreages in bearing have been increasing rapidly. Current reports indicate that with market prices low compared with shipping costs some northwestern pears may not be harvested and some Idaho potatoes and northern cabbage may be left unharvested or used for feed.

While the August drought has not greatly changed the volume of crops produced in the country as a whole, it has markedly affected general conditions in some states. In some Great Plains States, where a month ago farmers were expecting the first good crops after several years of drought, all late crops have been extensively damaged. The effects of the drought appear to have been most severe in several large areas. One of these centered in South Dakota and extended into surrounding States; a second covered most of northern and eastern Texas, New Mexico, and southern Oklahoma. Smaller areas of importance included one that extended across South Carolina and Georgia; another centered in southwestern Missouri; a third extended along the northern Pacific Coast. A considerable portion of these droughty areas received good rains in early September, and in some areas pastures and sorghum and other late crops may still show partial recovery.

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CROP REPORT

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WHEAT: The production of all wheat in 1938 is estimated at 939,972,000 bushels. This estimate, differing from the August 1 estimate only by variations in the prospective production of durum and other spring wheat, is about 8 percent above the 1937 production of 873,393,000 bushels and 25 percent above the 10-year (1927-36) average production of 752,821,000 bushels. The 1938 crop will be about 7 percent smaller than the record crop of 1915.

The prospective production of spring wheat, other than durum, decreased during August and is now indicated to be 209,503,000 bushels. Such a production, however, would be 30 percent larger than the 1937 crop of 161,100,000 bushels and 26 percent larger than the 10-year (1927-36) average crop of 166,410,000 bushels. The large crop is a result of an increase in acreage over the 10-year average, as well as higher yields per acre. The yield per acre now indicated for 1938 is 11.9 bushels as compared with 10.9 bushels in 1937 and 11.3 bushels as the 10-year (1927-36) average.

The decrease in prospective production as compared with the August 1 estimate is a result of lower yields now indicated in all of the major spring wheat states where the greater effects of drought, grasshoppers and rust became apparent as threshing returns became available. Decreases in those states were partially offset by higher yields in most of the minor producing states along the southern border of the spring wheat belt where threshing returns were more favorable than had been previously expected.

The production of durum wheat is indicated to be 42,011,000 bushels, prospects having improved slightly during the past month. This production is 51 percent larger than the relatively small production of 27,791,000 bushels in 1937 but only 5 percent larger than the 10-year (1927-36) average production of 40,085,000 bushels. There has been an increase in the prospective yield over August 1 in the leading durum wheat states of North Dakota where threshing returns indicate an increase of one-half bushel in the average yield per acre. The increased yield indicated for North Dakota more than offset decreases of one-half bushel yield per acre in South Dakota and Minnesota.

The preliminary estimate of winter wheat production of 688,458,000 bushels published in the August report, will be unchanged until the final estimate in December.

CORN: Production of corn in the United States in 1938 on acreage grown for all purposes - grain, silage, hogging and grazing - is estimated to be 2,454,526,000 bushels, a decrease of nearly 112 million bushels, or over 4 percent, from the August 1 estimate of 2,566,221,000 bushels, but still 148 million bushels above the 10-year (1927-36) average of 2,306,157,000 bushels. A goodly part of the decline in prospects during August was due to dry weather, hot winds, and grasshopper infestation in South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas, and to lack of moisture in Missouri. The decline in the Nebraska crop alone was 90 million bushels. Though the East North Central States reflected substantial improvement, the net loss to the Corn Belt was over 100 million bushels.

Compared with August 1, prospects declined about 1 percent in the North Atlantic States, about 2 percent in the South Atlantic group, less than 1 percent in the South Central group, and 14 percent in the Western States.

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Of the corn planted late a considerable proportion is still sufficiently immature to be seriously affected by early frosts.

The average yield of 26.6 bushels compares with 27.8 bushels estimated August 1, with the 28.2 bushels realized last year, and the 10-year (1927-36) harvested average of 22.9 bushels. Yields are above the average but below last year in all groups of States except the Western.

OATS: Oats production is estimated at 1,034,347,000 bushels, which is 6,662,000 bushels less than the indicated production on August 1. This compares with the 1937 production of 1,146,258,000 bushels and the 10-year (1927-36) average of 1,042,461,000 bushels.

While oats prospects for the entire country declined less than 1 percent during the month, there was a decline of about 3 percent in the East North Central area and no change in the West North Central area. In the less important areas prospects improved enough to nearly offset the decline in the East North Central States. The lower indicated production in the North Central States was caused primarily by damage in the shock and low test weights.

Indications now point to an average yield this year of 29.1 bushels per acre. This compares with the August 1 indicated yield of 29.3 bushels, the 1937 yield of 32.7 bushels, and the 10-year (1927-36) average of 27.1 bushels.

BARLEY: A barley crop of 250,360,000 bushels is indicated by condition and yield reports as of September 1. The indicated production for the country as a whole is only slightly more than that indicated a month earlier, but is about 14 percent more than the 1937 production of 219,635,000 bushels and about 7 percent above the 1927-36 average production of 234,895,000 bushels. Prospects are the same as last month in the important States of Minnesota, Iowa, North Dakota, Nebraska, and California, but are somewhat better in Wisconsin and South Dakota.

The yield per acre is now indicated to be 23.5 bushels. The 1937 yield was 22.1 bushels per acre and the 10-year (1927-36) average is 21.0 bushels.

BUCKWHEAT: Buckwheat production in 1938 is now indicated to be 7,194,000 bushels. This is an increase of 6 percent over the 1937 crop, but is 16 percent less than the 10-year (1927-36) average production of 8,569,000 bushels. Hot dry weather during the last three weeks of August caused considerable blasting of blossoms in some areas and reduced yield prospects.

Yield per acre is now indicated at 16.9 bushels, which is .5 bushel lower than indicated on August 1 but 1.0 bushel per acre higher than the 10-year average yield.

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September 1, 1938

FLAXSEED: Flaxseed prospects declined slightly during August and the production is now indicated to be 11,992,000 bushels. The 1937 crop was estimated at 6,974,000 bushels and the 10-year (1927-33) average was 13,751,000 bushels. The reduction from the 10-year average is a result of a smaller acreage as the yield this year is two bushels above the average.

The decline during the past month is due primarily to the effects of drouth and grasshoppers in the important producing State of North Dakota. Montana with a relatively small acreage, showed a sharp decline in prospective yield due to grasshopper damage. A decline of one bushel per acre is also indicated in Michigan. All other States showed increases or no change from August 1. Harvesting, already finished in most areas, will average earlier than usual and no frost injury is expected. Indications from the leading State of Minnesota point to a very clean and high quality crop with large plump seed.

RICE: A rice crop of 54,018,000 bushels is indicated by September 1 reports, an increase of 423,000 bushels over the crop indicated on August 1. This compares with the crop of 53,004,000 bushels harvested in 1937 and the 10-year (1927-36) average production of 43,304,000 bushels.

There is an indicated increase of 180,000 bushels in Arkansas and 500,000 bushels in Texas over a month ago but prospects in Louisiana show a decrease of 257,000 bushels. The outlook in California remains unchanged. Rather cool nights tended to retard the development of the California rice crop during August, a period when high temperatures would have hastened maturity. In Louisiana the reduced prospects were largely due to damage caused by the hurricane on August 14 and 15. The rains have improved prospects for some late varieties, however, which tended to offset some loss of shocked rice. Some early varieties are mostly harvested, with harvest of late varieties expected to start soon. Harvesting has progressed rapidly in Texas and Southern Arkansas with generally favorable weather conditions.

GRAIN SORGHUMS: Production of grain sorghums is indicated at 109,265,000 bushels based on September 1 condition. A crop of this size would be the largest since 1932 and compares with 97,097,000 bushels produced in 1937. The 10-year (1927-36) average production is 39,331,000 bushels. The indicated yield per acre of 13.5 bushels is the highest since 1932 and compares with 13.2 bushels per acre in 1937 and 12.4 bushels, the 10-year (1927-36) average.

The early part of the 1938 season was very favorable for grain sorghums throughout the producing area. However, unusually hot weather and shortage of soil moisture reduced prospects materially during August, and the September 1 indicated production is 17 million bushels less than was forecast a month earlier.

The prospective yield per acre based on September 1 condition is lower than the 10-year (1927-36) average in Kansas and New Mexico and higher in the other grain sorghum producing States.

DRY EDIBLE BEANS: The indicated production of dry edible beans is 14,209,000 bags. This is slightly lower than last month's forecast, but still has been exceeded by only two other crops, those of 1935 and 1937. The indicated yield per acre is 840.3 pounds, which is only 2.5 pounds per acre lower than was indicated a month ago. Last year's yield was 920 pounds and the 10-year (1927-36) average is 699 pounds per acre.

Yield prospects declined throughout the western States, excepting in Idaho, Montana and Oregon. The declines were nearly offset by slightly higher indicated yields in Idaho and Michigan.

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FRUIT AND NUT SUMMARY: Growing conditions during August were favorable for the development of deciduous fruit and nut crops in nearly all important areas. September 1 conditions indicate slightly larger crops of pears, grapes, prunes, and walnuts than was estimated on August 1, while production of apples, peaches, apricots, and pecans is now indicated to be less than a month ago. The combined production of apples, peaches, pears, grapes, cherries, plums, prunes, apricots, and cranberries as indicated on September 1, is 20 percent below the production of these crops in 1937, but 2.5 percent above the average for the 10-year period, 1927-1936. Total production of tree nuts (walnuts, pecans, almonds, and filberts) is equal to the 10-year (1927-36) average, but is 29 percent below the large production of 1937.

Citrus fruit prospects for the 1938-39 marketing season showed a slight increase in nearly all areas during August. The September 1 condition of oranges is above average, and above condition as reported on the same date a year ago in all States except in Arizona and Louisiana. Condition of grapefruit in Florida and Texas showed little change during the month and is above the 10-year (1927-36) average. Condition of California grapefruit declined during August and is below average.

APPLES: Prospective apple production for the 1938 season declined about 2 percent during August and is now indicated to be 132,231,000 bushels, compared with 210,673,000 bushels produced in 1937 and the 10-year (1927-36) average of 150,728,000 bushels. Prospects were reduced in New York, Illinois, Idaho, and Washington, largely as a result of heavy insect damage; indicated production in West Virginia and North Carolina is also below that of a month ago. In Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Virginia, and Oregon, apple prospects improved during August.

Commercial apple production, or that part of the total crop which probably will be sold for fresh consumption, is placed at 82,187,000 bushels, compared with 115,501,000 bushels in 1937 and with the 10-year average of 92,821,000 bushels. According to present indications, the Pacific Coast and Rocky Mountain States will supply 41 percent of the 1938 commercial crop, compared with 31 percent in 1937 and with the 10-year average of 43 percent.

Apples are sizing well in most sections, and the quality of fruit is reported to be good. In Washington and Oregon, continued hot weather during August resulted in relatively high codling moth activity, although late sprays are preventing extensive worm damage in many orchards. Worm damage is also reported to be serious in Idaho. In California the harvest of Gravensteins is nearly completed.

PEACHES: Total peach production for the United States is indicated to be 52,780,000 bushels compared with 59,724,000 bushels produced in 1937 and with the 10-year (1927-36) average of 52,498,000 bushels.

In the 10 Southern States where harvest is completed, production was slightly smaller than was indicated on August 1. The crop in these States is 30 percent above the light crop of 1937 and 12 percent more than the 10-year average. In California, harvesting of the Freestone crop is practically completed and production is now indicated to be slightly larger than estimated a month ago. Harvest of early and mid-season Clingstone varieties is practically complete. However, there still remains considerable tonnage of Phillips Clings to be harvested. In Washington and Oregon prospects improved slightly during August. The crop is unusually clean in these States and quality is reported to be good. Relatively light crops are being harvested in the peach producing areas of the East and Middle West but most of the fruit has sized well and is of good quality.

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PEARS: The indicated pear production as of September 1 is 31,779,000 bushels which is 8 percent larger than the 1937 production of 29,548,000 bushels and 31 percent above the 10-year (1927-36) average of 24,326,000 bushels.

In the Pacific Northwest, prospects remained unchanged from a month ago in Oregon, while indicated production declined slightly in Washington, due to heavy codling moth damage. Orchards in the main producing areas of both these States carried good crops of both Bartletts and Winter varieties, but considerable quantities of fruit may be allowed to remain unharvested because of low prices. In California total pear production is indicated to be the same as a month ago. Harvesting of the California Bartlett crop is still in progress, but has been completed in the earlier-maturing areas. Prospects in New York and Michigan improved during August, and production will be well above average in both of these States.

GRAPES: Total grape production for the 1938 season is indicated to be 2,520,570 tons compared with a crop of 2,776,770 tons in 1937 and with the 10-year (1927-36) average production of 2,196,516 tons.

Growing conditions during August were favorable for the development of the California grape crop. Production of all grapes in California is estimated at 2,336,000 tons compared with 2,454,000 tons in 1937 and with the 10-year average of 1,929,400 tons.

Grape prospects in Ohio declined during August, largely because of excessive rains during late July and early August which resulted in the development of black rot in some areas. Prospects in New York, Pennsylvania, Missouri and Arkansas remained unchanged from a month ago. In Michigan conditions during August were favorable for grapes. The crop is unusually late, however, and may not mature in time to escape frost damage.

PLUMS AND PRUNES: The indicated 1938 production of plums and prunes for fresh use and for canning in California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, and Michigan totals 150,700 tons, compared with 133,100 tons in 1937, and the 10-year (1927-36) average of 129,510 tons. Prospective production of prunes for drying in California, Oregon, and Washington is indicated to be 292,500 tons (dry basis) compared with 256,200 tons in 1937 and the 10-year average of 226,930 tons.

The Michigan plum crop was reduced slightly during August due to brown rot damage. Estimated production of California plums remains the same as was indicated on August 1. Production of dried prunes in California is estimated at 277,000 tons. This indicated production is 11 percent larger than in 1937, and is the largest crop of record. Estimated production of prunes in Idaho remains unchanged from a month ago. Insect damage and dropping of fruit is reported to be serious in some orchards. Harvest of the fresh prune crop in Washington is now in progress. Estimated production of prunes for drying is considerably below average, but is above the unusually light crop of last season. In Oregon, growing conditions in the fresh prune-producing areas were favorable for development of the crop. Dry weather reduced sizes to some extent but color is reported to be good. In the Oregon dried prune districts, the dry summer has prevented proper sizing, and has caused heavy dropping of fruit.

CITRUS FRUITS: Citrus crops from the bloom of 1938 developed under favorable conditions in all States during August. Rainfall during the last few days of the month provided ample moisture supplies in Florida groves. Dry weather prevailed throughout the Lower Valley of Texas during most of August but heavy rains occurred toward the end of the month and the crop is now expected to mature earlier than last year. Good growing weather prevailed in California and Arizona citrus areas.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS Washington, D. C.,
as of CROP REPORTING BOARD September 9, 1938
September 1, 1938 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

The September 1 condition of Florida oranges is slightly above that of a year ago, and is 4 points above the 1927-36 average. In California the condition of Valencias, and Navel and miscellaneous varieties improved slightly during the month, and is above last year and the 10-year average for both classes. Condition of the Texas orange crop is materially above that of the same date last year and is also above the 10-year average. Prospects in Arizona show little change from a month ago.

The condition of grapefruit from the 1938 bloom is above average in Florida and Texas, but is below average in California and Arizona. Condition of the Florida, Texas and Arizona crops showed little change during August while California grapefruit declined 4 points during the month.

The September 1 condition of California lemons from the bloom of 1938 is 80 percent, compared with 60 percent last year, and the 1927-36 average of 74 percent.

MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS AND NUTS: The California apricot crop is now indicated to be slightly less than was estimated on August 1, with an estimated total production of 176,000 tons compared with the 1937 record crop of 311,000 tons, and with the 10-year (1927-36) average of 221,600 tons. Almond production is indicated to be 12,100 tons compared with 20,000 tons produced in 1937. Combined production of walnuts in California and Oregon totals 45,200 tons compared with 59,100 tons in 1937 and with the 10-year average of 41,230 tons. Production of California walnuts is indicated to be 42,000 tons, compared with 57,000 tons in 1937. Walnut prospects improved in central California and Ventura county during August, but most southern California orchards continued to show the effects of "delayed foliation." The Oregon walnut crop is estimated at 3,200 tons compared with 2,100 tons in 1937. Indicated filbert production in Oregon totals 2,200 tons compared with 2,230 tons in 1937 and with the 10-year average of 642 tons. The September 1 condition of California olives is 7 points above that of August 1. Growing conditions have been favorable for development of the California fig crop and the August 1 condition is somewhat above average.

CRANBERRIES: The prospective production of cranberries in 1938 as indicated by growing conditions on September 1 totals 529,600 barrels compared with 877,300 barrels in 1937 and with the 10-year (1927-36) average of 562,190 barrels. The indicated average yield per acre is well below last year and is slightly below average. In Massachusetts the bloom was only fair and heavy rains reduced the set of fruit. Sizes are better than usual for this time of year, but worms and rot have caused considerable loss. The New Jersey crop is light as a result of late frosts and excessive rains. In Wisconsin production is indicated to be slightly more than half of last year. In the Pacific Northwest, indicated production is above average but is less than that of last season due to late frosts in the Columbia River districts of Oregon and Washington.

PECANS: The pecan crop for 1938 is indicated to be 6 percent smaller than the August 1 estimate. Total production is placed at 50,832,000 pounds compared with the 1937 crop of 76,893,000 pounds and with the 10-year (1927-36) average of 61,274,000 pounds.

Of the total prospective crop, it is estimated that 19,691,000 pounds will consist of improved (budded, grafted or topworked) varieties, and 31,141,000 pounds will be of wild or seedling types. Indicated production of improved varieties in 1938 is 14 percent smaller than the crop of 1937 but is 29 percent above the 10-year average. The wild or seedling crop is 42 percent smaller than that of 1937, and is 32 percent below average. Prospects improved in South Carolina, Florida, Arkansas, and Louisiana, but these increases were more than offset by losses in North Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Texas. Indicated production in Mississippi and Oklahoma is the same as reported on August 1.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Washington, D. C.,

as of

CROP REPORTING BOARD

September 9, 1938

September 1, 1938

3:00 P. M. (E.T.)

HOPS: A production of 37,805,000 pounds of hops in the Pacific Coast States is indicated by conditions on September 1. This represents a decline of 115,000 pounds from the August 1 indications, with prospects for a smaller crop in Oregon about offset by the larger crops indicated for Washington and California. Production in 1937 was 44,399,000 pounds and the 10-year average production, 32,753,000 pounds.

The harvest of the crop is well along in California, with picking about completed in the Sacramento Valley. In Oregon an especially clean crop is being harvested with practically no Red Spider or mildew damage. The hot, dry growing season has reduced yield prospects generally, but the quality of the hops is reported above average. Some damage from hot weather during July occurred in Washington, but August weather was more favorable. The crop is generally good with the set unusually heavy.

POTATOES: Conditions on September 1 indicate a total potato production of 377,875,000 bushels. This is 4 percent smaller than the 1937 crop of 393,289,000 bushels, but 2 percent larger than the 10-year (1927-36) average of 369,693,000 bushels. An average yield of 123.6 bushels per acre is indicated by September 1 conditions, compared with the 1937 yield of 123.8 bushels, and the 1927-36 average of 110.6 bushels per acre.

In Maine, heavy rains during July and August resulted in the development of early and late blight on a widespread basis. At the end of August, the majority of potato fields in Aroostook County were practically dead although growth normally continues for almost another month. Blight is present in New York and Pennsylvania although the hot dry weather during August has checked its spread somewhat.

Rainfall and temperatures have favored the potato crop in most of the mid-western States, and better than average yields are reported. In the Dakotas, however, insect damage and dry weather has resulted in a sharp drop in yield prospects.

The crop is progressing very well in Idaho although thin stands in many fields will prevent the harvest of unusually high yields. In Colorado, the condition of the crop declined sharply since August 1. Frosts in the San Luis Valley caused considerable damage, and low yields are in prospect in Northern Colorado. The Pacific Coast States report moderately favorable yield prospects, with the exception of Washington, where dry weather during July and August injured the crop in the area west of the Cascades.

SWEET POTATOES: September 1 indications point to a sweetpotato crop of 80,055,000 bushels -- 6 percent larger than the 1937 crop of 75,393,000 bushels, and 14 percent above the 10-year (1927-36) average of 70,274,000 bushels. Growing conditions were generally favorable for the crop earlier in the season. During August, however, hot dry weather has damaged crop prospects in many important producing areas. September 1 conditions indicate an average yield of 89.8 bushels per acre, compared with 89.4 bushels in 1937, and the 1927-36 average of 86.1 bushels per acre.

COWPEAS: The condition of cowpeas declined during August to 73.5 percent, a drop for the month of 5.7 points. The September 1 condition is 1.5 points lower than on September 1 last year, but is still above the 10-year (1927-36) average condition of 69 percent. The greatest declines occurred in the South Atlantic States of South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS Washington, D. C.,
as of CROP REPORTING BOARD September 2, 1938
September 1, 1938 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

SOYBEANS: The condition of soybeans is 87 percent, the same as on August 1. The condition improved in the northern soybean-growing States, but the improvement there was offset by lower condition in southern and southwestern States.

The indicated production in the six important commercial States is 41,828,000 bushels, which has been exceeded in those six States only by the production in 1935. These States (Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, and North Carolina) produced 38,128,000 bushels in 1937, 27,716,000 bushels in 1936, and 42,357,000 bushels in the record year of 1935.

PEANUTS: Reports from growers as of September 1 indicate a peanut crop of 1,321,050,000 pounds to be harvested for nuts, compared with an estimated production of 1,291,655,000 pounds last year. Prospective yield per acre this year is materially below last year in both the Virginia-Carolina and Southeastern areas, but somewhat higher in the Southwestern area. Indicated production by areas this year is as follows: Virginia-Carolina 410,775,000 pounds; Southeastern 726,600,000 pounds; Southwestern 183,675,000 pounds.

TOBACCO: The total production of tobacco is now indicated as 1,470,224,000 pounds compared with 1,553,405,000 pounds harvested in 1937, and the 10-year (1927-36) average crop of 1,325,343,000 pounds.

The production of the Flue-cured tobacco is indicated at 786,860,000 pounds which is 8.0 percent below the 854,882,000 pounds harvested in 1937, but 14.0 percent above the 10-year (1927-36) average production of 690,051,000 pounds.

The indicated production of Fire-cured types of tobacco at 98,908,000 pounds is 15.7 percent below the 117,380,000 pounds harvested in 1937, and 40,565,000 pounds less than the 10-year (1927-36) average production of 139,473,000 pounds.

The prospective production of Burley tobacco showed very little change from that harvested in 1937. The production is indicated at 402,029,000 pounds for this year compared with 402,731,000 pounds in 1937, and a 10-year (1927-36) average production of 293,070,000 pounds.

The production of Maryland tobacco indicated at 30,030,000 pounds is 19.2 percent above the 25,200,000 pounds harvested in 1937, and 17.5 percent above the 10-year (1927-36) average production of 25,560,000 pounds.

The dark air-cured tobacco production is indicated at 36,752,000 pounds, and is about 22.5 percent below the 47,400,000 pounds harvested in 1937.

The production of cigar types is indicated at 115,645,000 pounds on September 1, compared with 105,812,000 pounds harvested in 1937, and the 10-year (1927-36) average production of 132,925,000 pounds.

SUGARCANE - LOUISIANA: The indicated crop of sugarcane for sugar in the Louisiana sugar belt is 6,413,000 tons based on September 1 conditions, which is the same as indicated a month ago. The tonnage cut for sugar in 1937 was 5,240,000 tons. Late July and early August rainfall greatly benefited the crop which was growing well at the beginning of this month, notwithstanding the lack of rain and high temperatures since the middle of August. The storm of August 14-15 caused some cane to lodge or break off. The crop is generally further advanced than usual with some areas being as much as a month ahead of usual development. Reports indicate that more than the usual amount of summer planting is being done in preparation for the 1939 crop. An estimate of the probable production of sugar from the harvest of 1938 will be made next month.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
as of CROP REPORTING BOARD

September 1, 1938

Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
3:00 P. M. (E.T.)

SUGAR BEETS: The indicated production of sugar beets, based on September 1 conditions, is 10,823,000 tons, a decrease of 315,000 tons from the indications of a month ago. The 1937 production totaled 8,749,000 tons and the 10-year (1927-36) average is 8,383,000 tons.

A yield of 11.8 tons per acre is indicated by September 1 conditions which compares with a yield of 11.6 tons in 1937 and the 10-year average of 11.0 tons. Hot dry weather in much of the sugar beet producing area during August resulted in somewhat reduced prospects compared with a month ago. Water supplies have been ample in most irrigated areas but the high temperatures during much of the past month were unfavorable. Some grasshopper damage has occurred in Montana. However, prospects are still far above average yields in practically all states.

HAY: The hay crop is turning out a little better than was expected a month ago and is now forecast at 92 million tons which would be one of the largest crops on record. The 1937 crop was just over 83 million tons and the 10-year (1927-36) average, which includes several drought years, was about 80 million tons. Yields per acre are generally good, with the exception of late cuttings in some of the drier parts of the Great Plains area.

The production of alfalfa hay is forecast at 29,628,000 tons - a small increase over the August forecast, 10 percent more than the 1937 crop and 24 percent more than the 10-year average.

The clover-timothy hay crop of 28,424,000 tons is the largest since 1929 and 17 percent larger than the 1937 crop of 24,335,000 tons.

The wild hay crop will probably be about 10,490,000 tons - slightly smaller than was expected a month ago, but 13 percent more than was harvested in 1937 and 5 percent more than the 10-year average.

PASTURES: The condition of pastures and ranges on September 1 was generally good although in some areas rather appreciable declines during August resulted from lack of rainfall and hot weather. Farm pastures for the country as a whole on September 1 this year averaged 76 percent of normal, the best recorded for that date in the last ten years. Good to excellent pastures were available east of the Mississippi River except for areas centering in Georgia and South Carolina and in Pennsylvania. West of the Great Plains pastures and ranges were in good condition except on the northern Pacific Coast where extremely dry weather has prevailed.

Rather extensive declines in pasture condition during August occurred in most of Minnesota, the Dakotas, eastern Colorado, Nebraska, western Iowa, Missouri, parts of Arkansas, southern Oklahoma, New Mexico and eastern and northern Texas. Above normal temperatures, light rainfall, and grasshopper damage have been influential factors in causing lower condition. In much of this area, however, rainfall in the early part of September is expected to improve pastures considerably.

For the country as a whole the condition of pastures averaged 76 percent of normal on September 1 compared with 68 percent on the same date a year ago. Average September 1 condition during the preceding ten years, 1927-36, was 63 percent and for the ten years prior to recent droughts (1920-29) was 79 percent.

MILK PRODUCTION: Aided by good pastures and heavy grain feeding, milk production in the United States continued through August this year at a record high level for that month. On September 1, milk production per cow in herds kept by crop correspondents averaged the highest for that date in the 14 years on record. Production per cow appears to have been rather uniformly high in all parts of the country, the reports ranging from 7 percent to 11 percent above the 1927-36 averages in the several major geographic divisions.

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September 1, 1938. 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

In the country as a whole, the milk production per cow reported on September 1 was above that of a year earlier by about 7 percent, and total milk production would appear to be up about the same percentage for the number of milk cows on farms is about the same as at this season last year. On a per capita basis, the indicated milk production was nearly 1 percent higher than on September 1, 1935, the previous high for that time of the year, and ranged from 2 percent to 10 percent higher than milk production per capita on the same date of the other 12 years on record.

The percentage decline in milk production per cow from August 1 to September 1 this year was about the same as the 1927-36 average decline but it was materially less than in 1927, 1928 and 1929, the only other recent years when milk production per cow was about equally high on August 1. Good pastures have contributed toward maintenance of milk production in most of the important dairy areas, although pastures declined rather sharply during August in Pennsylvania, several of the Southeastern States, Minnesota, and much of the Great Plains area. More grain per milk cow was reported fed in herds kept by dairy correspondents on August 1 this year than on the same date in any of the last half dozen years except 1936 when pastures were very poor. Reports available only for the North Atlantic States show a rather rapid increase in the rate of feeding during August and a higher September 1 average of grain fed per cow in herds kept by dairy correspondents than in any of the past 7 years except 1935 and 1936.

In the country as a whole, milk production per cow in herds kept by crop correspondents on September 1 averaged 14.23 pounds compared with 13.29 pounds on the same date last year and a range from 12.46 pounds to 13.95 pounds on that date in the 12 preceding years. The proportion of milk cows reported milked continued unusually high in all major groups of States, and for the country as a whole averaged 75.0 percent on September 1 this year compared with 74.5 percent on the same date last year and a range from 69.5 percent to 73.7 percent in the preceding dozen years for which records are available.

POULTRY AND EGGS: A recovery in numbers of layers to the level of a year ago, and some slackening of the record high seasonal production of eggs per layer, are the outstanding features of the September report.

Number of layers: On January 1 the average number of layers per farm flock was about 8 percent below the previous year, and on August 1 the average was still over 4 percent below, but on September 1 it was practically the same as on that date last year.

The number of layers usually decreases slightly during August, culling and loss of hens being greater than the gain from pullets coming to laying age. Last year, when hatchings were unusually small, the August loss was about 4 percent. This year, with unusually heavy early hatchings, there was a small gain in number of layers during August. The increasingly favorable relation of egg prices to feed prices may also have led to somewhat lighter culling of hens.

The average number of hens and pullets of laying age reported in farm flocks on September 1 was 59.8, compared with 59.9 in 1937, and a 10-year September 1 average of 64.6. In the North Central and South Central States, numbers of layers on September 1 had not yet caught up with numbers a year ago, but in all other sections slight gains over last year were shown. Compared with the 10-year (1927-36) September 1 average, numbers this year in the North Atlantic area averaged 5 percent higher, but in all other areas numbers remain below the 10-year average. The decreases range from 2 to 4 percent in the South Atlantic, East North Central and Far Western areas up to 9 percent in the South Central and to 15 percent in the West North Central area.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS Washington, D. C.,
as of CROP REPORTING BOARD September 9, 1938
September 1, 1938 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

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Egg production per layer: On September 1, for the first time this year, production of eggs per layer was less than a year earlier. The average number of eggs reported per hen and pullet of laying age was about 2 percent less than on September 1 last year.

In all of the principal geographic areas, the rate of production per layer on September 1 was lower than last year, ranging from about 5 percent less in the North Atlantic and South Atlantic Coast areas and 3 percent in the West North Central down to 1 percent or less in the East North Central, South Central and Far Western areas. Compared with the 10-year (1927-36) average September 1 production, however, September production of eggs per layer this year was almost 10 percent higher, being 14 percent and 13 percent higher respectively in the West North Central and South Central States, and about 7 percent higher in the East North Central, South Atlantic, and Far Western States. In the North Atlantic States, however, production per layer was only 2 percent higher than the 10-year average for September. The considerable increase shown over the 10-year average production per layer is due in part to the fact that the average includes several drought years, when conditions were unfavorable to heavy production.

Total egg production: Although the number of layers on September 1 was practically the same as last year, the average total production of eggs per farm flock was about 2 percent smaller. The smaller number of eggs laid per hen reduced total production.

The indicated total production of eggs was about 4 percent less than last year in the West North Central area, 2 percent less in the North Atlantic and South Central, and 1 percent less in the East North Central and South Atlantic States. In the Far West it was a fraction of a percent higher than last year.

Compared with the 10-year average September 1 total production per flock, the reported production this year was greater by 1 percent. It was above the 10-year average by from 2 to 6 percent in all areas except the West North Central, where the hen population decreased most and is still farthest below former levels. September 1 total production of eggs in that area was 3 percent below the 10-year average.

CROP REPORTING BOARD.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Washington, D. C.,

as of

CROP REPORTING BOARD

September 9, 1938

September 1, 1938

3:00 P. M. (E.T.)

C O R N, A L L

STATE	YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	Average	Indicated	Average	Indicated		
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
Me.	38.7	37.0	40.0	503	333	400
N. H.	41.0	42.0	42.0	594	630	630
Vt.	39.8	40.0	42.0	2,761	2,960	3,108
Mass.	41.2	41.0	43.0	1,627	1,640	1,720
R. I.	39.3	40.0	39.0	350	400	351
Conn.	38.4	39.0	39.0	1,965	1,989	1,950
N. Y.	33.6	35.5	37.5	20,808	23,856	25,688
N. J.	38.2	41.0	39.0	7,049	8,528	7,800
Pa.	38.2	46.0	44.0	49,431	62,928	60,808
Ohio	35.6	43.0	44.0	127,177	163,228	153,648
Ind.	32.2	45.0	40.5	143,334	211,770	163,904
Ill.	32.2	47.0	43.0	289,751	444,197	361,673
Mich.	23.2	35.0	37.0	40,852	55,650	58,830
Wis.	31.4	31.5	35.0	63,345	76,356	83,160
Minn.	28.6	36.0	34.0	131,370	172,368	151,402
Iowa	34.5	45.0	43.0	381,704	503,505	437,826
Mo.	20.0	27.0	25.0	117,242	115,020	105,000
N. Dak.	14.3	19.0	16.0	16,593	17,252	16,896
S. Dak.	14.0	14.0	9.5	64,920	44,170	32,034
Nebr.	18.9	10.5	12.5	180,280	82,992	97,812
Kans.	14.7	11.5	19.0	94,639	28,244	47,139
Del.	27.3	29.0	28.0	3,338	4,147	3,976
Md.	30.6	36.0	36.0	15,477	18,576	18,216
Va.	21.7	25.5	23.0	32,199	37,740	33,350
W. Va.	24.6	27.5	26.0	12,104	14,245	12,116
N. C.	18.0	19.5	18.5	40,737	45,357	43,475
S. C.	13.3	15.0	14.5	21,161	24,945	27,014
Ga.	9.8	11.5	12.0	38,453	48,334	55,476
Fla.	9.4	10.0	11.5	6,537	7,890	9,074
Ky.	21.3	26.0	26.0	61,768	75,556	73,294
Tenn.	20.7	24.0	24.0	60,058	66,528	65,208
Ala.	12.6	14.5	14.5	38,654	46,792	50,068
Miss.	14.5	17.5	16.0	34,920	45,378	46,464
Ark.	14.4	20.0	18.0	29,649	40,640	38,772
La.	14.2	17.5	16.5	19,467	24,885	26,400
Okla.	13.8	18.0	19.5	40,123	30,960	33,203
Tex.	16.0	16.0	17.0	78,002	72,048	80,376
Mont.	9.8	9.0	13.5	1,362	1,251	2,430
Idaho	34.3	37.0	37.0	1,256	1,332	1,184
Wyo.	11.3	9.5	12.0	2,112	2,480	3,132
Colo.	11.4	8.0	11.0	17,039	8,536	11,737
N. Mex.	13.7	13.5	12.5	2,909	2,740	2,412
Ariz.	16.4	15.0	15.0	533	495	525
Utah	24.6	27.0	27.0	431	594	594
Nev.	25.6	30.0	29.0	48	60	58
Wash.	34.6	37.0	33.0	1,161	1,184	924
Oreg.	30.2	33.0	28.0	1,872	2,178	1,568
Calif.	31.8	34.0	32.0	2,405	2,108	1,696
U. S.	22.9	28.2	26.6	2,306,157	2,644,995	2,454,526

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

CROP REPORT as of September 1, 1938

Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

DURUM WHEAT

State	Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average	Indicated		Average	Indicated	
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Minn.	12.8	14.5	15.5	2,148	1,348	1,395
N. Dak.	9.7	11.0	12.0	29,420	23,023	31,404
S. Dak.	8.8	6.0	11.5	8,516	3,420	9,212
3 States	9.8	10.1	12.0	40,085	27,791	42,011

SPRING WHEAT (Other than Durum)

Me.	20.4	19.0	18.0	94	76	90
N.Y.	16.8	18.5	19.5	158	92	117
Pa.	17.0	19.0	19.0	197	209	171
Ohio	18.2	10.0	17.0	212	80	68
Ind.	15.4	14.0	16.0	135	126	80
Ill.	16.3	14.0	17.5	1,789	574	612
Mich.	16.5	15.5	19.0	259	232	247
Wis.	17.3	13.0	17.5	1,296	819	980
Minn.	12.1	16.0	14.5	14,336	28,224	31,465
Iowa	14.0	16.0	14.5	607	288	319
Mo.	12.4	11.0	12.5	111	110	88
N. Dak.	8.7	6.9	8.2	51,970	34,990	50,028
S. Dak.	8.6	5.2	9.0	16,870	10,676	24,597
Nebr.	10.5	4.5	10.0	2,355	1,530	3,130
Kans.	8.3	6.0	7.0	225	12	42
Mont.	10.6	7.6	13.2	31,940	15,527	48,866
Idaho	25.2	28.0	27.5	12,381	13,972	13,585
Wyo.	11.8	11.5	12.0	1,721	1,668	1,920
Colo.	13.5	13.0	14.0	4,162	4,706	4,928
N. Mex.	13.0	13.5	12.0	362	310	276
Utah	28.2	29.0	29.0	2,099	2,610	2,349
Nev.	24.6	25.0	23.0	294	325	368
Wash.	15.9	20.0	18.0	17,732	32,100	17,910
Oregon	20.0	21.0	21.5	5,041	11,844	7,267
U.S.	11.3	10.9	11.9	166,410	161,100	209,503

WHEAT (Production by Classes) for the United States

Year	Winter		Spring		White	Total
					(winter & spring)	
	Hard red	Soft red	Hard red	Durum 1/		
	Thousand bushels		Thousand bushels		Thousand bushels	
Avg.						
1927-36	313,347	182,188	129,332	41,972	86,052	752,891
1937	375,164	256,552	102,408	28,749	111,120	873,993
1938 2/	386,460	240,161	167,711	43,563	102,077	939,972

1/ Includes durum wheat in states for which estimates are not shown separately.

2/ Indicated 1938.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Washington, D. C.,

as of

CROP REPORTING BOARD

September 9, 1938

September 1, 1938

3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

O A T S

State	Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average	Indicated	Average	Indicated	Indicated	Indicated
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Me.	36.8	35.0	35.0	4,387	3,955	3,745
N.H.	37.6	35.0	37.0	289	280	333
Vt.	31.3	28.0	31.0	1,906	1,540	1,705
Mass.	32.4	30.0	33.0	172	150	165
R.I.	31.9	30.0	31.0	64	60	62
Conn.	29.0	29.0	28.0	206	174	196
N.Y.	28.2	25.0	34.0	24,060	18,800	26,588
N.J.	29.6	30.0	26.0	1,322	1,530	1,274
Pa.	28.2	27.0	32.5	26,702	24,705	29,738
Ohio	30.8	28.5	33.0	51,072	35,511	36,993
Ind.	26.8	31.0	26.0	49,379	45,973	36,634
Ill.	29.1	40.5	30.5	118,709	162,208	108,732
Mich.	29.2	23.0	34.0	40,642	34,272	40,800
Wis.	31.8	32.0	31.0	78,558	79,360	76,880
Minn.	29.7	39.0	32.0	129,211	165,321	123,424
Iowa	30.8	45.0	32.0	186,336	258,975	186,016
Mo.	20.0	28.0	24.0	32,757	43,400	43,152
N.Dak.	13.6	22.5	22.0	31,996	29,902	32,032
S.Dak.	21.8	21.0	31.0	45,786	31,269	51,491
Nebr.	22.5	21.0	29.0	52,829	35,637	56,086
Kans.	22.1	24.0	23.0	31,597	35,376	33,235
Del.	22.8	29.0	31.0	90	87	93
Md.	28.0	28.5	30.0	1,407	1,083	1,170
Va.	19.2	21.0	21.5	2,389	1,680	1,892
W.Va.	19.9	20.0	21.0	2,366	1,520	1,596
N.C.	18.1	21.0	22.0	3,682	4,830	5,060
S.C.	21.1	22.0	22.8	8,316	10,076	10,648
Ga.	18.6	19.5	22.5	6,025	8,658	9,585
Fla.	14.2	14.5	15.5	110	130	155
Ky.	15.6	21.0	19.5	2,164	1,848	1,506
Tenn.	15.2	18.5	19.0	1,598	1,480	1,615
Ala.	17.9	21.0	23.0	1,806	2,646	3,197
Miss.	20.6	28.0	27.5	838	1,428	1,540
Ark.	18.5	22.0	19.0	2,456	3,300	2,565
La.	22.8	31.0	27.0	596	1,395	1,350
Okla.	20.2	20.5	21.5	24,442	27,347	28,100
Tex.	23.2	24.0	25.0	34,971	30,432	34,875
Mont.	23.6	24.0	34.0	7,275	4,296	9,656
Idaho	35.1	40.0	39.0	4,804	4,960	4,914
Wyo.	24.7	25.5	26.5	3,004	2,652	2,888
Colo.	27.5	31.0	30.0	4,609	4,433	4,800
N.Mex.	22.9	25.0	21.0	596	600	504
Ariz.	27.7	26.0	26.0	301	234	260
Utah	36.1	38.0	39.0	1,451	1,140	1,170
Nev.	35.4	35.0	40.0	92	105	120
Wash.	48.4	52.0	42.0	7,723	8,060	6,300
Oreg.	31.4	37.0	23.0	8,519	10,360	6,440
Calif.	26.3	28.0	27.0	2,851	3,080	3,267
U.S.	27.1	32.7	29.1	1,042,461	1,146,258	1,034,347

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORT as of September 1, 1938
CROP REPORTING BOARD

Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

B A R L E Y

State	Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average	Indicated	Average	Indicated	Indicated	
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Me.	29.1	28.0	29.0	111	112	145
Vt.	26.6	24.0	28.0	103	120	168
N. Y.	24.2	23.0	28.5	4,216	3,059	3,904
N. J.	27.8	30.0	27.0	28	30	54
Pa.	25.0	29.0	29.0	1,334	1,827	1,827
Ohio	23.4	25.0	25.5	2,353	800	688
Ind.	19.8	24.0	22.0	737	648	528
Ill.	25.0	27.5	29.0	8,174	3,712	4,292
Mich.	22.9	22.5	27.0	5,144	4,545	4,590
Wis.	27.9	26.0	30.0	20,980	22,022	23,130
Minn.	22.0	25.5	24.0	42,917	51,536	48,504
Iowa	24.3	32.0	28.0	13,846	11,840	11,088
Mo.	17.4	18.5	18.0	464	2,294	1,836
N. Dak.	15.2	16.5	17.0	30,894	21,120	23,154
S. Dak.	16.3	14.5	22.0	26,366	20,068	31,042
Nebr.	19.0	16.5	24.0	11,458	10,642	22,440
Kans.	14.2	10.5	17.0	6,552	3,129	6,919
Md.	28.5	33.0	31.5	695	1,188	1,134
Va.	24.8	29.0	24.0	718	1,363	1,152
W. Va.	1/ 23.8	27.0	26.0	1/ 95	135	130
N. C.	17.8	20.0	19.0	278	180	171
Ky.	21.8	26.0	24.0	243	910	888
Tenn.	17.2	18.0	18.0	378	594	576
Okla.	14.4	17.5	18.0	1,253	2,048	3,366
Tex.	15.8	16.5	16.0	2,612	1,766	2,224
Mont.	19.6	23.0	27.0	3,250	2,093	3,780
Idaho	33.2	36.0	36.0	4,241	3,708	4,644
Wyo.	21.4	23.0	23.0	1,732	1,380	1,748
Colo.	18.8	21.5	22.0	7,968	8,772	10,054
N. Mex.	20.0	21.0	16.0	148	147	112
Ariz.	30.5	29.0	31.0	602	580	806
Utah	37.5	39.0	40.0	1,472	2,379	2,440
Nev.	37.8	38.0	38.0	241	304	266
Wash.	31.8	34.0	31.5	1,737	2,074	2,110
Oreg.	29.4	32.0	25.0	2,485	4,160	3,400
Calif.	26.9	27.0	25.0	29,090	28,350	27,050
U. S.	21.0	22.1	23.5	234,895	219,635	250,360

1/ Short-time average

R I C E

State	Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average	Indicated	Average	Indicated	Indicated	
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Ark.	49.0	54.0	54.0	7,889	9,342	9,720
La.	39.8	40.5	42.5	18,041	21,262	21,888
Tex.	50.5	49.0	54.0	8,710	12,250	13,500
Calif.	65.8	70.0	66.0	7,664	10,150	8,910
U. S.	46.8	48.5	50.0	42,304	53,004	54,018

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

 CROP REPORT as of
 BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
 CROP REPORTING BOARD

September 1, 1938

 Washington, D. C.,
 September 9, 1938
 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

BUCKWHEAT

State	Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average	Indicated	Average	Indicated	Indicated	
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Thousand bushels	Thousand bushels	Thousand bushels
Me.	18.3	15.0	19.0	216	165	190
Vt.	21.6	18.0	22.0	43	36	44
N.Y.	17.3	17.0	17.5	2,670	2,448	2,468
N.J.	19.9	21.0	18.0	22	21	18
Pa.	18.0	17.5	18.5	2,813	2,275	2,664
Ohio	17.2	15.5	18.5	407	248	296
Ind.	13.9	13.0	14.0	222	156	168
Ill.	14.5	14.0	15.0	110	42	45
Mich.	11.5	13.5	14.0	292	202	196
Wis.	11.4	10.0	13.0	203	150	143
Minn.	9.1	10.5	11.5	429	158	184
Iowa	12.4	11.0	14.0	92	66	56
Mo.	10.4	10.0	11.0	10	10	11
N.Dak.	6.8	11.0	5.0	121	66	20
S.Dak.	8.0	7.0	7.0	110	35	21
Del.	11.2	13.0	11.0	11	13	11
Md.	19.2	19.5	19.5	121	98	98
Va.	12.9	13.5	14.0	182	189	182
W.Va.	17.5	17.5	16.0	380	298	272
N.C.	14.2	13.0	15.0	62	52	60
Ky.	9.6	11.0	10.5	21	22	21
Tenn.	12.4	13.5	13.0	25	27	26
U.S.	15.9	15.9	16.9	8,569	6,777	7,194

GRAIN SORGHUMS

Mo.	11.4	16.0	14.0	1,822	4,800	3,850
Nebr.	11.0	9.5	14.0	629	1,748	6,132
Kans.	11.6	9.0	11.0	14,463	12,330	16,577
Ark.	1/ 9.2	11.0	9.5	1/ 635	880	589
Okla.	9.2	10.0	10.5	13,490	13,810	13,776
Tex.	13.8	16.0	15.5	49,458	52,336	54,777
Colo.	8.4	6.5	9.5	1,909	1,521	3,676
N.Mex.	11.2	12.0	11.0	3,312	4,500	4,334
Ariz.	26.2	28.5	28.0	898	1,112	1,204
Calif.	28.4	28.0	30.0	2,842	4,060	4,350
U.S.	12.4	13.2	13.5	89,331	97,097	109,265

1/ Short-time average

FLAX SEED

Mich.	1/ 9.3	8.0	9.0	1/ 59	64	81
Wis.	10.9	10.5	11.0	72	42	66
Minn.	8.0	9.0	10.0	5,572	4,077	4,480
Iowa	8.6	11.5	11.0	162	92	110
Mo.	4.5	4.0	6.0	14	20	18
N.Dak.	4.8	5.0	5.0	4,896	1,430	1,670
S.Dak.	4.5	4.3	6.5	1,720	228	358
Kans.	5.8	5.8	7.2	240	331	446
Mont.	4.7	3.0	4.3	796	30	155
Calif.	-	16.5	19.0	-	660	608
U.S.	6.0	7.5	8.0	13,751	6,974	7,992

1/ Short-time average.

mbp

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORTING BOARD

CROP REPORT
as of
September 1, 1938

Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

TAME HAY						
State	Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average	Indicated	Average	Indicated	Indicated	
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Tons			Thousand tons		
Me.	0.88	0.85	0.95	870	863	960
N.H.	1.02	1.10	1.05	377	420	400
Vt.	1.17	1.21	1.20	1,082	1,136	1,133
Mass.	1.31	1.48	1.45	468	584	577
R. I.	1.34	1.33	1.30	49	57	56
Conn.	1.30	1.45	1.45	384	491	490
N.Y.	1.20	1.40	1.35	4,983	5,703	5,422
N.J.	1.50	1.67	1.65	336	365	361
Pa.	1.20	1.32	1.36	3,085	3,240	3,337
Ohio	1.10	1.32	1.42	2,934	3,255	3,948
Ind.	1.11	1.35	1.40	2,060	2,320	3,077
Ill.	1.18	1.35	1.40	3,272	3,346	4,183
Mich.	1.16	1.37	1.44	3,033	3,512	3,828
Wis.	1.39	1.44	1.79	4,516	4,989	6,628
Minn.	1.32	1.68	1.70	3,407	4,737	4,972
Iowa	1.31	1.45	1.60	4,116	4,187	5,301
Mo.	.88	1.03	1.00	2,645	2,198	2,320
N.Dak.	.99	1.01	1.10	1,155	1,026	1,208
S.Dak.	.92	.81	.95	970	724	612
Nebr.	1.46	1.06	1.35	2,338	1,500	1,485
Kans.	1.47	1.09	1.60	1,739	1,032	1,370
Del.	1.32	1.33	1.40	83	85	90
Md.	1.21	1.35	1.45	468	518	576
Va.	.95	1.14	1.05	907	1,204	1,158
W.Va.	.96	1.11	1.15	661	741	802
N.C.	.79	.85	.90	630	824	925
S.C.	.71	.83	.75	309	502	468
Ga.	.54	.59	.60	412	575	653
Fla.	.56	.55	.60	40	51	56
Ky.	.97	1.13	1.20	1,266	1,463	1,670
Tenn.	.89	1.00	1.05	1,271	1,596	1,737
Ala.	.71	.80	.75	430	671	635
Miss.	1.16	1.27	1.25	595	983	1,011
Ark.	1.00	1.14	1.05	685	969	963
La.	1.21	1.22	1.30	284	321	358
Okla.	1.30	1.23	1.45	645	680	815
Tex.	.99	.94	1.10	671	831	1,091
Mont.	1.24	1.22	1.61	1,839	1,416	1,980
Idaho	2.15	2.22	2.23	2,256	2,249	2,315
Wyo.	1.24	1.26	1.25	892	1,012	1,092
Colo.	1.59	1.64	1.74	1,298	1,701	1,917
N.Mex.	1.98	2.05	1.95	270	264	259
Ariz.	2.61	2.69	2.53	505	485	509
Utah	2.03	2.27	2.15	1,107	1,171	1,056
Nev.	1.90	2.07	1.98	373	376	368
Wash.	1.83	1.89	1.85	1,621	1,735	1,684
Oreg.	1.78	1.77	1.75	1,598	1,428	1,480
Calif.	2.53	2.75	2.70	4,212	4,249	4,414
U.S.	1.25	1.35	1.42	69,754	73,785	81,750

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Washington, D. C.,

as of

CROP REPORTING BOARD

September 9, 1938

September 1, 1938

3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

ALFALFA HAY 1/

State	Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average	Indicated	Average	Indicated	Indicated	Indicated
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
		Tons			Thousand tons	
Me.	1.52	1.30	1.65	10	8	10
N.H.	1.94	2.00	2.00	6	6	6
Vt.	2.26	2.00	2.35	21	28	35
Mass.	2.29	2.30	2.45	12	18	20
R. I.	2/ 2.26	2.30	2.35	2/ 2	2	2
Conn.	2.82	2.90	3.10	29	44	50
N.Y.	1.90	2.00	2.00	462	628	640
N.J.	2.18	2.40	2.30	77	110	113
Pa.	1.87	2.10	2.05	251	439	441
Ohio	1.82	1.95	2.10	529	916	869
Ind.	1.69	1.75	1.95	420	808	874
Ill.	2.04	1.80	2.30	617	652	874
Mich.	1.54	1.70	1.75	1,148	1,875	1,911
Wis.	2.00	1.75	2.40	1,011	1,720	2,926
Minn.	1.76	2.10	2.15	1,300	2,526	2,715
Iowa	2.12	1.95	2.30	1,234	1,843	2,109
Mo.	1.92	1.80	2.00	340	376	304
N. Dak.	1.14	1.20	1.20	256	163	163
S. Dak.	1.02	.95	1.05	675	367	316
Nebr.	1.62	1.10	1.40	1,898	1,142	1,061
Kans.	1.68	1.15	1.90	1,307	697	899
Del.	2.45	2.40	2.45	14	14	15
Md.	1.96	2.15	2.20	55	73	77
Va.	1.73	2.10	1.90	82	126	116
W. Va.	1.79	1.75	2.05	24	42	53
N. C.	1.86	1.60	2.00	11	13	18
S. C.	1.71	1.65	1.75	4	3	4
Ga.	1.79	2.10	1.90	8	13	11
Ky.	1.52	1.65	1.90	176	238	300
Tenn.	1.60	1.85	1.95	47	92	123
Ala.	1.38	1.30	1.50	5	5	6
Miss.	2.16	2.40	2.30	70	180	186
Ark.	1.96	2.05	2.10	113	137	151
La.	2.25	2.10	2.40	34	42	53
Okla.	1.83	1.65	2.00	397	404	500
Tex.	2.27	2.20	2.40	138	174	218
Mont.	1.62	1.60	1.90	1,138	901	1,176
Idaho	2.48	2.50	2.50	1,388	1,952	1,972
Wyo.	1.48	1.55	1.55	557	622	671
Colo.	1.89	1.95	2.05	1,390	1,305	1,439
N. Mex.	2.35	2.40	2.30	215	209	209
Ariz.	2.93	3.00	2.85	441	417	428
Utah	2.09	2.35	2.20	1,041	1,107	983
Nev.	2.18	2.35	2.20	306	322	306
Wash.	2.58	2.55	2.60	584	643	655
Oreg.	2.52	2.45	2.55	641	627	660
Calif.	3.86	4.40	4.10	2,275	3,027	2,960
U.S.	1.97	1.96	2.17	23,948	27,056	29,628

1/ Included in tame hay.

2/ Short-time average.

mbp

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORT as of September 1, 1938
CROP REPORTING BOARD
Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY HAY 1/

State	Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average	Prelim.	Average	Prelim.	Prelim.	
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Tons			Thousand tons		
Me.	0.97	0.97	1.05	571	485	525
N.H.	1.14	1.25	1.15	238	262	242
Vt.	1.21	1.27	1.25	851	886	881
Mass.	1.42	1.60	1.60	351	464	469
R. I.	1.35	1.45	1.45	29	35	35
Conn.	1.38	1.50	1.55	214	279	285
N. Y.	1.20	1.40	1.35	4,002	4,522	4,266
N. J.	1.37	1.45	1.45	221	196	183
Pa.	1.18	1.25	1.30	2,694	2,635	2,740
Ohio	1.00	1.15	1.30	2,166	1,963	2,708
Ind.	.96	1.10	1.25	1,143	793	1,578
Ill.	1.11	1.15	1.35	1,628	737	1,644
Mich.	1.02	1.15	1.25	1,692	1,412	1,735
Wis.	1.28	1.35	1.50	3,055	2,580	3,010
Minn.	1.21	1.50	1.45	1,361	1,170	1,098
Iowa	1.10	1.15	1.30	2,331	1,219	1,860
Mo.	.79	.90	.85	1,652	1,080	1,148
N. Dak.	.97	1.00	1.10	47	11	12
S. Dak.	.82	.85	.95	42	15	19
Nebr.	1.01	.85	1.15	96	12	14
Kans.	.97	.95	1.05	154	28	22
Del.	1.20	1.20	1.35	50	50	57
Md.	1.13	1.25	1.35	351	375	421
Va.	1.00	1.20	1.20	482	560	588
W. Va.	.95	1.15	1.20	456	460	514
N. C.	.91	1.00	1.10	65	64	70
Ga.	.96	.90	.90	3	4	4
Ky.	.91	1.05	1.15	419	368	494
Tenn.	.90	1.05	1.10	279	205	238
Ala.	2/ .80	.80	.85	2/ 4	4	4
Miss.	1.21	1.35	1.40	4	8	10
Ark.	.90	1.00	.95	64	48	55
Mont.	1.33	1.30	1.70	330	234	306
Idaho	1.37	1.40	1.45	218	151	170
Wyo.	1.12	1.20	1.00	122	122	106
Colo.	1.40	1.45	1.35	233	174	170
N. Mex.	1.26	1.35	1.20	11	8	7
Utah	1.46	1.55	1.65	34	29	31
Nev.	1.30	1.25	1.50	34	25	32
Wash.	2.07	2.15	2.00	380	430	400
Oreg.	1.58	1.60	1.60	193	160	208
Calif.	2/ 1.57	1.80	1.70	2/ 59	63	60
U. S.	1.11	1.25	1.30	28,333	24,335	28,424

1/ Included in tame hay. Excludes sweetclover and lespedeza.

2/ Short-time average.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORT as of September 1, 1938

CROP REPORTING BOARD

Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

WILD HAY						PASTURE			
Yield per Acre			Production			Condition September 1			
State	Average	Prelim.	Average	Prelim.	Average				
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Tons			Thousand Tons			Percent		
Me.	0.94	0.90	0.95	6	7	8	77	68	92
N.H.	.92	.90	.95	5	7	8	78	88	92
Vt.	.92	.95	.95	7	9	10	80	86	92
Mass.	.94	1.00	1.05	7	9	10	73	86	96
R. I.	.84	.90	.80	1	1	1	74	81	82
Conn.	1.09	1.15	1.20	8	12	13	74	87	92
N.Y.	.90	1.05	1.00	38	46	42	67	84	80
N.J.	1.29	1.15	1.30	17	15	16	70	85	82
Pa.	.82	.90	.85	10	14	13	69	87	75
Ohio	.71	.85	.80	3	4	4	66	88	83
Ind.	.88	.90	1.00	8	9	10	62	83	88
Ill.	.84	.85	.90	17	18	14	60	77	85
Mich.	.81	.85	.85	28	31	33	50	78	83
Wis.	.98	1.05	1.00	263	282	242	56	48	89
Minn.	.92	1.10	1.10	1,640	1,796	1,796	54	70	74
Iowa	.96	1.10	1.15	188	183	191	62	72	83
Mo.	.96	1.25	1.15	126	175	150	58	70	67
N.Dak.	.76	.75	.80	1,218	1,162	1,364	50	46	57
S.Dak.	.55	.55	.55	1,046	938	880	48	42	42
Nebr.	.66	.55	.75	1,807	1,192	1,658	60	33	57
Kans.	.88	.85	1.05	770	548	644	57	43	70
Del.	1.11	1.05	.95	2	1	1	70	94	84
Md.	.87	1.00	1.15	3	4	5	66	86	85
Va.	.78	.90	.80	7	12	11	76	93	87
W.Va.	.78	.90	.95	7	11	11	75	86	87
N.C.	.95	1.10	1.30	23	31	39	81	88	86
S.C.	.71	.85	.80	10	17	16	72	78	63
Ga.	.84	.80	.80	16	16	16	74	78	72
Fla.	.74	.65	.65	2	1	1	83	83	80
Ky.	.90	1.00	1.10	20	25	22	71	82	97
Tenn.	.74	.85	.90	28	29	31	70	78	90
Ala.	.78	.85	.95	32	34	38	73	77	79
Miss.	1.00	1.15	1.05	52	79	72	71	77	81
Ark.	.97	1.10	1.05	146	182	158	57	74	71
La.	.97	1.25	1.30	19	31	34	73	80	85
Okla.	.88	.85	1.15	443	398	565	53	46	66
Tex.	.92	.80	1.00	203	223	256	58	59	68
Mont.	.78	.80	1.15	473	390	644	58	48	80
Idaho	.96	.95	1.05	89	74	78	73	77	84
Wyo.	.74	.75	.75	219	230	246	72	81	75
Colo.	.94	1.00	1.00	334	356	374	69	50	71
N.Mex.	.76	.80	.65	18	17	12	71	66	61
Ariz.	.86	.90	1.00	10	8	8	83	86	80
Utah	1.02	1.10	1.15	66	72	77	70	82	78
Nev.	.95	1.10	1.10	121	151	155	74	86	93
Wash.	1.20	1.30	1.15	36	35	28	66	81	48
Oreg.	.98	1.10	1.10	227	242	242	70	82	58
Calif.	1.10	1.00	1.30	158	170	243	72	73	85
U.S.	.79	.81	.90	9,979	9,302	10,490	63	68	76
mbp									

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS Washington, D. C.,
as of CROP REPORTING BOARD September 9, 1938
September 1, 1938 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

SOY BEANS				COWPEAS			
Condition September 1				Condition September 1			
State	Average	1937	1938	Average	1937	1938	
	1927-36	Percent		1927-36	Percent		
N.Y.	77	84	88	--	--	--	
N.J.	80	90	92	79	81	86	
Pa.	80	87	89	--	82	85	
Ohio	78	85	90	82	89	90	
Ind.	76	86	91	73	84	90	
Ill.	75	85	89	69	76	84	
Mich.	72	83	89	--	--	--	
Wis.	75	73	92	--	--	--	
Iowa	81	86	90	--	--	--	
Mo.	69	80	82	68	75	77	
Nebr..	--	53	61	--	--	--	
Kans.	64	60	75	64	59	77	
Del.	81	94	92	79	94	85	
Md.	80	94	93	80	88	90	
Va.	78	91	84	75	91	78	
W. Va.	80	89	91	78	87	87	
N. C.	83	85	82	77	83	75	
S. C.	73	75	72	70	74	66	
Ga.	72	74	75	68	71	66	
Fla.	--	--	--	76	70	81	
Ky.	76	84	90	74	81	90	
Tenn.	75	80	86	72	77	78	
Ala.	72	73	80	70	73	69	
Miss.	73	81	79	69	77	75	
Ark.	66	78	79	62	76	73	
La.	77	85	82	68	77	74	
Okla.	59	69	75	60	65	76	
Tex.	--	70	69	64	72	74	
U. S.	75	83	87	69	75	74	

SOYBEANS FOR BEANS 1/

Production			
State	Average	1937	Indicated
	1927-36	1938	
	Thousand bushels		
Ohio	879	3,249	4,680
Ind.	2,671	5,797	6,282
Ill.	9,214	22,800	22,898
Iowa	1,679	4,236	5,724
Mo.	756	486	594
N. C.	1,211	1,560	1,650
6 States	16,410	38,128	41,828

1/ In leading commercial producing states.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

as of CROP REPORTING BOARD

September 1, 1938

Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

PEANUTS (for nuts)

State	Acreage		Yield per Acre			Production		
	:		:			:		
	1937	1938	Average	Indicated	Average	1927-36	1937	1938
	Thous. acres		Pounds			Thousand pounds		
Va.	151	157	1,002	1,150	900	145,288	173,650	141,300
N.C.	238	250	1,029	1,170	1,050	228,960	278,460	262,500
Tenn.	9	9	705	675	775	10,040	6,075	6,975
Total (V.C. area)	398	416	1,006	1,151	937	384,288	458,185	410,775
S.C.	11	12	690	715	700	8,539	7,865	8,400
Ga.	530	610	624	740	700	284,146	392,200	427,000
Fla.	71	75	566	580	600	32,010	41,180	45,000
Ala.	336	325	612	750	700	178,239	252,000	227,500
Miss.	28	34	540	520	550	15,660	14,560	18,700
Total (S.E. area)	976	1,056	614	725	688	518,594	707,805	726,600
Ark.	19	30	532	520	510	10,306	9,880	15,300
La.	12	15	496	500	525	6,234	6,000	7,875
Okla.	19	31	504	475	600	23,269	9,025	18,600
Tex.	229	258	498	440	550	96,778	100,760	141,900
Total (S.W. area)	279	334	502	450	550	136,588	125,665	183,675
UNITED STATES	1,653	1,806	693.6	781.4	731.5	1,039,469	1,291,655	1,321,050

BEANS (Dry Edible) 1/

	Yield per Acre			Production		
State	Average		Indicated	Average		Indicated
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Pounds			Thousand bags 2/		
Me.	838	890	900	63	80	99
Vt.	609	650	660	20	20	20
N.Y.	736	800	825	907	1,264	1,304
Mich.	653	940	940	3,734	4,559	4,738
Wis.	400	370	450	24	15	27
Minn.	347	320	350	20	10	14
Nebr.	631	1,000	900	70	220	180
Kans.	3/322	--	300	3/ 34	--	12
Mont.	1,043	1,200	1,260	295	276	214
Idaho	1,214	1,380	1,360	1,404	1,932	1,482
Wyo.	1,021	1,100	950	325	649	428
Colo.	316	320	350	1,107	781	1,015
N.Mex.	335	350	270	530	612	424
Ariz.	466	475	490	38	38	54
Oreg.	3/584	700	650	3/ 10	14	20
Calif.	1,114	1,391	1,197	3,479	5,369	4,178
U.S.	699.3	920.3	840.3	12,053	15,839	14,209

1/ Includes beans grown for seed.

2/ Bags of 100 pounds.

3/ Short-time average.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

CROP REPORT as of September 1, 1938

Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

CROP REPORTING BOARD

H O P S						
STATE	YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	Average	Indicated		Average	Indicated	
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Pounds.			Thousand Pounds		
Wash.	1,777	1,757	1,920	1/ 6,639	1/ 8,785	8,640
Oreg.	960	1,100	850	1/ 17,489	1/ 24,530	18,275
Calif.	1,618	1,630	1,650	1/ 8,625	1/ 11,084	10,890
U. S.	1,195	1,302	1,160	1/ 32,753	1/ 44,399	37,805

1/ Includes some quantities not harvested on account of labor shortage and market conditions.

TOBACCO						
STATE	YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	Average	Indicated		Average	Indicated	
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Pounds			Thousand Pounds		
Mass.	1,415	1,411	1,248	9,024	8,322	7,236
Conn.	1,373	1,314	1,097	25,196	22,340	18,762
N. Y.	1,207	1,275	1,350	1,054	1,148	1,620
Pa.	1,241	1,223	1,350	39,749	28,990	32,670
Ohio	877	926	938	32,502	29,173	28,800
Ind.	788	860	876	10,017	11,690	10,688
Wis.	1,287	1,364	1,419	32,905	25,102	34,333
Minn.	1,125	1,150	1,150	1,107	460	805
Mo.	913	900	1,000	5,003	5,850	8,000
Kans.	1/ 805	850	950	1/ 258	425	665
Md.	721	700	780	25,560	25,200	30,030
Va.	698	767	767	99,838	107,276	100,115
W. Va.	683	725	775	3,304	3,408	3,798
N. C.	753	884	835	481,939	595,530	529,590
S. C.	761	965	900	76,724	108,080	90,900
Ga.	800	931	927	65,192	75,013	91,990
Fla.	850	856	978	7,534	16,786	18,784
Ky.	761	894	869	305,175	366,160	347,733
Tenn.	827	894	885	103,214	122,452	113,705
U. S.	791.8	897.1	874.7	1,325,243	1,553,405	1,470,224

1/ Short-time average.

TOBACCO BY CLASS AND TYPE, 1937 AND 1938

Class and Type	Yield per Acre			Production		
	Type	Average	Indicated	Average	Indicated	
	No.	1927-36	1937	1927-36	1937	1938
Pounds						
Thousand pounds						
FLUE-CURED:						
Virginia	11	657	720	730	67,145	72,000
North Carolina	11	712	800	810	176,147	209,600
Total old belt	11	695	778	788	243,292	270,310
Eastern North Carolina belt	12	771	925	840	257,562	260,400
North Carolina	13	827	985	900	43,678	71,905
South Carolina	13	761	965	900	76,724	90,900
Total South Carolina belt	13	782	973	900	120,403	150,300
Georgia	14	796	930	925	64,270	90,650
Florida	14	747	840	950	4,525	15,200
Total Georgia and Florida belt	14	793	914	929	68,795	105,850
Total Flue-Cured	11-14	748	878	842	690,051	786,860
FIRE-CURED:						
Virginia	21	750	790	780	21,820	16,848
Kentucky	22	772	840	680	31,104	18,360
Tennessee	22	823	850	835	50,184	37,575
Total Clarksville & Hopkinsville	22	803	846	777	81,288	55,935
Kentucky	23	759	810	750	25,212	17,550
Tennessee	23	801	840	860	5,933	6,450
Total Paducah	23	768	817	777	31,145	24,000
Henderson Stemming (Ky.)	24	775	850	850	5,220	2,125
Total Fire-Cured	21-24	787	830	779	139,473	98,908
AIR-CURED (light):						
Ohio	31	817	875	925	11,986	13,505
Indiana	31	780	860	875	8,288	10,238
Missouri	31	913	900	1,000	5,003	8,000
Kansas	31	805	850	950	1/ 258	665
Virginia	31	1,024	1,125	1,030	7,617	12,463
West Virginia	31	683	725	775	3,304	3,798
North Carolina	31	778	975	900	4,552	8,100
Kentucky	31	756	905	900	207,626	278,100
Tennessee	31	838	930	920	44,566	67,160
Total Burley	31	778	912	908	293,070	402,029
Southern Maryland	32	721	700	760	25,560	30,030
Total Air-Cured (light)	31-32	774	896	897	318,630	432,059
AIR-CURED (dark):						
Indiana	35	825	850	900	1,621	450
Kentucky	35	793	915	825	14,916	17,078
Tennessee	35	784	875	840	2,532	2,520
Total One-Sucker	35	795	908	828	19,068	20,048
Green River (Ky.)	36	785	900	825	21,098	14,520
Virginia sun-cured	37	730	785	780	3,256	2,184
Total Air-Cured (dark)	35-37	788	896	824	43,422	36,752
1/ Short-time average						
- Over -						
mbp						

CROP REPORT
as of
September 1, 1938

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS - WASHINGTON, D.C.

September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

TOBACCO BY CLASS AND TYPE, 1937 AND 1938

Class and Type	Type No.	Yield per Acre		Indicated		Average	Production	
		1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938	
		Thousand pounds						
CIGAR FILLER:								
Pennsylvania seedleaf	41	1,241	1,220	1,350	39,326	28,670	32,400	
Miami Valley (Ohio)	42-44	914	975	950	19,851	15,698	15,295	
Georgia	45	1,010	1,120	1,150	487	448	460	
Florida	45	1,010	1,120	1,180	623	784	944	
Total Georgia and Florida sun-grown	45	1,005	1,120	1,170	1,062	1,232	1,404	
Total cigar filler	41-45	1,112	1,120	1,189	60,346	45,600	49,099	
CIGAR BINDER:								
Massachusetts	51	1,549	1,580	1,260	408	156	126	
Connecticut	51	1,530	1,540	1,260	13,925	13,860	10,962	
Total Connecticut Valley broadleaf	51	1,531	1,540	1,260	14,332	14,016	11,088	
Massachusetts	52	1,511	1,530	1,340	7,425	7,038	6,030	
Connecticut	52	1,511	1,570	1,180	5,922	3,140	2,360	
Total Connecticut Valley Havana seed	52	1,511	1,542	1,291	13,346	10,178	8,390	
New York	53	1,207	1,275	1,350	1,054	1,148	1,620	
Pennsylvania	53	1,287	1,600	1,500	424	320	270	
Total New York and Pa. Havana seed	53	1,233	1,335	1,350	1,477	1,468	1,890	
Southern Wisconsin	54	1,310	1,320	1,430	20,428	14,520	21,593	
Wisconsin	55	1,255	1,430	1,400	12,477	10,582	12,740	
Minnesota	55	1,125	1,150	1,150	1,107	450	805	
Total northern Wisconsin	55	1,248	1,416	1,362	13,584	11,042	13,545	
Total cigar binder	51-55	1,383	1,439	1,358	63,168	51,224	56,506	
CIGAR WRAPPER:								
Massachusetts	61	1,013	940	900	1,163	1,128	1,080	
Connecticut	61	1,003	890	850	5,203	5,340	5,440	
Total Connecticut Valley shade-grown	61	1,004	898	858	6,366	6,468	6,520	
Georgia	62	1,031	900	1,100	483	630	880	
Florida	62	1,038	900	1,100	2,386	1,890	2,640	
Total Georgia and Florida shade-grown	62	1,044	900	1,100	2,870	2,520	3,520	
Total cigar wrapper	61-62	1,023	899	930	9,411	8,988	10,040	
Total cigar types	41-62	1,209	1,226	1,231	132,926	105,812	115,645	
UNITED STATES		All	897.1	874.7	1,325,243	1,553,405	1,470,224	

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS Washington, D. C.,
as of CROP REPORTING BOARD September 9, 1938
September 1, 1938 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

POTATOES 1/						
GROUP	YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
AND	Average	Indicated		Average	Indicated	
STATE	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
SURPLUS LATE POTATO STATES:	Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
Maine.....	262	287	270	43,919	43,503	44,280
New York.....	131	125	125	28,819	28,375	27,250
Pennsylvania....	119	123	117	25,296	25,215	22,581
3 Eastern	158.4	169.9	163.7	97,933	102,093	94,111
Michigan.....	90	103	115	25,267	28,634	30,705
Wisconsin.....	90	75	100	23,923	18,525	21,000
Minnesota.....	77	103	96	26,596	24,411	22,080
North Dakota....	71	38	70	8,746	11,662	8,750
South Dakota....	62	59	60	3,372	1,534	1,740
5 Central	82.4	93.5	97.9	87,905	84,766	84,275
Nebraska.....	78	115	85	8,679	8,165	7,225
Montana.....	97	100	105	2,029	1,800	2,205
Idaho.....	212	240	225	22,685	29,520	27,675
Wyoming.....	91	96	75	2,293	2,592	2,250
Colorado.....	148	148	123	14,827	15,688	13,284
Utah.....	149	165	160	1,977	2,128	2,064
Nevada.....	141	150	150	468	345	315
Washington.....	137	188	155	8,641	9,400	6,665
Oregon.....	136	160	140	5,905	7,840	6,020
California.....	213	260	245	9,159	16,900	16,660
10 Western	147.9	180.0	157.4	76,521	94,378	84,365
TOTAL 18 SURPLUS LATE	119.3	138.4	133.2	262,360	281,237	262,749

OTHER LATE POTATO STATES:

New Hampshire...	151	145	145	1,418	1,479	1,464
Vermont.....	135	133	135	2,291	2,194	2,160
Massachusetts...	126	135	140	1,872	2,254	2,296
Rhode Island....	156	195	150	482	838	645
Connecticut	146	170	160	2,224	2,890	2,720
5 New England	139.5	149.2	145.5	3,237	9,655	9,285
West Virginia...	84	102	85	3,150	3,264	2,720
Ohio.....	98	85	110	12,416	10,030	12,980
Indiana.....	86	100	100	5,250	5,400	5,100
Illinois.....	77	78	95	3,809	3,120	3,515
Iowa.....	80	84	95	6,326	5,040	5,415
5 Central	87.7	88.3	100.8	30,951	26,854	29,730
New Mexico.....	73	72	67	365	432	469
Arizona.....	79	30	85	216	160	170
2 Southwestern	75.6	74.0	71.0	581	592	639
TOTAL 12 OTHER LATE	94.8	98.5	107.8	39,820	37,101	39,654
30 LATE STATES	115.4	132.2	129.2	302,179	318,338	302,403

INTERMEDIATE POTATO STATES:

New Jersey.....	160	180	185	7,203	10,080	9,805
Delaware.....	89	95	88	475	475	352
Maryland.....	105	116	117	3,348	3,480	3,276
Virginia.....	125	120	129	12,998	10,920	10,243
Kentucky.....	76	93	95	3,831	4,371	4,180
Missouri	77	90	108	4,306	4,950	6,264
Kansas	86	77	111	3,656	2,233	3,219
TOTAL 7 INTERMEDIATE	107.8	116.6	126.4	35,816	36,509	37,335
37 LATE AND INTERMEDIATE	114.6	130.4	128.9	337,996	354,847	339,742

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(Continued)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS Washington, D. C.,
as of CROP REPORTING BOARD September 9, 1938
September 1, 1938 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

POTATOES 1/ (Continued)						
GROUP	YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
AND	Average	Indicated	Average	Indicated		
STATE	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
EARLY POTATO STATES:	Bushels			Thousand bushels		
North Carolina	100	102	117	7,729	9,894	9,828
South Carolina	116	120	118	2,419	3,120	2,596
Georgia	66	66	64	974	1,183	1,152
Florida	108	121	132	2,888	4,114	4,488
Tennessee	69	79	79	2,945	3,021	2,923
Alabama	80	84	104	2,475	3,780	4,160
Mississippi	72	72	72	912	1,512	1,296
Arkansas	74	71	86	2,865	3,053	3,612
Louisiana	61	62	64	2,344	2,728	2,752
Oklahoma	71	74	72	2,846	2,516	2,376
Texas	66	64	59	3,301	3,456	2,950
TOTAL 11 EARLY STATES	80.6	84.5	90.6	31,697	38,442	38,133
TOTAL UNITED STATES	110.6	123.3	123.6	369,693	393,289	377,875

1/ Estimates for each State cover the entire crop, whether commercial or non-commercial, early or late.

STATE	SWEETPOTATOES					
New Jersey	137	142	120	1,980	2,414	1,800
Indiana	103	125	120	398	500	360
Illinois	85	85	95	501	510	665
Iowa	87	90	95	228	270	285
Missouri	82	85	85	852	1,190	1,020
Kansas	99	80	125	470	240	375
Delaware	127	130	110	865	780	550
Maryland	144	125	150	1,205	1,000	1,200
Virginia	116	130	105	4,282	5,070	3,990
North Carolina	97	96	100	7,915	8,160	8,600
South Carolina	85	90	85	4,898	5,130	5,610
Georgia	74	75	83	8,001	6,550	9,960
Florida	72	65	75	1,548	1,365	1,650
Kentucky	82	90	95	1,639	2,160	2,280
Tennessee	90	102	100	5,126	5,610	5,500
Alabama	83	88	90	7,071	8,800	9,630
Mississippi	94	92	92	6,819	7,544	8,004
Arkansas	78	95	90	2,828	3,515	3,600
Louisiana	71	73	75	6,494	6,570	7,425
Oklahoma	70	70	77	1,298	1,050	1,386
Texas	74	72	80	4,748	3,744	4,800
California	102	111	105	1,108	1,221	1,365
UNITED STATES	86.1	89.4	89.8	70,274	75,393	80,055

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Washington, D. C.,

as of

CROP REPORTING BOARD

September 9, 1938

September 1, 1938

3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

APPLES

:CONDITION SEPT. 1:				TOTAL PRODUCTION			COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION		
STATE	:Average:			:Average:	:Indicated:		:Average:	: Indicated	
	:1927-36:1937:1938:			1927-36	1/1937 1/:	1938	:1927-36:	1937	: 1938
	Percent			Thousand Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
Me.	51	60	52	1,498	1,147	967	953	769	650
N. H.	55	71	39	964	1,204	640	662	867	480
Vt.	56	86	40	758	1,175	541	499	835	350
Mass.	57	65	55	2,927	3,465	2,822	2,081	2,598	2,050
R. I.	59	48	34	376	345	280	255	255	200
Conn.	55	71	62	1,422	2,122	1,850	957	1,500	1,275
N. Y.	45	70	47	17,125	24,340	15,120	11,444	12,863	10,000
N. J.	60	81	65	3,434	5,463	4,249	2,336	3,600	2,850
Pa.	47	73	46	9,465	16,728	9,541	3,742	6,500	3,900
Ohio	39	74	27	6,095	12,636	4,030	2,934	6,000	2,250
Ind.	38	81	35	1,840	3,757	1,448	812	1,700	650
Ill.	41	71	33	4,099	8,960	3,472	2,823	5,900	2,400
Mich.	48	80	42	7,731	14,432	7,260	4,869	8,500	4,800
Wis.	57	72	43	1,660	2,080	1,288	408	500	350
Minn.	52	56	52	841	737	694	156	150	140
Iowa	49	54	62	1,320	1,174	1,414	274	240	375
Mo.	38	76	11	2,207	4,214	539	1,137	2,200	200
S. Dak.	41	22	56	113	44	109	---	---	---
Nebr.	44	39	66	527	477	700	232	230	350
Kans.	37	55	37	1,074	1,449	832	725	978	565
Del.	58	92	67	1,388	2,750	1,771	1,146	2,144	1,450
Md.	47	65	52	1,920	2,847	2,194	1,266	1,750	1,400
Va.	44	74	44	11,533	18,000	10,560	7,609	10,391	7,200
W. Va.	42	75	37	5,780	10,004	5,040	3,410	5,500	3,300
N. C.	48	82	41	2,928	4,505	2,173	597	875	500
S. C.	53	75	56	267	363	274	---	---	---
Ga.	51	69	52	1,000	1,483	1,046	398	520	430
Ky.	39	84	18	1,816	3,870	846	316	660	150
Tenn.	44	81	12	1,723	3,354	500	245	450	100
Ala.	49	61	53	629	878	715	---	---	---
Miss.	50	59	52	178	219	196	---	---	---
Ark.	41	86	16	1,394	2,295	338	845	1,288	200
La.	48	54	42	19	16	15	---	---	---
Okla.	36	59	33	379	648	270	65	135	60
Tex.	41	59	29	130	170	80	---	---	---
Mont.	57	69	66	489	562	525	330	320	340
Idaho	71	80	69	4,859	4,960	3,733	3,759	3,100	2,500
Wyo.	60	83	48	42	48	28	---	---	---
Colo.	55	44	65	1,968	1,457	1,982	1,744	1,116	1,700
N. Mex.	48	72	25	770	1,132	456	573	818	320
Ariz.	64	66	59	78	51	78	31	38	32
Utah	62	53	74	617	500	498	418	310	320
Nev.	56	74	81	45	40	48	---	---	---
Wash.	73	74	75	31,372	30,340	29,970	24,892	22,330	21,700
Oreg.	72	69	74	4,590	3,900	4,088	2,905	2,154	2,700
Calif.	71	82	57	9,288	10,292	7,011	4,945	5,417	3,950
U. S.	52	73	49	150,728	210,673	132,231	92,821	115,501	82,187

1/ Includes some quantities in some States not harvested on account of market conditions.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS Washington, D. C.,
as of CROP REPORTING BOARD September 9, 1938
September 1, 1938 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

PEACHES

STATE	CONDITION SEPTEMBER 1			PRODUCTION		
	Average			Average		Indicated
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Percent			Thousand Bushels		
N. H.	52	82	69	18	24	20
Mass.	51	69	60	116	107	104
R. I.	57	71	58	25	27	25
Conn.	54	81	68	172	177	166
N. Y.	55	79	52	1/ 1,348	1,806	1,155
N. J.	58	93	66	1,330	1,651	1,265
Pa.	46	76	56	1,507	2,673	1,943
Ohio	37	75	29	876	1,293	531
Ind.	36	69	26	456	402	180
Ill.	37	73	51	1,434	2,117	1,425
Mich.	48	87	44	1,354	2,652	1,490
Iowa	32	54	57	73	87	98
Mo.	30	76	8	672	1,728	186
Nebr.	35	29	64	40	38	76
Kans.	25	60	10	123	232	36
Del.	55	84	66	271	398	309
Md.	49	80	66	374	448	368
Va.	42	78	2/ 54	767	1,599	1,161
W. Va.	32	73	27	299	528	204
N. C.	2/ 58	2/ 64	2/ 72	1,813	1,984	2,232
S. C.	2/ 60	2/ 54	2/ 73	1,095	1,080	1,515
Ga.	2/ 59	2/ 35	2/ 70	1/ 5,824	2,730	5,320
Fla.	2/ 58	2/ 40	2/ 80	63	36	68
Ky.	33	86	2/ 22	452	1,369	352
Tenn.	43	66	2/ 20	1,214	1,860	586
Ala.	2/ 54	2/ 36	2/ 62	1,252	990	1,705
Miss.	2/ 55	2/ 30	2/ 68	750	474	1,061
Ark.	2/ 42	2/ 52	2/ 57	1,584	2,388	2,451
La.	2/ 49	2/ 42	2/ 50	240	269	325
Okla.	2/ 24	2/ 58	2/ 26	494	1,073	429
Tex.	2/ 40	2/ 48	2/ 33	1,219	1,392	964
Idaho	55	4	72	146	14	188
Colo.	73	89	69	1,013	1,533	1,388
N. Mex.	34	52	19	67	92	33
Ariz.	65	66	59	63	47	22
Utah	64	12	93	534	72	589
Nev.	41	38	75	4	3	6
Wash.	59	45	86	1/ 1,019	935	1,478
Oreg.	62	53	71	265	241	310
Calif.	73	81	76	1/ 22,135	23,252	21,016
Clingstone	3/ 73	81	76	1/ 14,564	15,418	13,476
Freestone	4/ 75	81	77	1/ 7,572	7,834	7,540
U. S.	5/ 56	5/ 67	5/ 60	1/ 52,498	59,734	52,780

1/ Includes some quantities not harvested on account of market conditions.

2/ Production in percentage of a full crop.

3/ Mainly for canning. 4/ Mainly for drying.

5/ Allowance made for condition at harvest in Southern States.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS Washington, D. C.,
as of CROP REPORTING BOARD September 9, 1938
September 1, 1938 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

P E A R S

State	Condition September 1			Production		
	Average			Average		Indicated
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Percent			Thousand bushels		
Me.	61	47	73	12	8	15
N.H.	66	78	76	13	15	17
Vt.	58	62	63	8	6	8
Mass.	64	61	77	70	65	88
R. I.	69	54	62	10	12	10
Conn.	66	68	75	44	48	57
N.Y.	51	49	74	1,300	1,305	1,950
N.J.	58	58	73	90	56	68
Pa.	56	63	50	569	817	682
Ohio	51	70	49	538	992	671
Ind.	45	73	48	296	630	373
Ill.	41	72	23	493	999	407
Mich.	57	62	67	892	1,380	1,502
Iowa	44	72	59	90	144	118
Mo.	35	82	10	322	684	73
Nebr.	44	36	53	37	43	58
Kans.	35	70	17	157	282	64
Del.	48	64	50	20	10	8
Md.	52	56	58	97	73	84
Va.	40	53	51	294	416	383
W. Va.	23	63	20	51	111	36
N. C.	52	51	80	232	281	398
S. C.	61	45	80	98	72	132
Ga.	58	44	82	242	244	441
Fla.	65	68	78	81	127	156
Ky.	36	68	28	169	411	146
Tenn.	42	41	30	223	284	203
Ala.	56	38	77	270	211	416
Miss.	59	28	83	256	157	503
Ark.	46	61	53	141	214	184
La.	60	29	81	102	70	190
Okla.	31	52	35	124	141	92
Tex.	49	58	60	354	412	426
Idaho	69	57	78	61	56	65
Colo.	56	46	76	307	153	245
N. Mex.	48	60	27	39	59	23
Ariz.	73	69	62	13	8	8
Utah	65	46	81	81	64	121
Nev.	52	64	58	4	4	4
Wash.	73	81	82	1/ 4,142	5,600	6,132
Oreg.	73	70	80	1/ 2,910	3,550	4,120
Calif.	67	71	82	1/ 9,076	1/ 9,334	11,102
U.S.	61	67	71	1/ 24,326	1/ 29,548	31,779

1/ Includes some quantities not harvested on account of market conditions.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS Washington, D. C.,
as of CROP REPORTING BOARD September 9, 1938
September 1, 1938 3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

GRAPES						
State	Condition September 1			Production		
	Average:			Average		Indicated
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Percent			Tons		
Me.	70	79	74	32	30	40
N. H.	71	87	68	83	120	100
Vt.	67	100	94	36	50	50
Mass.	74	88	65	571	900	650
R. I.	76	88	62	270	370	240
Conn.	75	76	64	1,832	2,520	2,360
N. Y.	66	81	57	73,690	89,100	58,800
N. J.	77	87	67	3,000	4,000	2,900
Pa.	67	79	51	21,530	26,000	18,000
Ohio	72	81	30	27,200	37,800	13,400
Ind.	67	84	37	3,820	5,300	2,300
Ill.	66	85	66	5,900	8,600	6,800
Mich.	68	78	25	61,020	1/ 67,200	15,400
Wis.	71	76	77	358	450	450
Minn.	65	66	74	248	250	290
Iowa	69	66	76	5,930	5,000	5,500
Mo.	64	76	41	9,110	12,300	7,200
Nebr.	61	36	63	2,430	1,800	3,200
Kans.	58	54	56	3,840	3,400	3,300
Del.	80	79	65	2,030	2,200	1,700
Md.	71	77	59	713	750	580
Va.	69	72	53	2,150	3,000	2,100
W. Va.	59	73	18	1,248	1,900	300
N. C.	75	81	68	5,654	8,100	6,900
S. C.	72	73	67	1,319	1,990	1,810
Ga.	70	76	69	1,250	1,860	1,790
Fla.	68	66	71	779	710	770
Ky.	64	81	64	1,439	2,960	2,430
Tenn.	67	72	40	1,650	2,650	1,450
Ala.	66	72	59	1,092	1,680	1,470
Miss.	68	66	62	271	320	270
Ark.	63	77	34	9,690	12,800	5,600
La.	61	61	61	52	50	60
Okla.	58	65	46	2,925	4,000	2,800
Tex.	64	70	47	2,180	2,900	2,000
Idaho	82	66	95	539	470	630
Colo.	71	60	82	477	570	660
N. Mex.	75	75	79	983	1,180	1,120
Ariz.	85	73	79	1,168	560	680
Utah	81	60	88	1,008	630	960
Nev.	81	60	90	99	100	110
Wash.	82	79	85	5,120	4,100	5,100
Oreg.	84	84	86	2,280	2,100	2,300
Calif.	72	84	85	1/ 1,929,400	2,454,000	2,336,000
Wine varieties	76	84	87	1/ 450,100	631,000	603,000
Raisin "	71	85	85	1/ 1,126,400	1,407,000	1,339,000
Dried 2/	--	--	--	213,470	246,900	--
Not dried	--	--	--	1/ 272,500	419,000	--
Table varieties	70	79	82	1/ 352,900	416,000	394,000
U. S.	71	83	80	1/ 2,196,516	1/ 2,776,770	2,520,570

1/ Includes some quantities not harvested on account of market conditions.

2/ Dried basis: 1 ton of dried raisins equivalent to 4 tons of fresh grapes.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Washington, D. C.,

as of

CROP REPORTING BOARD

September 9, 1938

September 1, 1938

3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

PEANUTS

State	Condition September 1			Production		
	All varieties					
	Average			Average		Indicated
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Percent			Thousand pounds		
Ill.	46	68	36	150	259	133
Mo.	45	62	10	870	816	328
N.Car.	65	72	69	803	1,150	1,155
S.Car.	61	62	63	935	1,160	1,236
Ga.	55	61	64	6,670	8,400	8,835
Fla.	54	54	66	1,367	1,458	1,774
Ala.	57	67	56	2,628	4,200	3,190
Miss.	52	72	50	4,533	8,176	4,520
Ark.	56	74	56	3,289	5,265	3,458
La.	55	54	53	4,327	5,185	4,558
Okla.	45	41	15	12,520	13,824	4,635
Texas	44	45	35	23,320	27,000	17,010
12 States	43	52	38	61,274	76,893	50,832

State	Improved varieties ^{1/}			Wild or seedling varieties		
	Production			Production		
	Average		Indicated	Average		Indicated
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Thousand pounds			Thousand pounds		
Ill.	--	5	3	152	254	130
Mo.	14	26	13	856	790	315
N.Car.	546	850	866	257	300	289
S.Car.	779	1,010	1,075	156	150	161
Ga.	6,097	7,810	8,217	572	590	618
Fla.	1,058	1,150	1,401	309	308	373
Ala.	2,271	3,650	2,775	357	550	415
Miss.	2,191	4,330	2,396	2,142	3,846	2,124
Ark.	248	625	415	3,041	4,640	3,043
La.	932	1,530	1,231	3,395	3,655	3,327
Okla.	234	724	278	12,286	13,100	4,357
Texas	837	1,250	1,021	22,543	25,750	15,989
12 States	15,207	22,960	19,691	46,067	53,953	31,141

^{1/} Budded, grafted, or topworked varieties.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORT as of September 1, 1938

CROP REPORTING BOARD

Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
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PLUMS and PRUNES

CROP and STATE	Condition September 1			Production		
	Average :			Average :		
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Percent			Tons		
				Fresh Basis		
PLUMS:						
Mich.	50	67	36	5,600	5,800	3,500
Calif.	1/ 69	1/ 64	1/ 68	2/ 60,900	66,000	64,000
PRUNES:						
Idaho	66	55	76	---	---	---
Wash.	3/ 62	46	59	---	---	---
Oreg.	3/ 60	38	51	---	---	---
Calif.	64	70	86	---	---	---

PRODUCTION OF PRUNES

State	For fresh use			For canning 4/			For drying 5/		
	Average:			Average:			Average:		
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Tons			Tons			Tons		
	Fresh Basis			Fresh Basis			Dry Basis		
Idaho 2/	19,470	12,900	17,500	---	---	---	---	---	---
Wash.	14,520	10,400	13,700	3,330	4,500	6,000	3,780	700	1,000
Oreg.	14,420	11,000	15,000	11,270	22,500	31,000	25,250	6,500	14,500
Calif.	---	---	---	---	---	---	2/197,900	249,000	277,000

1/ Production in percentage of a full crop.

2/ Includes some quantities not harvested on account of market conditions.

3/ Short-time average.

4/ Includes small quantities for cold packing.

5/ To convert California dried prunes to fresh basis, multiply by $2\frac{1}{2}$. In Wash-
ington and Oregon, the ratio ranges from 3 to 4 (fresh) to 1 dried.

CRANBERRIES

State	Acreage		Yield per acre			Production	
	Average:		Average:			Average:	
	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937
	Acres		Barrels			Barrels	
Mass.	13,700	13,700	28.3	41.2	27.0	389,800	565,000
N. J.	11,000	11,000	9.4	15.9	6.8	103,500	175,000
Wis.	2,400	2,400	23.1	47.9	26.7	51,100	115,000
Wash.	600	700	25.0	30.8	22.0	13,080	18,500
Oreg.	150	150	33.7	25.3	34.7	4,710	3,800
5 States	27,850	27,950	20.3	31.5	18.9	562,190	877,300

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORT as of September 1, 1938
CROP REPORTING BOARD

Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

CITRUS FRUITS

CROP	: Condition Sept. 1			CROP	: Condition Sept. 1		
and	: Average:			and	: Average:		
STATE	: 1927-36:	1937	: 1938 ^{1/}	STATE	: 1927-36:	1937	: 1938 ^{1/}
----- Percent				----- Percent			
<u>ORANGES:</u>				<u>GRAPEFRUIT:</u>			
California, all	74	74	80	Florida, all	66	51	75
Valencias	75	74	78	Seedless	--	--	--
Navels & Misc.	72	73	82	Other	--	--	--
Florida, all	72	75	76	California	<u>2/</u> 77	62	76
Early & Midseason	--	--	--	Texas	<u>2/</u> 60	60	74
Valencias	--	--	--	Arizona	<u>2/</u> 84	86	71
Tangerines	67	48	69	4 States	<u>2/</u> 66	57	74
Satsumas	58	50	61				
Texas	<u>2/</u> 66	66	80	<u>LEMONS:</u>			
Arizona	<u>2/</u> 82	76	72	California	74	60	80
Alabama	--	60	90				
Mississippi	--	74	94	<u>LIMES:</u>			
Louisiana	<u>2/</u> 88	56	87	Florida	69	72	70
7 States	73	74	78				

^{1/} Relates to crop from bloom of year shown, picking beginning November 1 in California and September 1 in other States. Indicated production for the 1938-39 season will be issued in October.

^{2/} Short-time average.

MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS AND NUTS IN CALIFORNIA, OREGON, AND FLORIDA

STATE	CONDITION SEPTEMBER 1			PRODUCTION		
and	Average			Average	Indicated	
CROP	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Percent			Tons		
CALIFORNIA:						
Apricots	1/ 64	1/ 74	1/ 42	2/ 221,600	311,000	176,000
Figs, dried)				18,590	28,700	
Figs, not dried)	74	84	82	7,540	12,000	-- --
Olives	58	54	72	2/ 21,200	28,000	-- --
Almonds	57	73	53	11,370	20,000	12,100
Walnuts	78	90	71	39,390	57,000	42,000
OREGON:						
Filberts	3/ 82	84	74	642	2,230	2,200
Walnuts	3/ 71	68	86	1,840	2,100	3,200
FLORIDA:						
Avocados	60	74	62	3/ 1,132	2,100	-- --
					Boxes	
Pineapples	1/ 70	1/ 90	1/ 80	13,650	20,000	-- --

^{1/} Production in percentage of a full crop.

^{2/} Includes some quantities not harvested on account of market conditions.

^{3/} Short-time average.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

CROP REPORT as of September 1, 1938

Washington, D. C.,
September 9, 1938
3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

SUGAR BEETS

State	YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	Average	Indicated		Average	Indicated	
	1927-36	1937	1938	1927-36	1937	1938
	Short tons			Thousand short tons		
Ohio	8.7	5.8	9.0	266	144	441
Mich.	7.7	7.2	9.5	751	549	1,102
Nebr.	12.2	14.0	14.0	904	882	1,078
Mont.	11.5	12.2	12.5	578	852	938
Idaho	11.0	12.1	13.0	494	615	936
Wyo.	11.6	13.0	12.5	512	612	600
Colo.	12.3	12.4	13.7	2,366	1,992	1,850
Utah	12.2	12.4	13.5	595	570	648
Calif.	12.5	12.9	11.5	1,143	1,707	1,978
Other States	8.5	10.1	9.2	773	826	1,252
U. S.	11.0	11.6	11.8	8,383	8,749	10,823

SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR

State	YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	Excluding Cane for Seed					
	Average	Indicated		Average	Indicated	
	1928-36	1937	1938	1928-36	1937	1938
	Short tons			Thousand short tons		
La.	15.2	20.6	22.5	3,002	5,240	6,413
Fla.	29.1	33.4	32.3	354	634	743
Total	16.0	21.5	23.2	3,355	5,874	7,156
State	Including Cane for Seed					
	Average	Indicated		Average	Indicated	
	1928-36	1937	1938	1928-36	1937	1938
	Short tons			Thousand short tons		
La.	15.2	20.7	22.5	3,312	5,724	6,908
Fla.	29.1	33.3	32.4	369	666	777
Total	15.9	21.6	23.2	3,681	6,390	7,685

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORTING BOARD
WASHINGTON, D.C.

MILK PRODUCED PER MILK COW IN HERDS KEPT BY CROP REPORTERS ^{1/}

State	: September 1 : :(Avg.) 1927-36 : Pounds	: September 1 : 1936 : Pounds	: September 1 : 1937 : Pounds	: September 1 : 1938 : Pounds
N. Eng.	14.77	15.47	15.31	16.02
N.Y.	15.9	16.5	16.2	16.9
N.J.	19.0	18.8	19.2	19.9
Pa.	16.3	17.1	17.0	17.8
N. ATL.	15.83	16.58	16.49	17.17
Ohio	15.6	15.4	15.9	16.8
Ind.	14.9	14.2	14.8	16.0
Ill.	13.9	13.2	13.8	15.5
Mich.	16.0	16.4	16.8	18.1
Wis.	15.1	14.6	14.9	16.4
E. N. CENT.	15.07	14.59	15.05	16.49
Minn.	12.8	13.0	13.3	14.1
Iowa	13.1	12.0	12.8	14.2
Mo.	10.4	8.2	11.0	10.8
N. Dak.	12.7	12.4	12.6	13.5
S. Dak.	11.0	10.5	11.1	11.1
Nebr.	12.7	11.6	12.3	13.4
Kans.	12.0	9.6	11.2	13.3
W. N. CENT.	12.20	11.09	12.11	13.04
Md.	15.1	15.3	15.3	16.0
Va.	13.0	13.0	13.5	13.8
W. Va.	13.7	13.8	13.7	14.6
N. C.	12.4	12.3	12.2	13.4
S. C.	10.6	11.4	11.1	10.4
S. ATL.	11.72	11.92	12.10	12.60
Ky.	13.0	11.9	13.2	14.5
Tenn.	11.5	11.2	11.6	12.4
Miss.	7.8	7.6	8.0	7.4
Ark.	8.6	7.2	8.8	10.1
Okla.	9.8	8.1	10.2	12.0
Tex.	9.2	9.1	9.8	9.7
S. CENT.	9.60	8.97	9.96	10.61
Mont.	13.6	12.5	14.9	15.8
Idaho	16.8	17.6	18.3	18.7
Wyo.	13.4	13.5	13.6	14.9
Colo.	13.5	13.6	12.6	14.1
Wash.	17.4	18.1	18.9	17.8
Oreg.	15.2	15.6	15.7	15.8
Calif.	17.2	17.1	17.1	19.4
WEST.	15.14	15.27	16.08	16.51
U. S.	13.08	12.57	13.29	14.23

^{1/} Averages obtained by dividing the reported daily milk production of herds kept by reporters by the total number of milk cows (in milk or dry) in these herds.

The regional averages shown were based in part on records from less important dairy States not shown separately, as follows: South Atlantic, Delaware, Georgia, Florida; South Central, Alabama, Louisiana; Western, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		Washington, D. C.,
CROP REPORT	BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS	September 9, 1938
as of	CROP REPORTING BOARD	3:00 P.M. (E.T.)
September 1, 1938		

NUMBER OF HENS PER FLOCK, AND OF EGGS LAID PER HEN AND
PER FLOCK, FIRST DAY OF MONTH 1/

Geographic Division	Layers per flock <u>2</u> /			Eggs per 100 layers <u>2</u> /			Eggs per flock <u>3</u> /		
	Jan. 1	Aug. 1	Sept. 1	Aug. 1	Sept. 1	gate	Aug. 1	Sept. 1	gate
NORTH ATL.									
1927-36(Av.)	95.8	74.8	72.9	43.7	38.2	392	32.8	28.0	328
1937	104.1	79.6	74.4	45.4	40.9	428	36.2	30.5	381
1938	96.7	<u>4</u> /74.7	76.9	45.7	38.9	430	<u>4</u> /34.4	29.8	367
NORTH CENT.									
1927-36(Av.)	116.4	85.6	83.7	35.9	32.3	341	31.1	27.3	347
1937	111.4	78.5	75.2	40.5	36.7	363	32.0	27.8	345
1938	102.4	75.7	74.9	41.9	35.9	386	32.0	27.1	348
SOUTH ATL.									
1927-36(Av.)	60.5	47.1	47.7	36.0	30.1	344	16.9	14.1	180
1937	61.4	46.0	45.0	38.2	33.8	366	17.2	14.9	189
1938	55.8	44.5	<u>46.3</u>	39.3	32.2	379	17.3	14.7	187
SOUTH CENT.									
1927-36(Av.)	67.6	50.8	51.8	32.4	26.8	330	16.7	13.9	191
1937	64.7	49.2	48.3	34.9	30.4	343	17.0	14.6	187
1938	59.3	46.3	47.0	36.3	30.3	367	16.8	14.3	193
WESTERN									
1927-36(Av.)	74.1	60.0	59.6	43.2	38.3	396	26.2	22.9	260
1937	72.2	60.4	58.3	46.8	40.9	412	28.4	23.9	267
1938	71.1	<u>4</u> /57.5	58.8	44.3	40.8	412	<u>4</u> /26.0	24.0	264
UNITED STATES									
1927-36(Av.)	86.5	65.2	64.6	36.7	32.2	350	23.8	20.5	260
1937	84.2	62.1	59.9	40.4	36.1	371	24.6	21.1	263
1938	77.6	<u>4</u> /59.3	59.8	41.2	35.3	389	24.2	20.7	265

1/ Covering about 20,000 flocks owned by Crop Reporters. These flocks are larger, and better cared for than on the average farm, the difference being greatest in the South.

2/ Including hens and pullets of laying age.

3/ September 1938 figures are preliminary.

4/ Revised.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
CROP REPORT	BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS	Washington, D. C.,
as of	CROP REPORTING BOARD	September 9, 1938
September 1, 1938		3:00 P.M. (E.T.)

PRICES OF EGGS, CHICKENS AND TURKEYS:
AND OF FEED FOR POULTRY

United States average mid-month prices to farmers at local markets

<u>Prices of 100 pounds of feed used in a farm poultry ration*</u>												
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1927-36(Av)	124.4	126.2	126.5	128.6	132.4	134.0	139.0	143.5	142.5	134.6	127.3	127.8
1937	192.2	196.3	196.3	214.1	213.6	203.5	201.6	175.3	162.2	122.2	108.2	108.6
1938	114.7	114.2	111.3	110.3	108.6	105.9	105.4	95.1				

<u>Prices received for one dozen eggs</u>												
1927-36(Av)	27.3	22.5	18.1	17.5	17.7	17.4	18.8	20.9	24.5	28.1	32.5	32.0
1937	23.1	20.1	19.9	20.1	17.9	17.6	19.4	20.4	22.9	25.2	28.0	26.0
1938	21.6	16.4	16.2	15.9	17.6	18.2	19.9	21.0				

<u>Prices received for one pound of chicken</u>												
1927-36(Av)	15.8	16.1	16.4	17.0	17.0	16.6	16.3	16.0	16.2	15.6	15.1	14.7
1937	13.4	13.6	14.4	15.2	14.8	14.8	15.3	16.8	17.4	17.6	16.9	16.4
1938	16.7	16.0	15.9	16.2	16.1	15.7	15.0	14.2				

<u>Prices received for one pound of turkey</u>												
1927-36(Av)	21.1									18.9	20.2	19.9
1937	14.1	14.0	14.2	14.3	14.0	13.7	13.9	14.2	15.0	16.7	17.9	18.0
1938	17.5	17.7	17.2	17.0	16.4	15.6	15.7	15.0				

* Price of poultry ration is computed on the basis of prices received by farmers for grain, and paid by them for bran and tankage.

QUANTITY OF POULTRY PRODUCTS REQUIRED
TO BUY 100 POUNDS OF POULTRY RATION

<u>Dozens of eggs required (feed-egg ratio)</u>												
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1927-36(Av)	4.61	5.70	6.90	7.28	7.45	7.73	7.40	6.86	5.74	4.73	3.88	4.04
1937	8.32	9.77	9.86	10.65	11.93	11.56	10.39	8.59	7.08	4.85	3.86	4.19
1938	5.31	6.96	6.87	6.94	6.17	5.82	5.30	4.53				

<u>Pounds of chicken required (feed-chicken ratio)</u>												
1927-36(Av)	7.95	7.81	7.68	7.56	7.82	8.09	8.65	9.14	8.90	8.68	8.58	8.90
1937	14.34	14.43	13.63	14.09	14.43	13.75	13.18	10.43	9.32	6.94	6.40	6.64
1938	6.87	7.14	7.00	6.81	6.75	6.75	7.03	6.70				